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South Dakota
Labor Bulletin

Compiled November 24, 1980

Report for October 1980

WEEKLY EARNINGS DATA AVAILABLE FOR FIRST QUARTER 1980

The average weekly earnings in South Dakota for first quarter 1980 was $206.94. This is an increase of $14.96 a week or 7.8 percent over the same quarter last year. There was virtually no change though from last quarter 1979 through first quarter 1980. Table A on page three, from the ES-202 Report illustrates average weekly wages by industry for first quarter 1979 and first quarter 1980.

The South Dakota ES-202 Report for First Quarter 1980 is complete and contains information for Statewide and for each county on employment and wages covered by unemployment insurance. Data on the number of employing units, employment, total wages and average weekly wages for the nine major private industries and federal, state and local government are included. Wages include bonuses and draws paid to corporation officers and part time and overtime earnings.

There was a range of $108.64 between the county with the highest and lowest weekly earnings. The average employee in Minnehaha county earned $246.43 and the average employee in Mellette county earned $137.79.

Copies of the first quarter 202 may be obtained from Research and Statistics, SD. Dept. of Labor Box 1730, Aberdeen, SD 57401.

The South Dakota ES-202 Report for Second Qtr. 1980 will be published in December 1980 and may also be requested. The projected second quarter 1980 South Dakota average weekly earnings is $206.81 which would be down from first quarter.

LABOR FORCE

Unemployment rose again in South Dakota in October after dropping in September. The October rate was 5.7% compared with 5.4% in September and 5.6% in August. It appears now that the 1980 annual average unemployment rate for South Dakota will be 4.7%. That will be the highest annual unemployment rate recorded since estimates have been made. The next highest rate in recent years was 3.7% in 1975 following the last recession.

The bright spot in the latest labor statistics for the state was employment which was higher than the previous month for the first time since January of this year. Total employment in October was 316,700 compared with 316,500 in September, although it remained almost 4% below the year-ago figure of 328,900.

There was 2,813 intial claims for unemployment compensation in October compared with 1,802 in September and 1,229 in October last year. The Unemployment Trust Fund was $12,018,000 in October or 23.7% below the year ago figure of $15,753,500.

NONAGRICULTURAL WAGE AND SALARY EMPLOYMENT

Nonfarm payroll employment was also slightly below the year ago levels. The October total of 239,400 was 0.5% below the October 1979 figure of 243,300. Nonmanufacturing employment which is most susceptible to changes in the economy, continued to be the hardest hit among the major industries. A 10% industry wide over-the-year drop in that sector was the result of the general economic slump in the state and the nation.

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The decline in construction employment in the state seems to be abating. The October drop of 1.5% was smaller than the average September-October drop, and, although it will be a long winter for many construction workers, it is expected that business will pick up this spring as interest rates begin to fall.

Retail trade employment remained below the year ago level. The October figure was 48,500 compared with 50,000 one year ago.

Mining, services, and finance/insurance/real estate employment was at or above year ago levels in October. Mining employment was unchanged at 3,000 while services was up 1.6% at 49,700 and finance/insurance/real estate grew 5.3% to 12,000.

HOURS AND EARNINGS

The average private-industry production or nonsupervisory worker in South Dakota worked 33.0 hours a week in October at $5.72 an hour for a gross weekly wage of $188.76. The average hours worked was down from 34.3 one year ago while the average hourly pay was up from $5.28.

SIOUX FALLS SMSA

The Sioux Falls seasonally adjusted unemployment rate rose to 6.1% in October from 5.7% in September. It was also more than double the year ago rate of 2.7%. There were 3,460 Sioux Falls residents unemployed in October compared with 3,300 in September and 1,670 in October 1979.

Total employment dropped again in October to 53,300. That compared with 54,400 in September and 60,380 in October one year ago.

Nonfarm payroll employment was also down in October. The October figure of 50,380 was -0.7 below the September figure of 50,740 and 7.2% below 54,280 in October 1979. The only major industry to show a gain in employment over the past year was services which was up 1.7% at 12,190. Construction was down 23% at 2,280 while manufacturing was off 15% at 6,630.

The average private production or nonsupervisory worker in Sioux Falls worked 35.0 hours a week in October at $6.55 an hour for a gross weekly wage of $229.25.

RAPID CITY SMSA

Unemployment was also higher in Rapid City in October. The seasonally adjusted rate for that month was 6.4% compared with 5.8% in September and 3.8 in October last year. The total number of Rapid City SMSA residents unemployed in October was 2,730 compared with 2,520 in September and 1,680 in October 1979.

Total employment of 39,970 in October was 1.9% below the September figure of 40,760 and 5.2% below the October 1979 figure of 42,170.

Total nonfarm payroll employment in Pennington county in October was 30,730. That represented a seasonal drop of 3.5% from the September figure of 31,850 but was only slightly below the October year ago figure of 30,880. Manufacturing employment was up 8.4% at 3,500 from last year while nonmanufacturing dropped 1.5%. Among the nonmanufacturing industries construction employment was down 14.4%. Services employment, on the other hand, shows a healthy 10% increase.

The average private nonsupervisory or production worker in Rapid City worked 31.9 hours a week in October at $5.74 an hour for a gross weekly wage of $183.11.

INSURED UNEMPLOYMENT REMAINS HIGH

The number of persons drawing unemployment insurance benefits from covered employment increased slightly during the survey week in October as compared to the September figure of 3,454 claimants. However, the 3,550 persons drawing benefits was 2.8 times greater than the 1,247 persons recorded during the same survey week in 1979.

Male unemployment continued to overshadow that of females when compared to the previous year. During the October 1979 survey week, 43.5 percent of the claimants were male whereas 1980 saw this figure rise to 59.1 percent. Female unemployment predominated in the durable manufacturing segment, electrical and electronic equipment and supplies, and the nondurable manufacturing categories, apparel and products made from fabrics along with chemicals and allied.

Employment varies by industry. Based on September wage and salary industry employment, unemployed persons associated with finance/insurance/real estate and government employment accounted for approximately 0.5 percent of the respective employment. For those claimants formerly employed in the transportation/public utility/communication, mining, trade & service industries, the unemployment percentage averaged slightly over 1.0 percent. As a product of the recession, the manufacturing industry showed a rate of 3.8 percent with the highest rate recorded in the construction industry with a 5.2 percent figure.

Within the manufacturing industry, male unemployment predominated in the durable goods sector. The main concentration of unemployed persons were for those formerly engaged in the manufacturing of machinery, excluding electrical. Conversly, female unemployment accounted for 78.8 percent of the unemployed in the nondurable sector. Persons formerly engaged in the production of apparel & fabrics made from fabrics accounted for 65.4 percent of all nondurable unemployed with females accounting for 94.8 percent of those total persons.

TABLE A
COUNTY ES 202 MAJOR INDUSTRY
FIRST QUARTER REPORT

TOTAL MAJOR INDUSTRY	1ST QTR. 1979 AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNINGS	1ST QTR. 1980 AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNINGS
Agri. Forestry & Fish	176.16	190.77
Mining	305.60	344.40
Contract Construction	238.16	264.03
Manufacturing	236.80	254.24
Trans., Comm., & Util.	275.05	294.32
Wholesale Trade	243.87	264.19
Retail Trade	125.22	132.89
Financing, Ins., & R. E.	208.25	230.84
Services	147.98	159.82
Total Private	185.83	201.07
Federal Govt.	301.24	322.45
State Govt.	242.20	256.54
Local Govt.	164.46	175.91
Total	191.98	206.94

TABLE 1

LABOR FORCE*

	Oct. 1980	Sept. 1980	Oct. 1979	PERCENT CHANGE FROM LAST MONTH	PERCENT CHANGE FROM LAST YEAR
SOUTH DAKOTA STATEWIDE					
Labor Force	335,600	341,000	340,900	-1.6	-1.6
Seasonally Adjusted	335,800	334,600	340,400	0.4	-1.4
Employment	319,200	326,700	331,900	-2.3	-3.8
Seasonally Adjusted	316,700	316,500	328,900	0.1	-3.7
Unemployment	16,400	14,300	8,900	14.7	84.3
Seasonally Adjusted	19,100	18,100	11,500	5.5	66.0
Unemployment Rate	4.9	4.2	2.6	-	-
Seasonally Adjusted	5.7	5.4	3.4	-	-
SIOUX FALLS SMSA (MINNEHAHA COUNTY)					
Labor Force	56,260	57,040	61,800	-1.4	-9.0
Seasonally Adjusted	56,760	57,700	62,050	-1.6	-8.5
Employment	53,460	54,460	60,560	-1.8	-11.7
Seasonally Adjusted	53,300	54,400	60,380	-2.0	-11.7
Unemployment	2,800	2,580	1,240	8.5	125.8
Seasonally Adjusted	3,460	3,300	1,670	4.8	107.2
Unemployment Rate	5.0	4.5	2.0	-	-
Seasonally Adjusted	6.1	5.7	2.7	-	-
RAPID CITY SMSA (PENNINGTON AND MEADE)					
Labor Force	42,610	44,040	43,760	-3.2	-2.6
Seasonally Adjusted	42,700	43,280	43,850	-1.3	-2.6
Employment	40,130	41,940	42,340	-4.3	-5.2
Seasonally Adjusted	39,970	40,760	42,170	-1.9	-5.2
Unemployment	2,480	2,100	1,420	18.1	74.6
Seasonally Adjusted	2,730	2,520	1,680	8.3	62.5
Unemployment Rate	5.8	4.8	3.2	-	-
Seasonally Adjusted	6.4	5.8	3.8	-	-

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* Labor Force estimates relate to unduplicated employed and unemployed civilians 16 years old and older by place of residence.

TABLE 2

SOUTH DAKOTA NONAGRICULTURAL WAGE AND SALARY EMPLOYMENT*
(in thousands)

	Oct. 1980	Sept. 1980	Oct. 1979	PERCENT CHANGE FROM	
				LAST MONTH	LAST YEAR
Total Nonagricultural	239.4	240.6	243.3	-0.5	-1.6
Manufacturing	24.6	24.6	27.6	0.0	-10.9
Durable Goods	11.7	11.6	13.2	0.9	-11.4
Lumber & Furniture	0.9	0.9	1.5	0.0	-40.0
Fabricated Metals & Machinery	7.7	7.6	8.5	1.3	-9.4
Other Durable Goods	3.1	3.1	3.2	0.0	-3.1
Nondurable Goods	12.9	13.0	14.4	-0.8	-10.4
Food & Kindred Products	7.9	7.9	8.8	0.0	-10.2
Paper, Printing & Publishing	2.4	2.4	2.3	0.0	4.3
Other Nondurable Goods	2.6	2.7	3.3	-3.7	-21.2
Nonmanufacturing	214.8	215.0	215.7	-0.6	-0.4
Mining	3.0	3.0	3.0	0.0	0.0
Construction	12.9	13.1	13.7	-1.5	-5.8
Transportation & Public Utilities	13.5	13.6	13.9	-0.7	-2.9
Railroads	1.1	1.2	1.4	-8.3	-21.4
Other Transportation	6.7	6.7	6.7	0.0	0.0
Communications & Public Utilities	5.7	5.7	5.8	0.0	-1.7
Trade	64.9	66.4	67.1	-2.3	-3.3
Wholesale Trade	16.4	16.5	17.1	-0.6	-4.1
Durable Goods	7.4	7.6	8.2	-2.6	-9.8
Nondurable Goods	9.0	8.9	8.9	1.1	1.1
Retail Trade	48.5	49.9	50.0	-2.8	-3.0
Finance, Insurance & Real Estate	12.0	12.2	11.4	-1.6	5.3
Services	49.7	50.3	48.9	-1.2	1.6
Hotels, Amuse., Pers. & Business	12.9	13.9	13.3	-7.2	-3.0
Medical and Health	20.4	20.0	18.9	2.0	7.9
Educational, Membership & Social	13.7	13.7	13.9	0.0	-1.4
Other	2.7	2.7	2.8	0.0	-3.6
Government	58.8	57.4	57.7	2.4	1.9
Federal	11.1	11.0	10.5	0.9	5.7
State	16.0	15.6	15.8	2.3	1.3
State Education	7.8	7.4	8.0	5.4	-2.5
Other	8.2	8.2	7.8	0.0	5.1
Local	31.7	30.9	31.4	2.6	1.0
Local Education	18.9	17.2	18.4	9.9	2.7
Other Local	12.8	13.7	13.0	-6.6	-1.5

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* This category includes full and part-time workers on the payrolls of nonagricultural establishments for the week including the 12th of the month.

TABLE 3

SIOUX FALLS AND RAPID CITY NONAGRICULTURAL WAGE AND SALARY EMPLOYMENT

	Oct. 1980	Sept. 1980	Oct. 1979	PERCENT CHANGE FROM LAST MONTH	PERCENT CHANGE FROM LAST YEAR
SIOUX FALLS SMSA (MINNEHAHA COUNTY)					
Total Nonagricultural	50,380	50,740	54,280	-0.7	-7.2
Manufacturing	6,630	6,730	7,810	-1.5	-15.1
Durable Goods	1,580	1,640	1,950	-3.7	-19.0
Nondurable Goods	5,050	5,090	5,860	-0.8	-13.8
Food & Kindred Products	3,660	3,700	4,400	-1.1	-16.8
Nonmanufacturing	43,750	44,010	46,470	-0.6	-5.9
Construction and Mining	2,280	2,420	2,980	-5.8	-23.5
Transportation & Public Utilities	4,560	4,560	4,980	0.0	-8.4
Trade	14,740	14,920	16,160	-1.2	-8.8
Wholesale Trade	4,540	4,590	4,730	-1.1	-4.0
Retail Trade	10,200	10,330	11,430	-1.3	-10.8
Finance, Insurance & Real Estate	3,340	3,450	3,660	-3.2	-8.7
Services	12,190	12,020	11,990	1.4	1.7
Government	6,640	6,640	6,700	0.0	-0.9
RAPID CITY AREA (PENNINGTON COUNTY)					
Total Nonagricultural	30,730	31,850	30,880	-3.5	-0.5
Manufacturing	3,500	3,450	3,230	1.4	8.4
Durable Goods	2,720	2,640	2,420	3.0	12.4
Nondurable Goods	780	810	810	-3.7	-3.7
Nonmanufacturing	27,230	28,400	27,650	-4.1	-1.5
Construction and Mining	2,430	2,450	2,840	-0.8	-14.4
Transportation & Public Utilities	1,770	1,760	1,970	0.6	-10.2
Trade	9,130	9,840	9,470	-7.2	-3.6
Wholesale Trade	1,420	1,440	1,460	-1.4	-2.7
Retail Trade	7,710	8,400	8,010	-8.2	-3.7
Finance, Insurance & Real Estate	1,270	1,320	1,380	-3.8	-8.0
Services	6,830	7,280	6,200	-6.2	10.2
Government	5,800	5,750	5,790	0.9	0.2

TABLE 4
HOURS AND EARNINGS OR PRODUCTION OR NONSUPERVISORY WORKERS*

	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNINGS			AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS			AVERAGE HOURLY EARNINGS		
	Oct. 1980	Sept. 1980	Oct. 1979	Oct. 1980	Sept. 1980	Oct. 1979	Oct. 1980	Sept. 1980	Oct. 1979
SOUTH DAKOTA STATEWIDE									
TOTAL PRIVATE NONAGRICULTURAL	188.76	190.66	181.10	33.0	33.1	34.3	5.72	5.76	5.28
MANUFACTURING	271.21	279.35	249.42	40.6	40.9	41.5	6.68	6.83	6.01
DURABLE GOODS	232.66	247.34	219.45	39.5	41.5	41.8	5.89	5.96	5.25
LUMBER & FURNITURE	245.22	261.88	210.40	40.6	41.9	40.0	6.04	6.25	5.26
FABRICATED METALS AND MACH	224.99	223.87	211.23	38.2	38.4	40.7	5.89	5.83	5.19
NONDURABLE GOODS	304.93	307.80	276.86	41.6	40.5	41.2	7.33	7.60	6.72
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	355.18	359.80	324.10	43.0	41.5	42.2	8.26	8.67	7.68
MEAT PRODUCTS	439.26	451.86	436.00	45.9	43.7	50.0	9.57	10.34	8.72
OTHER FOOD PRODUCTS	209.00	217.17	214.93	38.0	38.1	40.4	5.50	5.70	5.32
PAPER, PRINTING & PUBLISHING	232.87	219.30	212.37	36.5	34.7	39.4	6.38	6.32	5.39
NONMANUFACTURING	178.48	179.44	170.98	32.1	32.1	33.2	5.56	5.59	5.15
MINING	380.66	386.26	340.30	40.8	41.4	41.0	9.33	9.33	8.30
CONSTRUCTION	298.34	344.11	324.75	37.2	42.8	42.9	8.02	8.04	7.57
TRANSPORTATION & P.U.	310.46	309.04	284.89	38.0	37.9	39.9	8.17	8.17	7.14
COMMUNICATIONS & P.U.	334.62	334.15	298.72	39.0	38.9	39.1	8.58	8.59	7.64
TRADE	154.98	151.84	147.70	31.5	30.8	31.9	4.92	4.93	4.63
WHOLESALE TRADE	242.65	237.60	220.80	38.7	38.2	38.4	6.27	6.22	5.75
RETAIL TRADE	127.75	125.40	123.26	29.3	28.5	29.7	4.36	4.40	4.15
AUTO DEALERS & SERV. STATION	211.08	211.10	225.59	45.2	45.3	49.8	4.67	4.66	4.53
OTHER RETAIL	116.26	114.14	108.54	27.1	26.3	26.8	4.29	4.34	4.05
FINANCE, INS. & R.E.	180.41	174.93	157.88	36.3	35.7	35.8	4.97	4.90	4.41
BANKING	148.62	151.64	137.02	33.7	33.4	34.0	4.41	4.54	4.03
SERVICES	131.67	131.21	123.55	28.5	28.4	29.7	4.62	4.62	4.16
SIOUX FALLS SMSA									
TOTAL PRIVATE NONAGRICULTURAL	229.25	232.12	220.82	35.0	34.8	36.2	6.55	6.67	6.10
MANUFACTURING	381.15	382.34	341.82	45.0	43.3	44.8	8.47	8.83	7.63
DURABLE GOODS	258.57	274.39	228.34	39.0	41.7	42.6	6.63	6.58	5.36
NONDURABLE GOODS	407.44	404.17	369.10	46.3	43.6	45.4	8.80	9.27	8.13
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	457.84	454.08	406.56	47.2	44.0	46.2	9.70	10.32	8.80
NONMANUFACTURING	205.08	208.71	199.18	33.4	33.5	34.7	6.14	6.23	5.74
CONSTRUCTION & MINING	304.52	357.24	360.91	33.1	39.3	41.2	9.20	9.09	8.76
TRANSPORTATION & P.U.	304.97	295.50	292.32	39.3	37.5	42.8	7.76	7.88	6.83
TRADE	190.40	196.42	178.49	32.0	32.2	33.3	5.95	6.10	5.36
WHOLESALE TRADE	294.13	285.75	265.36	38.1	37.5	37.8	7.72	7.62	7.02
RETAIL TRADE	148.38	160.13	143.18	29.5	30.1	31.4	5.03	5.32	4.56
FINANCE, INS. & R.E.	166.21	167.89	155.48	32.4	32.6	33.8	5.13	5.15	4.60
RAPID CITY AREA									
TOTAL PRIVATE NONAGRICULTURAL	183.11	185.40	196.20	31.9	32.3	36.2	5.74	5.74	5.42
MANUFACTURING	216.81	218.75	195.36	32.9	32.6	35.2	6.59	6.71	5.55
NONMANUFACTURING	182.79	184.76	196.20	31.9	32.3	36.2	5.73	5.72	5.42
CONSTRUCTION & MINING	351.65	390.44	340.99	40.7	45.4	44.4	8.64	8.60	7.68
TRADE	144.74	140.22	158.93	29.3	28.5	34.7	4.94	4.92	4.58
FINANCE, INS. & R.E.	162.58	163.20	158.11	33.8	34.0	32.4	4.81	4.80	4.88

*Average hours and earnings data are derived from reports of payrolls and hours for production and related workers in manufacturing and mining, construction workers in construction, and nonsupervisory employees in the remaining private nonagricultural components.

Table 5
LABOR TURNOVER RATES
(per 100 employees)

Accession Rates

	Total			New Hires			Recalls		
	Oct. 1980	Sept. 1980	Oct. 1979	Oct. 1980	Sept. 1980	Oct. 1979	Oct. 1980	Sept. 1980	Oct. 1979
Statewide									
Manufacturing.........	3.3	2.4	4.9	2.4	1.4	4.4	0.7	0.9	0.2
Durable Goods......	2.6	2.2	5.6	1.8	1.1	5.2	0.5	0.8	0.2
Nondurable Goods...	3.8	2.6	4.3	3.0	1.6	3.7	0.9	0.9	0.3
Mining................	1.1	2.1	4.3	1.0	2.0	4.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Sioux Falls SMSA									
Manufacturing.........	3.1	2.3	4.5	1.5	1.0	3.9	1.6	1.3	0.6

Separation Rates

	Total			Quits			Layoffs		
	Oct. 1980	Sept. 1980	Oct. 1979	Oct. 1980	Sept. 1980	Oct. 1979	Oct. 1980	Sept. 1980	Oct. 1979
Statewide									
Manufacturing.........	3.2	3.6	4.2	1.3	1.5	3.2	1.1	1.7	0.3
Durable Goods......	2.8	3.3	5.4	1.2	1.8	4.0	0.5	0.8	0.3
Nondurable Goods...	3.5	3.8	3.1	1.4	1.1	2.4	1.7	2.4	0.2
Mining................	4.1	3.5	3.6	0.7	1.2	2.2	2.6	1.8	1.1
Sioux Falls SMSA									
Manufacturing.........	3.1	4.1	3.5	1.2	1.3	2.6	1.4	2.6	0.1

Table 6
CONSUMER PRICE INDEX
ALL URBAN CONSUMERS

1967=100	CURRENT MONTH Sept. 1980	LAST MONTH Aug. 1980	ONE YEAR AGO Sept. 1979	PERCENT CHANGE FROM Last MONTH	PERCENT CHANGE FROM Last YEAR
All Items.............	251.7	249.4	223.4	0.9	12.7
Food & Beverages...	254.2	252.0	231.0	0.9	10.0
Housing............	267.7	265.8	234.6	0.7	14.1
Apparel............	182.2	178.6	169.8	2.0	7.3
Transportation.....	254.7	252.7	221.4	0.8	15.0
Medical Care.......	270.6	268.4	243.7	0.8	11.0
Entertainment......	209.8	208.0	191.1	0.9	9.8

TABLE 7

CHARACTERISTICS OF THE INSURED UNEMPLOYED - STATEWIDE

	NUMBER			PERCENT		
	Oct. 80	Sept. 80	Oct. 79	Oct. 80	Sept. 80	Oct. 79
Sex, Total	3,550	3,454	1,247	100.0	100.0	100.0
Male	2,097	2,093	543	59.1	60.6	43.5
Female	1,453	1,361	704	40.9	39.4	56.5
Race, Total	3,550	3,454	1,247	100.0	100.0	100.0
White	2,947	2,841	916	83.0	82.3	73.5
Nonwhite	603	613	331	17.0	17.7	26.5
Age, Total	3,550	3,454	1,247	100.0	100.0	100.0
Under 45	2,682	2,671	907	75.5	77.3	72.7
Over 45	868	783	340	24.5	22.7	27.3
Industry, Total	3,550	3,454	1,247	100.0	100.0	100.0
Mining	35	41	9	1.0	1.2	0.7
Construction	713	651	146	20.1	18.9	11.7
Manufacturing	974	972	206	27.5	28.1	16.5
Transportation & P.U.	139	163	96	3.9	4.7	7.7
Trade	767	788	256	21.6	22.8	20.5
Finance, Ins. & R.E.	79	80	35	2.2	2.3	2.8
Services	562	545	325	15.8	15.8	26.1
Government	281	214	174	7.9	6.2	14.0
Occupation, Total	3,550	3,454	1,247	100.0	100.0	100.0
Prof. & Managerial	403	407	269	11.4	11.8	21.6
Clerical & Sales	657	680	330	18.5	19.7	26.5
Services	362	323	190	10.2	9.4	15.2
Processing	115	112	51	3.2	3.2	4.1
Machine Trade	232	237	51	6.5	6.9	4.1
Benchwork	498	415	62	14.0	12.0	5.0
Structural Work	925	930	191	26.1	26.9	15.3
Other	358	350	103	10.1	10.1	8.2
Duration of Current Spell of Unemployment-Total	3,550	3,454	1,247	100.0	100.0	100.0
1-2 Weeks	521	579	261	14.7	16.7	20.9
3-4 Weeks	528	434	231	14.9	12.6	18.5
5-14 Weeks	1,344	1,392	412	37.8	40.3	33.1
15 Weeks & Over	1,157	1,049	343	32.6	30.4	27.5

TABLE 8

SELECTED LABOR DEPARTMENT ACTIVITIES - STATEWIDE

JOB SERVICE	OCTOBER 1980	SEPTEMBER 1980	OCTOBER 1979	PERCENT CHANGE FROM	
				LAST MONTH	LAST YEAR
New Job Applicants	NA	3,804	3,795	NA	NA
New Job Applicants Oct. 1 to Date	NA	50,074	3,771	NA	NA
Nonagricultural Job Openings	NA	3,895	6,916	NA	NA
Job Placements Oct. 1, to Date	NA	52,854	6,617	NA	NA
Nonagricultural	NA	50,896	6,434	NA	NA
Agricultural	NA	1,958	183	NA	NA
Applicants Available Oct. 1 to Date	NA	82,160	23,221	NA	NA
Individuals Placed Oct. 1 to Date	NA	30,589	5,146	NA	NA
UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE					
STATE PROGRAM					
Initial Claims Monthly Total	2,813	1,802	1,229	+56.1	+128.9
Weeks Claimed Monthly Total	17,054	14,291	5,152	+19.3	+231.0
Initial Claims Oct. 1 to Date	2,813	31,919	1,229	-91.2	+128.9
Weeks Claimed Oct. 1 to Date	17,054	203,157	5,152	-91.6	+231.0
Amount of Benefit Payments	$1,465,051	$1,188,965	$340,627	+23.2	+330.1
Average Weekly Benefit Amount	$95.38*	$94.59*	$91.30	+.8	+4.5
Benefit Payments Oct. 1 to Date	$1,465,051	$16,103,718	$340,627	-90.9	+330.1
Unemployment Trust Fund (in 000's)	$12,018.0	$12,425.2	$15,753.5	-3.3	-23.7
FEDERAL PROGRAM					
Initial Claims Oct. 1 to Date	187	1,902	126	-90.2	+48.4
Weeks Claimed Oct. 1 to Date	836	9,711	148	-91.4	+464.8
Benefit Payments Oct. 1 to Date	$76,921	$1,002,132	$33,260	-92.3	+131.3

* Does not include combined credit.

SOUTH DAKOTA

COUNTY LABOR FORCE ESTIMATES

By

PLANNING AREA

SOUTH DAKOTA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

RESEARCH AND STATISTICS

	LABOR FORCE			TOTAL UNEMPLOYED			RATE OF UNEMPLOYMENT		
	OCT. 1980	SEPT. 1980	OCT. 1979	OCT. 1980	SEPT. 1980	OCT. 1979	OCT. 1980	SEPT. 1980	OCT. 1979
STATEWIDE	335,588	341 092	340,862	16,401	14,347	8,941	4.9	4.2	2.6
SIOUX FALLS SMSA	56,265	57,040	61,805	2,803	2,580	1,243	5.0	4.5	2.0
RAPID CITY SMSA	42,614	44,039	43,757	2,481	2,095	1,418	5.8	4.8	3.2
PLANNING AREA 1	50,484	52,274	49,021	2,329	2,308	1,230	4.6	4.4	2.5
Brookings	14,251	14,981	12,944	710	685	448	5.0	4.6	3.5
Clark	1,999	2,066	2,024	74	59	36	3.7	2.9	1.8
Codington	10,760	10,995	10,242	583	619	269	5.4	5.6	2.6
Deuel	2,123	2,230	2,193	100	89	35	4.7	4.0	1.6
Grant	4,543	4,770	4,410	176	187	105	3.9	3.9	2.4
Hamlin	2,060	2,080	2,112	55	77	31	2.7	3.7	1.5
Kingsbury	3,668	3,826	3,718	121	92	60	3.3	2.4	1.6
Lake	6,404	6,403	6,148	330	344	167	5.2	5.4	2.7
Miner	1,711	1,834	1,833	101	85	16	5.9	4.6	0.9
Moody	2,955	3,089	3,397	79	71	63	2.7	2.3	1.9
PLANNING AREA 2	83,812	85,759	88,188	4,122	3,735	1,919	4.9	4.4	2.2
Clay	6,098	6,266	6,135	379	354	264	6.2	5.6	4.3
Lincoln	7,212	7,445	6,748	244	243	128	3.4	3.3	1.9
McCook	3,224	3,350	3,182	177	178	71	5.5	5.3	2.2
Minnehaha	56,265	57,040	61,805	2,803	2,580	1,243	5.0	4.5	2.0
Turner	4,715	4,316	4,031	152	130	39	3.6	3.0	1.0
Union	6,838	7,342	6,287	367	250	174	5.4	3.4	2.8
PLANNING AREA 3	46,184	46,613	46,407	1,798	1,535	1,114	3.9	3.3	2.4
Aurora	1,596	1,677	1,736	35	22	19	1.6	1.3	1.1
Bon Homme	4,134	4,150	3,854	155	147	65	3.7	3.5	1.7
Brule	2,907	3,001	3,080	103	92	72	3.5	3.1	2.3
Charles Mix	4,061	4,117	4,130	205	164	101	5.0	4.0	2.5
Davison	9,687	9,730	10,036	396	346	279	4.1	3.6	2.8
Douglas	2,028	2,114	1,991	83	51	20	4.1	2.4	1.0
Gregory	2,657	2,813	2,761	49	81	51	1.8	2.9	1.9
Hanson	1,142	1,193	1,185	52	56	16	4.6	4.7	1.4
Hutchinson	5,014	4,815	4,729	201	166	162	4.0	3.4	3.4
Jerauld	1,470	1,443	1,449	52	20	16	3.5	1.4	1.1
Sanborn	1,375	1,434	1,523	34	27	19	2.5	1.9	1.3
Yankton	10,113	10,126	9,893	443	363	294	4.4	3.6	3.0

These estimates have been adjusted to the CPS (Current Population Survey).
(Not Seasonally Adjusted)

	LABOR FORCE			TOTAL UNEMPLOYED			RATE OF UNEMPLOYMENT		
	OCT. 1980	OCT. 1980	SEPT. 1979	OCT. 1980	SEPT. 1980	OCT. 1979	OCT. 1980	SEPT. 1980	OCT. 1979
PLANNING AREA 4	53,555	52,136	53,180	2,524	1,951	1,369	4.7	3.7	2.6
Beadle	10,063	10,133	10,720	488	429	431	4.8	4.2	4.0
Brown	20,311	20,466	20,647	1,105	953	552	5.4	4.7	2.7
Day	3,307	3,293	3,318	137	100	44	4.1	3.0	1.3
Edmunds	2,133	2,096	2,126	89	52	35	4.2	2.5	1.7
Faulk	3,118	1,428	1,447	152	24	18	4.9	1.7	1.2
Hand	2,238	2,271	2,303	70	41	30	3.1	1.8	1.3
McPherson	1,780	1,893	1,869	62	22	20	3.5	1.2	1.1
Marshall	2,089	2,144	2,131	101	71	33	4.8	3.3	1.6
Roberts	4,427	4,479	4,656	238	213	149	5.4	4.8	3.2
Spink	4,089	3,933	3,963	82	46	57	2.0	1.2	1.4
PLANNING AREA 5	33,500	34,306	34,520	1,869	1,614	999	5.6	4.7	2.9
Buffalo	518	506	522	128	89	73	24.7	17.6	14.0
Campbell	814	813	883	31	26	15	3.8	3.2	1.7
Corson	1,454	1,504	1,694	126	129	137	8.7	8.6	8.1
Dewey	1,838	1,868	1,891	158	109	84	8.6	5.8	4.4
Haakon	1,524	1,518	1,471	43	22	16	2.8	1.4	1.1
Hughes	7,936	8,080	7,565	369	321	158	4.6	4.0	2.1
Hyde	837	870	951	27	27	16	3.2	3.1	1.7
Jones	603	642	686	13	14	11	2.2	2.2	1.6
Lyman	1,378	1,420	1,528	54	40	48	3.9	2.8	3.1
Mellette	754	817	768	55	67	29	7.3	8.2	3.8
Perkins	2,254	2,356	2,424	83	58	69	3.7	2.5	2.9
Potter	2,007	2,088	2,085	61	69	28	3.0	3.3	1.3
Stanley	1,144	1,124	1,110	52	37	21	4.5	3.3	1.9
Sully	674	698	761	19	31	16	2.8	4.4	2.1
Todd	2,146	2,247	2,193	287	235	92	13.4	10.5	4.2
Tripp	3,297	3,341	3,597	88	89	40	2.7	2.7	1.1
Walworth	3,238	3,354	3,421	177	193	105	5.5	5.8	3.1
Ziebach	1,084	1,060	970	98	58	41	9.0	5.5	4.2
PLANNING AREA 6	68,053	70,004	69,546	3,759	3,204	2,310	5.5	4.6	3.3
Bennett	1,228	1,264	1,348	36	33	48	2.9	2.6	3.6
Butte	3,887	3,946	3,959	55	52	44	1.4	1.3	1.1
Custer	2,505	2,577	2,417	97	77	64	3.9	3.0	2.7
Fall River	3,913	4,108	3,989	134	128	56	3.4	3.1	1.4
Harding	600	641	688	10	10	7	1.7	1.6	1.0
Jackson	1,185	1,216	1,312	49	45	42	4.1	3.7	3.2
Lawrence	9,347	9,386	9,164	592	458	364	6.3	4.9	4.0
Meade	9,001	9,356	9,353	319	282	194	3.5	3.0	2.1
Pennington	33,613	34,683	34,404	2,162	1,813	1,224	6.4	5.2	3.6
Shannon	2,774	2,827	2,912	305	306	267	11.0	10.8	9.2

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South Dakota
Labor Bulletin

Compiled December 19, 1980

Report for November 1980

COVERED EMPLOYMENT DROPS IN JUNE 1980

The ES-202 Report just completed exhibits a dismal picture of private industry insured employment for second quarter 1980 as compared to the same quarter in 1979.

The comparison of April 1979 and April 1980 employment figures showed a drop of 1,322 in construction and 1,443 in retail trade as Table A on page three illustrates. Total private industry employment increased by only 106.

The June 1979 to June 1980 comparison indicated a worsening in the South Dakota economy. Private industry covered employment declined by 7,405 and six of the nine major industries lost employment.

Construction employment declined 28.4 percent or by 3,395. The largest impact was on single family dwelling and other residential building construction.

Manufacturing employment dipped by 8.1 percent or 2,071 employees. The sectors of lumber and wood products, except furniture; chemicals and allied products; stone, clay, glass and concrete products; and machinery, except electrical were hardest hit.

Retail trade lost 2,145 employees primarily in the sectors of automotive dealers and gasoline service stations, and eating and drinking places.

The agricultural, forestry and fishing; finance, insurance and real estate; and services industries showed modest gains in employment.

For more information on the second quarter 1980 ES-202 Report by statewide or county levels contact **Research and Statistics, SD Dept. of Labor, Box 1730, Aberdeen, SD 57401.**

LABOR FORCE

The South Dakota unemployment rate rose to a record 6.2% in November. That compared with 5.7% in October and 3.4% one year ago. The total number of South Dakotans out of work in November was 20,700. That was 8% more than October and 80% more than one year ago.

Total employment dropped again in November to 313,800. With the exception of October that is the ninth consecutive monthly decline in that figure. The year ago figure was 326,700.

NONAGRICULTURAL WAGE AND SALARY EMPLOYMENT

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment continued its seasonal decline dropping to 237,200 in November from 239,800 in October. It was also down 1.7% from the year-ago figure of 241,400. Manufacturing industries continued the decline that started last January falling 12.2% from one year ago. Both durable goods and nondurable goods manufacturing were below a year ago with durable goods down 14.3% and nondurable goods down 10.3%.

Among the nonmanufacturing industries, which were collectively below a year ago, construction employment dropped 7%, transportation and public utilities fell 3.6% and wholesale and retail trade were 3.3% below the year ago level.

There was some decline in employment in hotels, amusement and personal services but not enough to keep the total services industry from gaining 2.1% over the year.

HOURS AND EARNINGS

The average production or nonsupervisory worker in South Dakota worked 32.8 hours a week in

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Eight hundred copies were printed.

November at $5.78 an hour for a gross weekly wage of $189.58. The average number of hours worked was down from 34.4 one year ago while the hourly pay was up 8.9%.

SIOUX FALLS SMSA

The Sioux Falls seasonally adjusted unemployment rate dipped to 6.5% in November from 6.6% in October but continued well ahead of the year-ago rate of 2.7%. There were 3,660 Sioux Falls residents unemployed in November compared with 3,[illegible] in October and 1,870 in November one year ago.

Total employment in Sioux Falls dropped to 52,790 in November. That was 1.6% below the October figure of 53,[illegible]0 and 13% below the year-ago figure of 60,670.

Nonfarm payroll employment also declined in Nov. to 49,940. That was 1.2% below the October figure of 50,570 and 7.2% below the November 1979 figure of [illegible],820. Manufacturing employment was up slightly from October to November at 6,810 but it was 12% below the November 1979 figure of 7,740. Among the nonmanufacturing industries, construction posted the sharpest decline in employment. It dropped 23% over the past year to 2,090. Retail trade was down 11% at 10,120 and transportation and utilities was off 7%. Overall, nonmanufacturing industries declined 6.4% as all major industries were below year-ago employment levels.

The average nonsupervisory or production worker in Sioux Falls worked 40.6 hours a week in Nov. at $6.79 an hour for a gross weekly wage of $275.67.

RAPID CITY SMSA

Unemployment was up sharply again in Rapid City in November. The seasonally adjusted rate was 7.5% compared with 6.8% in October and 3.8% in November 1979. The total number of Rapid City residents who were unemployed in November was 3,250. That was 10% higher than the October figure of 2,950 and 100% more than the year-ago figure of 1,620.

Following the statewide trend, employment in Rapid City dipped to 40,100 in November from 40,240 in October and was also 3.4% below the November 1979 figure of 41,500.

Total nonfarm payroll employment in Pennington county was 30,460 in November compared with 30,860 in October and 29,790 in November last year. Manufacturing employment showed a nominal increase from October to November but was 9% ahead of one year-ago. Among the nonmanufacturing industries a 12% decline in construction employment was offset by a 14% increase in services. Overall the nonmanufacturing industries were up 1.4% over the past year to 26,930.

The average nonsupervisory or production worker in Pennington county worked 32.8 hours a week in November at $5.86 an hour for a gross weekly wage of $192.21.

INSURED UNEMPLOYED

The number of insured unemployed claimants recorded during the November reference week was 131.7% greater than the figure recorded during the same week one year ago. This continues the trend set in March of 1980 with a progressive disparity between the monthly comparison. By duration of current spell of unemployment, 39.6% of the 3,971 claimants fell within the 5-14 week period and 30.0% had been unemployed for over 15 weeks.

During the course of the year, insured unemployment for workers under 45 years of age increased 144.5% while those over 45 years increased 97.7%. A point to remember is that most older workers have sufficient credits to qualify for unemployment insurance whereas many younger workers especially the very young, have not worked long enough to build up the necessary credit required

TABLE A
COUNTY ES 202 MAJOR INDUSTRY EMPLOYMENT

Major Industry	April 79	May 79	June 79	April 80	May 80	June 80	Change of April 79-April 80	Change of June 79-June 80
Agri. Forestry & Fish	1,208	1,353	1,410	1,496	1,615	1,560	288	150
Mining	2,748	2,866	3,053	2,901	2,896	2,908	153	-145
Contract Construction	11,499	13,524	15,331	10,177	11,481	11,936	-1,322	-3,395
Manufacturing	26,064	26,549	27,493	26,265	25,905	25,422	225	-2,071
Trans., Comm., & Util.	12,254	12,560	12,707	12,270	12,309	12,301	16	-406
Wholesale Trade	17,751	18,098	18,461	17,856	17,797	17,726	105	-735
Retail Trade	48,554	49,543	50,144	47,111	47,735	47,999	-1,443	-2,145
Finance, Ins., & R..E.	10,654	10,755	10,974	10,954	11,101	11,165	300	191
Services	42,824	44,276	45,539	44,632	45,757	46,690	1,808	1,151
Total Private	173,556	179,524	185,112	173,662	176,596	177,707	106	-7,405

for payments. This would mean the plight of younger unemployed workers would be greater than current figures might indicate.

Throughout the current recession, the male unemployed has created the greatest impact amongst the insured unemployed. The November 1980 figures show males comprising 63.1% of the total insured unemployed as compared to the 54.1% recorded during the same period in 1979. This trend is expected to continue or worsen as skyrocketing interest rates will affect those industries male oriented to a greater degree. The November 1980 tabulations shows 64.8% of those male insured unemployed to have been associated with the construction, trade and service industries. Female unemployment was predominant in the apparel and products made from fabrics sector of nondurable manufacturing along, also, with the trade and service industries. These three categories made up 63.8% of all females insured unemployment.

By occupational classification, slight improvement was shown in November as compared to the previous month in the following categories: professional/managerial, clerical/sales, processing and benchwork. Structural work, machine trades and services all showed increased unemployment. As compared to the previous year, however, all segments presented a dismal picture.

It is clear there is no relief in sight for improvement as far as the insured unemployed are concerned. December marks the official beginning of winter with its resultant seasonal inactivity in many industries. The Christmas season causes increased employment in certain segments of the economy, partly offsetting this seasonal decline, but January and February will see the demise of that activity and no real reduction can be expected until late March or April.

TABLE 1

LABOR FORCE*

	NOV. 1980	OCT. 1980	NOV. 1979	PERCENT CHANGE FROM LAST MONTH	PERCENT CHANGE FROM LAST YEAR
SOUTH DAKOTA STATEWIDE					
Labor Force..........................	324,700	336,200	329,400	-3.4	-1.4
Seasonally Adjusted..................	334,500	335,800	338,200	-0.4	-1.1
Employment...........................	306,900	319,900	319,500	-4.1	-3.9
Seasonally Adjusted..................	313,800	316,700	326,700	-0.9	-3.9
Unemployment.........................	17,800	16,300	9,900	9.2	79.8
Seasonally Adjusted..................	20,700	19,100	11,500	8.4	80.0
Unemployment Rate....................	5.5	4.9	3.0	-	-
Seasonally Adjusted..................	6.2	5.7	3.4	-	-
SIOUX FALLS SMSA (MINNEHAHA COUNTY)					
Labor Force..........................	55,170	56,630	61,350	-2.6	-10.1
Seasonally Adjusted..................	56,450	57,440	62,340	-1.7	-9.4
Employment...........................	52,210	53,820	60,000	-3.0	-13.0
Seasonally Adjusted..................	52,790	53,660	60,670	-1.6	-13.0
Unemployment.........................	2,960	2,810	1,350	5.3	119.3
Seasonally Adjusted..................	3,660	3,780	1,670	-3.2	119.2
Unemployment Rate....................	5.4	5.0	2.2	-	-
Seasonally Adjusted..................	6.5	6.6	2.7	-	-
RAPID CITY SMSA (PENNINGTON AND MEADE)					
Labor Force..........................	42,090	42,890	42,150	-1.9	-0.1
Seasonally Adjusted..................	43,350	43,190	43,120	0.4	0.5
Employment...........................	39,460	40,400	40,840	-2.3	-3.4
Seasonally Adjusted..................	40,100	40,240	41,500	-0.3	-3.4
Unemployment.........................	2,630	2,490	1,310	5.6	100.8
Seasonally Adjusted..................	3,250	2,950	1,620	10.1	100.6
Unemployment Rate....................	6.2	5.8	3.1	-	-
Seasonally Adjusted..................	7.5	6.8	3.8	-	-

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* Labor Force estimates relate to unduplicated employed and unemployed civilians 16 years old and older by place of residence.

TABLE 2

SOUTH DAKOTA NONAGRICULTURAL WAGE AND SALARY EMPLOYMENT*
(in thousands)

	NOV. 1980	OCT. 1980	NOV. 1979	PERCENT CHANGE FROM	
				LAST MONTH	LAST YEAR
Total Nonagricultural	237.2	239.8	241.4	-1.1	-1.7
Manufacturing	24.4	24.6	27.8	-0.8	-12.2
Durable Goods	11.4	11.7	13.3	-2.6	-14.3
Lumber & Furniture	0.9	1.0	1.5	-10.0	-40.0
Fabricated Metals & Machinery	7.4	7.6	8.6	-2.6	-14.0
Other Durable Goods	3.1	3.1	3.2	0.0	-3.1
Nondurable Goods	13.0	12.9	14.5	0.8	-10.3
Food & Kindred Products	8.0	7.9	8.9	1.3	-10.1
Paper, Printing & Publishing	2.4	2.4	2.4	0.0	0.0
Other Nondurable Goods	2.6	2.6	3.2	0.0	-18.8
Nonmanufacturing	212.8	215.2	213.6	-1.1	-0.4
Mining	3.0	3.0	3.0	0.0	0.0
Construction	11.9	12.9	12.8	-7.8	-7.0
Transportation & Public Utilities	13.3	13.3	13.8	0.0	-3.6
Railroads	1.2	1.2	1.2	0.0	0.0
Other Transportation	6.3	6.4	6.9	-1.6	-8.7
Communications & Public Utilities	5.8	5.7	5.7	1.8	1.8
Trade	64.3	65.2	66.5	-1.4	-3.3
Wholesale Trade	16.3	16.5	17.3	-1.2	-5.8
Durable Goods	7.3	7.4	8.3	-1.4	-12.0
Nondurable Goods	9.0	9.1	9.0	-1.1	0.0
Retail Trade	48.0	48.7	49.2	-1.4	-2.4
Finance, Insurance & Real Estate	11.9	11.9	11.3	0.0	5.3
Services	49.1	49.9	48.1	-1.6	2.1
Hotels, Amuse., Pers. & Business	12.2	13.0	12.6	-6.2	-3.2
Medical and Health	20.3	20.2	18.8	0.5	8.0
Educational, Membership & Social	13.8	14.0	14.0	-1.4	-1.4
Other	2.8	2.7	2.7	3.7	3.7
Government	59.3	59.0	58.1	0.5	2.1
Federal	11.0	11.0	10.5	0.0	4.8
State	16.2	16.2	16.2	0.0	-2.4
State Education	8.2	8.2	8.4	0.0	-2.4
Other	8.0	8.0	7.8	0.0	2.6
Local	32.1	31.8	31.4	0.9	2.2
Local Education	18.9	18.8	18.6	0.5	1.6
Other Local	13.2	13.0	12.8	1.5	3.1

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* This category includes full and part-time workers on the payrolls of nonagricultural establishments for the week including the 12th of the month.

TABLE 3

SIOUX FALLS AND RAPID CITY NONAGRICULTURAL WAGE AND SALARY EMPLOYMENT

	NOV. 1980	OCT. 1980	NOV. 1979	PERCENT CHANGE FROM	
				LAST MONTH	LAST YEAR
SIOUX FALLS SMSA (MINNEHAHA COUNTY)					
Total Nonagricultural	49,940	50,570	53,820	-1.2	-7.2
Manufacturing	6,810	6,680	7,740	1.9	-12.0
Durable Goods	1,670	1,640	1,870	1.8	-10.6
Nondurable Goods	5,140	5,040	5,870	2.0	-12.4
Food & Kindred Products	3,760	3,660	4,400	2.7	-14.5
Nonmanufacturing	43,130	43,890	46,080	-1.7	-6.4
Construction and Mining	2,090	2,310	2,740	-9.5	-23.7
Transportation & Public Utilities	4,570	4,570	4,950	0.0	-7.7
Trade	14,670	14,650	16,320	0.4	-10.1
Wholesale Trade	4,550	4,550	4,830	0.0	-5.8
Retail Trade	10,120	10,100	11,490	0.2	-11.9
Finance, Insurance & Real Estate	3,370	3,340	3,400	0.9	-0.9
Services	11,810	12,230	12,020	-3.4	-1.7
Government	6,620	6,790	6,650	-2.5	-0.5
RAPID CITY AREA (PENNINGTON COUNTY)					
Total Nonagricultural	30,460	30,860	29,790	-1.3	2.2
Manufacturing	3,530	3,520	3,240	-0.3	9.0
Durable Goods	2,720	2,720	2,430	0.0	11.9
Nondurable Goods	810	800	810	1.3	0.0
Nonmanufacturing	26,930	27,340	26,550	-1.5	1.4
Construction and Mining	2,410	2,450	2,740	-1.6	-12.0
Transportation & Public Utilities	1,760	1,690	1,860	4.1	5.4
Trade	8,900	9,200	9,160	-3.3	-2.8
Wholesale Trade	1,430	1,440	1,480	-0.7	-3.4
Retail Trade	7,470	7,760	7,680	-3.7	-2.7
Finance, Insurance & Real Estate	1,220	1,260	1,280	-3.2	-4.7
Services	6,430	6,930	5,640	-7.2	14.0
Government	6,210	5,810	5,870	6.9	5.8

TABLE 4
HOURS AND EARNINGS OR PRODUCTION OR NONSUPERVISORY WORKERS*

	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNINGS			AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS			AVERAGE HOURLY EARNINGS		
	NOV. 1980	OCT. 1980	NOV. 1979	NOV. 1980	OCT. 1980	NOV. 1979	NOV. 1980	OCT. 1980	NOV. 1979
SOUTH DAKOTA STATEWIDE									
TOTAL PRIVATE NONAGRICULTURAL	197.98	189.58	182.66	33.9	32.8	34.4	5.84	5.78	5.31
MANUFACTURING	305.98	275.52	251.55	43.9	41.0	43.0	6.97	6.72	5.85
DURABLE GOODS	250.50	239.40	219.78	42.1	40.1	40.7	5.95	5.97	5.40
LUMBER & FURNITURE	250.50	245.22	202.99	41.2	40.6	37.8	6.08	6.04	5.37
FABRICATED METALS AND MACH	236.80	235.03	213.03	40.0	39.5	40.5	5.92	5.95	5.26
NONDURABLE GOODS	353.67	306.81	279.45	45.4	41.8	45.0	7.79	7.34	6.21
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	417.05	356.36	329.69	47.5	43.3	48.2	8.78	8.23	6.84
MEAT PRODUCTS	520.80	439.26	393.96	52.5	45.9	53.6	9.92	9.57	7.35
OTHER FOOD PRODUCTS	227.71	224.43	205.63	38.4	39.1	37.8	5.93	5.74	5.44
PAPER, PRINTING & PUBLISHING	236.31	232.87	207.38	38.3	36.5	37.5	6.17	6.38	5.53
NONMANUFACTURING	183.54	178.72	171.60	32.6	31.8	33.0	5.63	5.62	5.20
MINING	363.51	368.65	356.97	40.3	40.6	41.8	9.02	9.08	8.54
CONSTRUCTION	317.06	294.56	294.79	38.2	36.5	41.0	8.30	8.07	7.19
TRANSPORTATION & P.U	331.85	327.33	297.88	38.1	38.6	40.2	8.71	8.48	7.41
COMMUNICATIONS & P.U	368.77	367.61	307.33	38.9	38.9	39.3	9.48	9.45	7.82
TRADE	153.72	154.42	148.34	30.5	30.7	31.9	5.04	5.03	4.65
WHOLESALE TRADE	236.69	242.26	223.88	38.3	38.7	38.8	6.18	6.26	5.77
RETAIL TRADE	128.14	127.18	123.85	28.1	28.2	29.7	4.56	4.51	4.17
AUTO DEALERS & SERV. STATION	214.68	212.40	224.69	45.1	45.0	49.6	4.76	4.72	4.53
OTHER RETAIL	116.36	115.26	109.48	25.8	25.9	26.9	4.51	4.45	4.07
FINANCE, INS. & R.E	181.41	182.31	176.27	36.5	35.4	36.8	4.97	5.15	4.79
BANKING	156.39	148.14	140.78	34.6	33.9	33.6	4.52	4.37	4.19
SERVICES	150.57	132.82	126.58	31.5	29.0	29.3	4.78	4.58	4.32
SIOUX FALLS SMSA									
TOTAL PRIVATE NONAGRICULTURAL	275.67	235.45	214.30	40.6	35.3	36.2	6.79	6.67	5.92
MANUFACTURING	442.14	383.24	341.86	50.3	45.3	51.1	8.79	8.46	6.69
DURABLE GOODS	269.21	271.58	249.83	42.8	40.9	43.6	6.29	6.64	5.73
NONDURABLE GOODS	479.04	407.44	365.17	51.9	46.3	53.0	9.23	8.80	6.89
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	538.14	457.84	406.26	53.6	47.2	55.5	10.04	9.70	7.32
NONMANUFACTURING	246.24	211.64	192.53	38.9	33.7	33.6	6.33	6.28	5.73
CONSTRUCTION & MINING	324.14	307.17	294.26	34.3	33.1	34.7	9.45	9.28	8.48
TRANSPORTATION & P.U	329.73	321.47	310.81	39.3	39.3	43.9	8.39	8.18	7.08
TRADE	207.31	203.46	180.93	33.6	33.3	32.6	6.17	6.11	5.55
WHOLESALE TRADE	283.88	293.35	273.89	37.6	37.9	38.2	7.55	7.74	7.17
RETAIL TRADE	171.72	163.70	145.01	31.8	31.3	30.4	5.40	5.23	4.77
FINANCE, INS. & R.E	173.05	168.78	159.25	34.2	32.9	34.1	5.06	5.13	4.67
RAPID CITY AREA									
TOTAL PRIVATE NONAGRICULTURAL	192.21	185.02	182.52	32.8	31.9	34.7	5.86	5.80	5.26
MANUFACTURING	216.81	214.77	204.06	32.9	32.2	35.8	6.59	6.67	5.70
NONMANUFACTURING	191.55	184.38	182.35	32.8	31.9	34.8	5.84	5.78	5.24
CONSTRUCTION & MINING	382.42	355.41	337.68	40.9	38.8	42.0	9.35	9.16	8.04
TRADE	151.10	146.62	143.95	30.1	29.8	33.4	5.02	4.92	4.31
FINANCE, INS. & R.E	159.31	162.58	169.96	35.8	33.8	34.9	4.45	4.81	4.87

*Average hours and earnings data are derived from reports of payrolls and hours for production and related workers in manufacturing and mining, construction workers in construction, and nonsupervisory employees in the remaining private nonagricultural components.

Table 5
LABOR TURNOVER RATES
(per 100 employees)

Accession Rates

	Total			New Hires			Recalls		
	Nov. 1980	Oct. 1980	Nov. 1979	Nov. 1980	Oct. 1980	Nov. 1979	Nov. 1980	Oct. 1980	Nov. 1979
Statewide									
Manufacturing.........	2.0	3.2	3.8	1.0	2.4	3.2	0.9	0.7	0.2
Durable Goods......	1.5	3.0	4.3	0.6	1.8	3.7	0.7	0.5	0.1
Nondurable Goods...	2.5	3.8	3.4	1.4	3.0	2.7	1.0	0.9	0.2
Mining...............	1.5	1.2	2.8	1.4	1.0	2.7	0.1	0.1	0.1
Sioux Falls SMSA									
Manufacturing.........	2.9	3.1	3.4	1.4	1.5	2.9	1.5	1.6	0.4

Separation Rates

	Total			Quits			Layoffs		
	Nov. 1980	Oct. 1980	Nov. 1979	Nov. 1980	Oct. 1980	Nov. 1979	Nov. 1980	Oct. 1980	Nov. 1979
Statewide									
Manufacturing.........	2.6	3.3	4.0	0.9	1.3	2.5	1.2	1.2	0.8
Durable Goods......	3.2	3.0	4.2	1.0	1.2	2.8	1.9	0.7	0.5
Nondurable Goods...	2.0	3.6	3.9	0.9	1.4	2.2	0.6	1.7	1.2
Mining...............	2.8	4.1	3.3	0.6	0.7	1.5	1.3	2.6	1.0
Sioux Falls SMSA									
Manufacturing.........	2.0	3.3	5.5	0.8	1.2	2.0	0.9	1.7	2.7

Table 6
CONSUMER PRICE INDEX
ALL URBAN CONSUMERS

1967=100	CURRENT MONTH Oct. 80	LAST MONTH Sept. 80	ONE YEAR AGO Oct. 79	PERCENT CHANGE FROM Last MONTH	PERCENT CHANGE FROM Last YEAR
All Items............	253.9	251.7	229.9	0.9	10.4
Food & Beverages...	255.5	254.2	235.7	0.5	8.4
Housing...........	271.1	267.7	246.3	1.3	10.1
Apparel...........	183.9	182.2	182.9	0.9	0.5
Transportation.....	256.1	254.7	218.7	0.5	17.1
Medical Care.......	272.8	270.6	240.4	0.8	13.5
Entertainment......	210.9	209.8	175.9	0.5	19.9

TABLE 7

CHARACTERISTICS OF THE INSURED UNEMPLOYED - STATEWIDE

	NUMBER			PERCENT		
	Nov. 80	Oct. 80	Nov. 79	Nov. 80	Oct. 80	Nov. 79
Sex, Total	3,971	3,550	1,714	100.0	100.0	100.0
Male	2,505	2,097	927	63.1	59.1	54.1
Female	1,466	1,453	787	36.9	40.9	45.9
Race, Total	3,971	3,550	1,714	100.0	100.0	100.0
White	3,284	2,947	1,308	82.7	83.0	76.3
Nonwhite	687	603	406	17.3	17.0	23.7
Age, Total	3,971	3,550	1,714	100.0	100.0	100.0
Under 45	3,044	2,682	1,245	76.7	75.5	72.6
Over 45	927	868	469	23.3	24.5	27.4
Industry, Total	3,971	3,550	1,714	100.0	100.0	100.0
Mining	68	35	20	1.7	1.0	1.2
Construction	977	713	411	24.6	20.1	24.0
Manufacturing	1,005	974	344	25.3	27.5	20.0
Transportation & P.U.	168	139	63	4.2	3.9	3.7
Trade	796	767	326	20.0	21.6	19.0
Finance, Ins. & R.E.	70	79	34	1.8	2.2	2.0
Services	626	562	381	15.8	15.8	22.2
Government	261	281	135	6.6	7.9	7.9
Occupation, Total	3,971	3,550	1,714	100.0	100.0	100.0
Prof. & Managerial	397	403	264	10.0	11.4	15.4
Clerical & Sales	647	657	304	16.3	18.5	17.7
Services	409	362	228	10.3	10.2	13.3
Processing	107	115	42	2.7	3.2	2.5
Machine Trade	270	232	48	6.8	6.5	2.8
Benchwork	445	498	181	11.2	14.0	10.6
Structural Work	1,224	925	501	30.8	26.1	29.2
Other	472	358	146	11.9	10.1	8.5
Duration of Current Spell of Unemployment-Total	3,971	3,550	1,714	100.0	100.0	100.0
1-2 Weeks	722	521	389	18.2	14.7	22.7
3-4 Weeks	486	528	292	12.2	14.9	17.0
5-14 Weeks	1,571	1,344	613	39.6	37.8	35.8
15 Weeks & Over	1,192	1,157	420	30.0	32.6	24.5

TABLE 8

SELECTED LABOR DEPARTMENT ACTIVITIES - STATEWIDE

JOB SERVICE	November 1980	October 1980	November 1979	PERCENT CHANGE FROM LAST MONTH	PERCENT CHANGE FROM LAST YEAR
New Job Applicants..........................			3,568		
New Job Applicants Oct. 1 to Date...........			7,305		
Nonagricultural Job Openings................			4,974		
Job Placements Oct. 1, to Date..............			11,311		
Nonagricultural...........................			11,029		
Agricultural..............................			282		
Applicants Available Oct. 1 to Date.........			29,379		
Individuals Placed Oct. 1 to Date...........			8,222		
UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE					
STATE PROGRAM					
Initial Claims Monthly Total............	2,719	2,813	2,906	-3.3	-6.4
Weeks Claimed Monthly Total.............	15,093	17,084	8,564	-11.7	+76.2
Initial Claims Oct. 1 to Date...........	5,532	2,813	4,135	+96.7	+33.8
Weeks Claimed Oct. 1 to Date............	32,147	17,054	13,716	-88.5	+134.4
Amount of Benefit Payments..............	$1,055,380	$1,465,051	$583,467	-28.0	+80.9
Average Weekly Benefit Amount...........	$102.50	$95.38*	$93.25	+7.5	+9.9
Benefit Payments Oct. 1 to Date.........	$2,520,431	$1,465,051	$924,094	+72.0	+172.7
Unemployment Trust Fund (in ooo's)......	$12,261.5	$12,018.0	$16,559.5	+2.0	+26.0
FEDERAL PROGRAM					
Initial Claims Oct. 1 to Date...........	352	187	287	+88.2	+22.7
Weeks Claimed Oct. 1 to Date............	1,496	836	769	+78.9	+94.5
Benefit Payments Oct. 1 to Date.........	$137,669	$76,921	$89,492	+79.0	+53.8

*Does not include combined credit

SOUTH DAKOTA

COUNTY LABOR FORCE ESTIMATES

By

PLANNING AREA

SOUTH DAKOTA DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

RESEARCH AND STATISTICS

	LABOR FORCE			TOTAL UNEMPLOYED			RATE OF UNEMPLOYMENT		
	NOV. 1980	OCT. 1980	NOV. 1979	NOV. 1980	OCT. 1980	NOV. 1979	NOV. 1980	OCT. 1980	NOV. 1979
STATEWIDE	324,747	336,258	329,429	17,851	16,340	9,905	5.5	4.9	3.0
SIOUX FALLS SMSA	55,172	56,629	61,346	2,961	2,813	1,346	5.4	5.0	2.2
RAPID CITY SMSA	42,094	42,884	42,152	2,632	2,487	1,311	6.3	5.8	3.1
PLANNING AREA 1	49,379	50,930	47,287	2,783	2,339	1,651	5.6	4.6	3.5
Brookings	14,398	14,440	12,740	824	719	640	5.7	5.0	5.0
Clark	1,833	2,021	1,827	84	74	42	4.6	3.7	2.3
Codington	10,659	10,871	10,065	669	586	296	6.3	5.4	2.9
Deuel	1,944	2,115	1,971	147	98	66	7.6	4.6	3.4
Grant	4,419	4,557	4,210	205	176	114	4.6	3.9	2.7
Hamlin	1,905	2,076	1,986	64	55	52	3.4	2.6	2.6
Kingsbury	3,547	3,701	3,518	162	121	85	4.6	3.3	2.4
Lake	6,133	6,452	6,052	356	330	252	5.8	5.1	4.2
Miner	1,687	1,713	1,730	133	100	54	7.9	5.8	3.1
Moody	2,854	2,984	3,188	139	80	50	4.9	2.7	1.6
PLANNING AREA 2	82,048	84,369	86,135	4,298	4,120	1,892	5.2	4.9	2.2
Clay	6,241	6,156	5,855	393	381	157	6.3	6.2	2.7
Lincoln	7,103	7,247	6,431	242	244	102	3.4	3.4	1.6
McCook	3,095	3,247	3,041	224	177	95	7.2	5.5	3.1
Minnehaha	55,172	56,629	61,346	2,961	2,813	1,346	5.4	5.0	2.2
Turner	3,910	4,177	3,770	153	152	43	3.9	3.6	1.1
Union	6,527	6,913	5,692	325	353	149	5.0	5.1	2.6
PLANNING AREA 3	44,097	46,534	44,535	1,887	1,799	1,308	4.3	3.9	2.9
Aurora	1,491	1,610	1,638	28	25	64	1.9	1.6	3.9
Bon Homme	3,904	4,171	3,760	162	156	113	4.1	3.7	3.0
Brule	2,783	2,947	2,954	87	103	99	3.1	3.5	34
Charles Mix	3,860	4,133	3,900	187	205	103	4.8	5.0	2.6
Dabison	9,408	9,733	9,909	388	396	307	4.1	4.1	3.1
Douglas	1,934	2,066	1,855	82	83	46	4.2	4.0	2.5
Gregory	2,640	2,684	2,617	151	49	65	5.7	1.8	2.5
Hanson	1,054	1,153	1,102	56	52	47	5.3	4.5	4.3
Hutchinson	4,419	5,030	4,480	182	201	126	4.1	4.0	2.8
Jerauld	1,376	1,483	1,372	40	52	35	2.9	3.5	2.6
Sanborn	1,282	1,375	1,387	53	34	38	4.1	2.5	2.7
Yankton	9,946	10,149	9,561	471	443	265	4.7	4.4	2.8

These estimates have been adjusted to the CPS (Current Population Survey).
(Not Seasonally Adjusted)

	LABOR FORCE			TOTAL UNEMPLOYED			RATE OF UNEMPLOYMENT		
	NOV. 1980	OCT. 1980	NOV. 1979	NOV. 1980	OCT. 1980	NOV. 1979	NOV. 1980	OCT. 1980	NOV. 1979
PLANNING AREA 4	50,173	52,174	51,451	2,770	2,447	1,773	5.5	4.7	3.4
Beadle	9,913	10,062	10,311	620	491	440	6.3	4.9	4.3
Brown	20,206	20,437	20,603	1,210	1,110	733	6.0	5.4	3.6
Day	3,179	3,324	3,120	148	137	67	4.7	4.1	2.2
Edmunds	1,997	2,152	1,967	82	89	52	4.1	4.1	2.6
Faulk	1,304	1,460	1,316	21	65	16	1.6	4.5	1.2
Hand	2,083	2,244	2,182	84	70	88	4.0	3.1	4.0
McPherson	1,699	1,793	1,736	120	62	28	7.1	3.5	1.6
Marshall	1,982	2,114	2,015	116	101	74	5.9	4.8	3.7
Roberts	4,147	4,454	4,454	274	240	197	6.6	5.4	4.4
Spink	3,609	4,134	3,747	95	82	78	2.6	2.0	2.1
PLANNING AREA 5	32,091	33,715	32,905	2,100	1,867	1,158	6.5	5.5	3.5
Buffalo	488	527	515	119	128	100	24.4	24.3	19.4
Campbell	749	820	825	46	31	17	6.1	3.8	2.1
Corson	1,400	1,491	1,543	144	128	117	10.3	8.6	7.6
Dewey	1,708	1,772	1,801	151	155	94	8.8	8.7	5.2
Haakon	1,435	1,538	1,399	28	43	15	2.0	2.8	1.1
Hughes	7,829	7,991	7,534	374	369	179	4.8	4.6	2.4
Hyde	799	857	881	31	27	16	3.9	3.2	1.8
Jones	530	603	631	24	13	28	4.5	2.2	4.4
Lyman	1,277	1,376	1,426	73	54	46	5.7	3.9	3.2
Mellette	731	801	722	53	55	40	7.3	6.9	5.5
Perkins	2,105	2,266	2,266	125	83	48	5.9	3.7	2.1
Potter	1,908	2,017	1,925	74	61	44	3.9	3.0	2.3
Stanley	1,111	1,155	1,012	70	52	38	6.3	4.5	3.8
Sully	597	677	703	21	19	28	3.5	2.8	4.0
Todd	2,075	2,172	2,138	265	296	117	12.8	13.6	5.5
Tripp	3,148	3,294	3,427	168	88	101	5.3	2.7	3.0
Walworth	3,156	3,264	3,262	224	167	94	7.1	5.1	2.9
Ziebach	1,045	1,094	895	110	98	36	10.5	9.0	4.0
PLANNING AREA 6	66,959	68,536	67,116	4,013	3,768	2,123	6.0	5.5	3.2
Bennett	1,231	1,289	1,256	59	36	44	4.8	2.8	3.5
Butte	3,845	3,926	3,873	122	55	92	3.2	1.4	2.4
Custer	2,464	2,499	2,286	136	95	59	5.5	3.8	2.6
Fall River	3,876	3,993	3,889	160	135	46	4.1	3.4	1.2
Harding	511	609	648	10	10	7	2.0	1.6	1.1
Jackson	1,003	1,214	1,227	43	54	37	4.3	4.4	3.0
Lawrence	9,243	9,381	8,975	553	592	300	6.0	6.3	3.3
Meade	8,860	9,059	9,011	323	320	176	3.6	3.5	2.0
Pennington	33,234	33,825	33,141	2,309	2,167	1,135	6.9	6.4	3.4
Shannon	2,692	2,741	2,810	298	304	227	11.1	11.1	8.1

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South Dakota
Labor Bulletin

COMPILED JANUARY 22, 1981

REPORT FOR DECEMBER 1980

NEW S.D. AREA WAGE SURVEY RELEASED

A survey of area wages and selected benefits in 100 South Dakota firms each employing 50 workers or more was taken in June 1980 by the Bureau of Labor Statistics. The report on this survey is reprinted, with the permission of the Bureau of Labor Statistics, in the back of this bulletin.

Employers may get an estimate of the wage rate being paid to most workers in a particular occupation in this size class by examining the array of wages in Table 1 of the supplement. Thirty seven of the 109 manufacturing firms and 63 of the 217 nonmanufacturing firms in this size class were surveyed. Approximately one half of the total workers within this size class were surveyed, as Table 5 of the supplement shows.

Office worker occupations generally showed little difference in average hourly wages compared to the last BLS wage survey of June 1979. Secretaries mean hourly earnings were 26 cents or 5.5 percent higher than in 1979. Income of Class E secretaries surveyed in 1980 showed large gains over those polled in 1979. A comparison of the two surveys indicates a lower hourly rate in 1980 for stenographers of 50 cents an hour. This is in part due to an increased number of general stenographers and the difference in wages paid by the firms selected in the 1980 survey. Next year's BLS survey will cover all of the employers of 50 or more workers within the scope of the study so the problem of just one or two firms significantly influencing the wage rate of any particular occupation will not occur.

Computer operators' wages were $5.10 in the June 1979 survey and $5.83 in the June 1980 survey. There were 21 more computer operators in the latest survey. The new description for computer operators was expanded to include lead operators and trainees.

Plant workers income in the 1980 survey was not for the most part significantly higher than it was in 1979. Light, medium, and heavy truck drivers' average hourly wage stayed virtually the same from 1979 to 1980. Shipping packers average income was 24.1 percent higher or $4.79, but 100 fewer of these workers were surveyed in 1980. Three hundred and fifty seven material handling laborers' earnings per hour were 10.4 percent lower. Janitors, porters and cleaners 1980 average hourly wage was 45 cents higher at $4.59.

Ninety nine percent of the firms surveyed provide paid vacations to employees as Table 2 of the supplement shows.

According to Table 3 of the supplement 94 percent supply workers with paid holidays. They give workers an average of 8.4 days of paid holiday.

Table 4 of the supplement illustrates the firms' available health, insurance and pension plans. Ninety six percent of the firms provide at least one of these benefits.

For descriptions of occupations or any additional information on the 1980 survey contact: S.D. Department of Labor, Research & Statistics, Box 1730, Aberdeen, SD 57401.

LABOR FORCE

The first year of the decade was not a good one for the economy of South Dakota. The combination of high interest rates and the drought pushed unemployment in the state to record levels. The official 1980 unemployment rate shows an average of 4.7% of the state's labor force

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was unemployed during the past year.

A look at the previous decade (see table) shows that the 1980 rate was considerably higher than the 1979 rate of 3.5% and also drastically up from the first year of the seventies when it was 2.6%.

SOUTH DAKOTA UNEMPLOYMENT RATES

1970	2.6	1975	3.7
1971	2.9	1976	3.4
1972	2.8	1977	3.3
1973	2.6	1978	3.1
1974	2.7	1979	3.5
		1980	4.7

On a monthly basis, unemployment rose to 5.6% in December, a 1.7 percentage point jump from December one year ago. The total number of South Dakotans unemployed was 18,200 compared with 12,600 one year ago. At the same time, employment dropped from 314,400 to 305,000. The net result is a smaller labor force in the state this December than there was a year ago. These people have either quit looking for work or have left the state.

NONAGRICULTURAL WAGE AND SALARY EMPLOYMENT

The decline in employment in South Dakota over the past year was concentrated in three major industries; construction, manufacturing and trade. Recently revised figures show construction employment dropping more than was previously thought. The December figure of 9,600 was 17% below the year-ago figure of 11,600. With predictions of the prime interest rate ranging from 9 to 30 percent by the end of this year it is extremely difficult to chart the future course of this industry. Manufacturing employment, which fell 11% last year to 25,200 in December, is expected to turn around as the national economy begins improving. The general decline in wholesale and retail trade (with the exception of grocery stores) is probably more related to the state drought and will not reverse until the state's agricultural picture brightens.

The services industry was the only private industry to show an increase in employment over the past year. It grew from 48,500 in December 1979 to 50,100 in December 1980, an increase of 3.3%. A decline in hotel, amusement, personal and business services employment was more than offset by an increase in medical and health services employment.

The average manufacturing production worker in South Dakota worked 42.8 hours a week in December at $6.99 an hour for a gross weekly wage of $299.17. The hours worked and hourly wage compared with 42.7 and $6.08 one year ago.

SIOUX FALLS SMSA

The unemployment rate for the Sioux Falls SMSA was 5.1 in December 1980. That was unchanged from the revised November 1980 rate of 5.1%. That is unusual for that time of the year and can probably be attributed to the mild weather in December. The rate continued to run well ahead of the year-ago percentage of 3.3. There were 3,083 Sioux Falls SMSA residents unemployed in December compared with 1,982 the previous December. Employment figures showed a 2.5% drop over the past year from 58,671 to 59,605.

The decline in employment in Sioux Falls can be attributed to the same causes as statewide. High interest rates have brought on drastic cut backs in construction activity. Employment in that industry in Sioux Falls was down 24.4% from 2,990 in December last year to 2,260 this year. High interest rates and the drought have also caused people to reduce spending, as evidenced by sales tax receipts & a drop in retail trade employment of almost 1,000 workers. Manufacturing employment also dropped 2.5% in Sioux Falls last year.

The bright spots in the employment picture in Sioux Falls were services and finance/insurance/real estate. They were up 5.5% and 1.8% respectively over the past year.

The average production worker in Manufacturing in Sioux Falls worked 36.2 hours a week in Dec.

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at $9.12 an hour for a gross weekly wage of $441.41.

RAPID CITY SMSA

The Rapid City SMSA unemployment rate was 6.6% in December. That was slightly higher than Nov. and much higher than December 1979 when it was 4.3%. There were 2,540 people unemployed in the Rapid City SMSA in December compared with 1,803 one year ago. Total employment was down almost 12% over the year at 35,813.

The biggest drop in employment among the major industries was in construction. The number of people working in that industry dropped 22% from 2,440 in December 1979 to 1,900 this December. Retail trade also suffered from the sluggish economy of last year. Its employment was down 14% to 6,780 in December. Manufacturing employment was also below year-ago levels. It declined 9.5% to 3,040. The only industry, in fact, that had an increase in employment over the past year was services which edged up 1.5% from 6,540 to 6,640.

The average production worker in Rapid City worked 34.6 hours a week in December at $6.66 an hour for a gross weekly wage of $230.44.

JOB SERVICE ACTIVITY

During the month of December, 2,647 nonagricultural and 70 agricultural openings were received by local Job Service offices. During this same period, 2,316 applicants were placed in nonagricultural openings and 62 were placed in agricultural openings. The effects of the depressed economy is made clear when these figures, as compared to the December 1979 figures, show a 16.6 percent drop in job openings received and a 20.4 percent reduction in job placements for the latter period.

When a comparison is made for the three months of the fiscal year which began October 1, the change is more dramatic. For statewide offices as a whole, the reduction in job openings amounted to 26.0 percent with job placements down 28.2 percent. South Dakota's two Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas (SMSA) shared in the decline with the Sioux Falls SMSA faring considerably worse than the statewide average. For the Sioux Falls SMSA the reduction in openings received was 40.5 percent with filled openings declining 39.0 percent. The Rapid City SMSA openings received was 24.0 percent below the year ago three month period and the filled rate was down 30.6 percent.

The occupational change of openings received for the comparable fiscal year periods also show considerable differentiation. The table on the following page details the percentage change for the three month period 1980 compared to the same period in 1979.

For the number of openings involved in the following percentage changes, please refer to Table 9 of this issue. Your attention is invited to the wide variation in the clerical, sales and motor freight/transportation occupational groupings between the three sectors. The analysis presents a partial picture of the demand side of the labor market.

JOB OPENINGS RECEIVED COMPARISON

OCTOBER 1 TO DECEMBER 31, 1979-1980

OCCUPATION	STATEWIDE	SMSA SIOUX FALLS	SMSA RAPID CITY
ALL	-26.0%	-40.5%	-24.0%
PROFESSIONAL/TECH./MGR.	-25.4	-27.1	-29.2
CLERICAL	-10.5	-12.9	+18.7
SALES	-27.5	-64.3	+54.2
DOMESTIC	-30.4	-57.2	-18.9
OTHER SERVICE	-20.9	-15.2	-11.1
FARMING/FISHERY/FORESTRY	-14.6	-25.8	-54.5
PROCESSING	-36.7	-33.3	-75.0
MACHINE TRADES	-43.0	-50.7	-20.9
BENCHWORK	-57.0	-59.8	-84.7
STRUCTURAL	-38.0	-47.9	-44.8
MOTOR FREIGHT/TRANSPORTATION	-24.6	+2.5	-49.4
PACKAGING & MATERIALS HANDLING	-30.9	-58.2	-36.0

TABLE 1

LABOR FORCE/EMPLOYMENT/UNEMPLOYMENT

	DECEMBER 1980				DECEMBER 1979			
	LABOR FORCE 1/	EMPLOY-MENT	UNEMPLOY-MENT	RATE	LABOR FORCE 1/	EMPLOY-MENT	UNEMPLOY-MENT	RATE
UNITED STATES	104,778,000	97,545,000	7,233,000	6.9 2/	103,884,000	98,047,000	5,836,000	5.6 2/
SOUTH DAKOTA	323,200	305,000	18,200	5.6	327,000	314,400	12,600	3.9
SIOUX FALLS SMSA	60,688	57,605	3,083	5.1	60,653	58,671	1,982	3.3
RAPID CITY SMSA	38,353	35,813	2,540	6.6	42,129	40,326	1,803	4.3
AURORA COUNTY	1,512	1,468	44	2.9	1,597	1,562	35	2.2
BEADLE COUNTY	9,872	9,336	536	5.4	10,089	9,688	401	4.0
BENNETT	1,190	1,156	34	2.9	1,263	1,208	55	4.4
BON HOMME	3,799	3,612	187	4.9	3,796	3,613	183	4.8
BROOKINGS	14,169	13,278	891	6.3	12,612	11,943	669	5.3
BROWN	19,672	18,512	1,160	5.9	20,659	19,765	894	4.3
BRULE	2,724	2,635	89	3.3	2,848	2,764	84	3.0
BUFFALO	476	355	121	25.4	513	411	102	19.9
BUTTE	3,787	3,679	108	2.9	3,633	3,533	100	2.8
CAMPBELL	722	680	42	5.8	828	787	41	5.0
CHARLES MIX	3,827	3,666	161	4.2	3,854	3,743	111	2.9
CLARK	1,797	1,714	83	4.6	1,843	1,769	74	4.0
CLAY	6,066	5,710	356	5.9	5,890	5,608	282	4.8
CODINGTON	10,612	9,922	690	6.5	9,979	9,611	368	3.7
CORSON	1,372	1,215	157	11.4	1,522	1,395	127	8.3
CUSTER	2,404	2,268	136	5.7	2,282	2,208	74	3.2
DAVISON	9,411	8,975	436	4.6	9,725	9,418	307	3.2
DAY	3,148	2,952	196	6.2	3,122	3,009	113	3.6
DEUEL	1,885	1,714	171	9.1	1,972	1,857	115	5.8
DEWEY	1,647	1,515	132	8.0	1,807	1,694	113	6.3
DOUGLAS	1,856	1,782	74	4.0	1,877	1,799	78	4.2
EDMUNDS	1,972	1,894	78	4.0	1,996	1,922	74	3.7
FALL RIVER	3,945	3,692	253	6.4	3,854	3,763	91	2.4
FAULK	1,331	1,269	62	4.7	1,326	1,291	35	2.6

1/ Labor force estimates include employed and unemployed civilians 16 years old and older by place of residence.

2/ The seasonally adjusted rates which were announced by the national government were 7.4 and 5.9 . The data in this table are not seasonally adjusted.

	DECEMBER 1980				DECEMBER 1979			
	LABOR FORCE	EMPLOY-MENT	UNEMPLOY-MENT	RATE	LABOR FORCE	EMPLOY-MENT	UNEMPLOY-MENT	RATE
GRANT	4,400	4,112	288	6.5	4,206	4,070	136	3.2
GREGORY	2,543	2,458	85	3.3	2,598	2,529	69	2.7
HAAKON	1,442	1,416	26	1.8	1,392	1,379	13	0.9
HAMLIN	1,951	1,843	108	5.5	1,980	1,907	73	3.7
HAND	2,069	1,990	79	3.8	2,149	2,069	80	3.7
HANSON	1,024	970	54	5.3	1,123	1,072	51	4.5
HARDING	493	482	11	2.2	594	588	6	1.0
HUGHES	7,806	7,408	398	5.1	7,615	7,367	248	3.3
HUTCHINSON	4,415	4,244	171	3.9	4,359	4,272	87	2.0
HYDE	781	753	28	3.6	889	862	27	3.0
JACKSON	961	923	38	4.0	1,213	1,182	31	2.6
JERAULD	1,292	1,236	56	4.3	1,364	1,324	40	2.9
JONES	530	502	28	5.3	608	582	26	4.3
KINGSBURY	3,475	3,318	157	4.5	3,476	3,360	116	3.3
LAKE	6,147	5,734	413	6.7	5,710	5,415	295	5.2
LAWRENCE	9,146	8,639	507	5.5	9,041	8,632	409	4.5
LINCOLN	7,382	7,037	345	4.7	6,388	6,180	208	3.3
LYMAN	1,283	1,197	86	6.7	1,401	1,341	60	4.3
MCCOOK	3,030	2,840	190	6.3	3,036	2,915	121	4.0
MCPHERSON	1,553	1,513	40	2.6	1,734	1,678	56	3.2
MARSHALL	1,948	1,830	118	6.1	2,007	1,930	77	3.8
MEADE	8,089	7,748	341	4.2	8,981	8,724	257	2.9
MELLETTE	709	653	56	9.2	714	657	57	8.0
MINER	1,603	1,481	122	7.6	1,702	1,639	63	3.7
MINNEHAHA	60,688	57,605	3,083	5.1	60,653	58,671	1,982	3.3
MOODY	2,807	2,662	145	5.2	3,170	3,081	89	2.8
PENNINGTON	30,264	28,065	2,199	7.3	33,148	31,602	1,546	4.7
PERKINS	2,019	1,938	81	4.0	2,251	2,200	51	2.3
POTTER	1,856	1,785	71	3.8	1,896	1,848	48	2.5
ROBERTS	4,006	3,693	313	7.8	4,334	4,087	247	5.7
SANBORN	1,245	1,213	32	2.6	1,357	1,322	35	2.6
SHANNON	2,647	2,409	238	9.0	2,833	2,608	225	7.9
SPINK	3,563	3,480	83	2.3	3,712	3,600	112	3.0
STANLEY	1,193	978	215	18.0	994	961	33	3.3
SULLY	613	563	50	8.2	691	661	30	4.3
TODD	2,071	1,810	261	12.6	2,168	2,023	145	6.7
TRIPP	3,093	2,930	163	5.3	3,393	3,279	114	3.4
TURNER	3,938	3,763	175	4.4	3,786	3,681	105	2.8
UNION	5,899	5,575	324	5.5	5,531	5,332	199	3.6
WALWORTH	3,145	2,899	246	7.8	3,302	3,152	150	4.5
YANKTON	9,864	9,403	461	4.7	9,716	9,358	358	3.7
ZIEBACH	1,048	947	101	9.6	895	854	41	4.6

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TABLE 2

SOUTH DAKOTA NONAGRICULTURAL WAGE AND SALARY EMPLOYMENT*
(in thousands)

	DEC. 1980	NOV. 1980	DEC. 1979	PERCENT CHANGE FROM LAST MONTH	PERCENT CHANGE FROM LAST YEAR
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL	234.7	235.7	242.8	-0.4	-3.3
MANUFACTURING	25.2	25.3	28.4	-0.4	-11.3
DURABLE GOODS	12.8	12.7	15.0	0.8	-14.7
LUMBER & FURNITURE	1.1	1.1	1.4	0.0	-21.4
FABRICATED METALS & MACHINERY	8.5	8.3	10.3	2.4	-17.5
OTHER DURABLE GOODS	3.2	3.3	3.3	-3.0	-3.0
NONDURABLE GOODS	12.4	12.6	13.4	-1.6	-7.5
FOOD & KINDRED PRODUCTS	7.4	7.6	8.0	-2.6	-7.5
PAPER, PRINTING & PUBLISHING	2.4	2.4	2.4	0.0	0.0
OTHER NONDURABLE GOODS	2.6	2.6	3.0	0.0	-13.3
NONMANUFACTURING	209.5	210.4	214.4	-0.4	-2.3
MINING	2.8	2.8	2.8	0.0	0.0
CONSTRUCTION	9.6	10.6	11.6	-9.4	-17.2
TRANSPORTATION & PUBLIC UTILITIES	13.5	13.5	13.9	0.0	-2.9
RAILROADS	1.1	1.1	1.2	0.0	-8.3
OTHER TRANSPORTATION	6.6	6.6	7.0	0.0	-5.7
COMMUNICATIONS & PUBLIC UTILITIES	5.8	5.8	5.7	0.0	1.8
TRADE	62.9	62.8	68.0	0.2	-7.5
WHOLESALE TRADE	16.8	16.8	18.2	0.0	-7.7
DURABLE GOODS	7.7	7.6	8.6	1.3	-10.5
NONDURABLE GOODS	9.1	9.2	9.6	-1.1	-5.2
RETAIL TRADE	46.1	46.0	49.8	0.2	-7.4
FINANCE, INSURANCE & REAL ESTATE	11.0	11.0	11.1	0.0	-0.9
SERVICES	50.1	50.1	48.5	0.0	3.3
HOTELS, AMUSE., PERS. & BUSINESS	11.8	11.9	12.1	-0.8	-2.5
MEDICAL AND HEALTH	20.7	20.8	18.9	-0.5	9.5
EDUCATIONAL, MEMBERSHIP & SOCIAL	15.0	14.8	14.8	1.4	1.4
OTHER	2.6	2.6	2.7	0.0	-3.7
GOVERNMENT	59.6	59.6	58.5	0.0	1.9
FEDERAL	11.0	11.1	10.7	-0.9	2.8
STATE	16.5	16.5	16.1	0.0	2.5
STATE EDUCATION	8.4	8.4	8.2	0.0	2.4
OTHER	8.1	8.1	7.9	0.0	2.5
LOCAL	32.1	32.0	31.7	0.3	1.3
LOCAL EDUCATION	19.0	18.9	18.8	0.5	1.1
OTHER LOCAL	13.1	13.1	12.9	0.0	1.6

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*THIS CATEGORY INCLUDES FULL AND PART-TIME WORKERS ON THE PAYROLLS OF NONAGRICULTURAL ESTABLISHMENTS FOR THE WEEK INCLUDING THE 12TH OF THE MONTH.

TABLE 3

SIOUX FALLS AND RAPID CITY NONAGRICULTURAL WAGE AND SALARY EMPLOYMENT

	DEC. 1980	NOV. 1980	DEC. 1979	PERCENT CHANGE FROM LAST MONTH	PERCENT CHANGE FROM LAST YEAR
SIOUX FALLS SMSA (MINNEHAHA COUNTY)					
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL	54,500	54,320	56,240	0.3	-3.1
MANUFACTURING	8,040	8,100	8,250	-0.7	-2.5
DURABLE GOODS	2,210	2,250	2,610	-1.8	-15.3
NONDURABLE GOODS	5,830	5,850	5,640	-0.3	3.4
FOOD & KINDRED PRODUCTS	4,420	4,390	4,210	0.7	5.0
NONMANUFACTURING	46,460	46,220	47,990	0.5	-3.2
CONSTRUCTION AND MINING	2,260	2,350	2,990	-3.8	-24.4
TRANSPORTATION & PUBLIC UTILITIES	4,890	4,740	5,090	3.2	-3.9
TRADE	16,020	15,810	17,320	1.3	-7.5
WHOLESALE TRADE	4,850	4,840	5,160	0.2	-6.0
RETAIL TRADE	11,170	10,970	12,160	1.8	-8.1
FINANCE, INSURANCE & REAL ESTATE	3,380	3,400	3,320	-0.5	1.8
SERVICES	13,150	13,160	12,470	-0.1	5.5
GOVERNMENT	6,760	6,760	6,800	0.0	-0.6
RAPID CITY SMSA (PENNINGTON & MEADE COUNTY)					
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL	30,440	31,220	32,840	-2.5	-7.3
MANUFACTURING	3,040	3,090	3,360	-1.6	-9.5
DURABLE GOODS	2,120	2,150	2,440	1.4	-13.1
NONDURABLE GOODS	920	940	920	-2.1	0.0
NONMANUFACTURING	27,400	28,130	29,480	-2.6	-7.1
CONSTRUCTION AND MINING	1,900	2,160	2,440	-12.0	-22.1
TRANSPORTATION & PUBLIC UTILITIES	1,860	1,870	2,000	-0.5	-7.0
TRADE	8,410	8,670	9,620	-3.0	-12.6
WHOLESALE TRADE	1,630	1,640	1,730	-0.6	-5.8
RETAIL TRADE	6,780	7,030	7,890	-3.6	-14.1
FINANCE, INSURANCE & REAL ESTATE	1,450	1,510	1,540	-4.0	-5.8
SERVICES	6,640	6,690	6,540	-0.7	1.5
GOVERNMENT	7,140	7,230	7,340	-1.2	-2.7

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TABLE 4

HOURS AND EARNINGS OF PRODUCTION WORKERS*

	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNINGS			AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS			AVERAGE HOURLY EARNINGS		
	DEC. 1980	NOV. 1980	DEC. 1979	DEC. 1980	NOV. 1980	DEC. 1979	DEC. 1980	NOV. 1980	DEC. 1979
SOUTH DAKOTA STATEWIDE									
MANUFACTURING......................	299.17	298.47	259.62	42.8	43.7	42.7	6.99	6.83	6.08
DURABLE GOODS....................	250.10	255.07	227.27	41.0	42.3	41.7	6.10	6.03	5.45
LUMBER & FURNITURE.............	242.42	250.50	219.82	39.1	41.2	38.7	6.20	6.08	5.68
FABRICATED METALS AND MACH.....	247.05	241.80	221.53	40.7	40.3	41.1	6.07	6.00	5.39
NONDURABLE GOODS.................	347.88	339.15	289.07	44.6	45.1	43.6	7.80	7.52	6.63
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS......	429.44	413.47	343.08	47.4	47.8	46.3	9.06	8.65	7.41
PAPER, PRINTING, & PUBLISHING..	228.41	230.38	202.91	36.9	37.4	37.3	6.19	6.16	5.44
SIOUX FALLS SMSA									
MANUFACTURING......................	441.41	442.64	348.21	48.4	50.3	47.7	9.12	8.80	7.30
DURABLE GOODS....................	266.88	259.58	243.95	41.7	41.8	42.5	6.40	6.21	5.74
NONDURABLE GOODS.................	475.13	479.44	374.85	49.7	52.0	49.0	9.56	9.22	7.65
RAPID CITY SMSA									
MANUFACTURING......................	230.44	227.24	209.65	34.6	34.8	35.0	6.66	6.53	5.99

*AVERAGE HOURS AND EARNINGS DATA ARE DERIVED FROM REPORTS OF PAYROLLS AND HOURS FOR PRODUCTION AND RELATED WORKERS

TABLE 5

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX
ALL URBAN CONSUMERS

				PERCENT CHANGE FROM	
1967=100	NOVEMBER 1980	OCTOBER 1980	NOVEMBER 1979	LAST MONTH	LAST YEAR
ALL ITEMS............................	256.2	253.9	227.5	0.9	12.6
FOOD & BEVERAGES...................	257.4	255.5	233.1	0.7	10.4
HOUSING..............................	273.8	271.1	240.8	1.0	13.7
APPAREL..............................	184.8	183.9	171.7	0.5	7.6
TRANSPORTATION.....................	259.0	256.1	224.9	1.1	15.2
MEDICAL CARE........................	274.5	272.8	248.0	0.6	10.7
ENTERTAINMENT.......................	211.2	210.9	192.8	0.1	9.5

TABLE 6

LABOR TURNOVER RATES
(per 100 employees)

ACCESSION RATES

	TOTAL			NEW HIRES			RECALLS		
	Dec. 1980	Nov. 1980	Dec. 1979	Dec. 1980	Nov. 1980	Dec. 1979	Dec. 1980	Nov. 1980	Dec. 1979
STATEWIDE									
MANUFACTURING	1.0	2.0	3.2	0.5	1.0	2.7	0.4	0.9	0.3
DURABLE GOODS	0.9	1.5	3.4	0.5	0.6	3.1	0.2	0.7	0.1
NONDURABLE GOODS	1.1	2.5	2.9	0.5	1.4	2.4	0.6	1.1	0.5
MINING	1.8	1.5	2.4	1.6	1.4	2.4	0.2	0.1	*
SIOUX FALLS SMSA									
MANUFACTURING	1.3	3.0	3.0	0.7	1.4	2.2	0.5	1.7	0.8

*Less than 0.05%

SEPARATION RATES

	TOTAL			QUITS			LAYOFFS		
	Dec. 1980	Nov. 1980	Dec. 1979	Dec. 1980	Nov. 1980	Dec. 1979	Dec. 1980	Nov. 1980	Dec. 1979
STATEWIDE									
MANUFACTURING	2.7	2.5	3.3	1.1	1.0	1.7	1.4	1.2	1.0
DURABLE GOODS	1.9	3.1	3.6	0.9	1.0	1.8	0.7	1.7	0.7
NONDURABLE GOODS	3.5	2.0	3.0	1.3	0.9	1.5	2.1	0.6	1.3
MINING	2.3	3.0	4.2	0.3	0.6	1.1	1.5	1.3	2.4
SIOUX FALLS SMSA									
MANUFACTURING	2.3	2.0	1.9	0.6	0.8	1.1	1.6	0.9	0.5

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TABLE 7

CHARACTERISTICS OF THE INSURED UNEMPLOYED - STATEWIDE

	NUMBER			PERCENT		
	DEC. 80	NOV. 80	DEC. 79	DEC. 80	NOV. 80	DEC. 79
SEX, TOTAL......................	5,235	3,971	3,063	100.0	100.0	100.0
MALE.........................	3,773	2,505	2,045	72.1	63.1	66.8
FEMALE.......................	1,462	1,466	1,018	27.9	36.9	33.2
RACE, TOTAL.....................	5,235	3,971	3,063	100.0	100.0	100.0
WHITE........................	4,437	3,284	2,432	84.8	82.7	79.4
NONWHITE.....................	798	687	631	15.2	17.3	20.6
AGE, TOTAL......................	5,235	3,971	3,063	100.0	100.0	100.0
UNDER 45.....................	3,999	3,044	2,283	76.4	76.7	74.5
OVER 45......................	1,236	927	780	23.6	23.3	25.5
INDUSTRY, TOTAL.................	5,235	3,971	3,063	100.0	100.0	100.0
MINING.......................	141	68	58	2.7	1.7	1.9
CONSTRUCTION.................	1,897	977	1,110	36.3	24.6	36.2
MANUFACTURING................	1,027	1,005	590	19.6	25.3	19.3
TRANSPORTATION & P.U.........	198	168	126	3.8	4.2	4.1
TRADE........................	947	796	490	18.1	20.0	16.0
FINANCE, INS. & R.E..........	65	70	36	1.2	1.8	1.2
SERVICES.....................	661	626	478	12.6	15.8	15.6
GOVERNMENT...................	299	261	175	5.7	6.6	5.7
OCCUPATION, TOTAL...............	5,235	3,971	3,063	100.0	100.0	100.0
PROF. & MANAGERIAL..........	423	397	306	8.1	10.0	10.0
CLERICAL & SALES.............	623	647	374	11.9	16.3	12.2
SERVICES.....................	503	409	331	9.6	10.3	10.8
PROCESSING...................	91	107	106	1.7	2.7	3.5
MACHINE TRADE................	281	270	76	5.4	6.8	2.5
BENCHWORK....................	481	445	272	9.2	11.2	8.9
STRUCTURAL WORK..............	2,146	1,224	1,241	41.0	30.8	40.5
OTHER........................	687	472	357	13.1	11.9	11.6
DURATION OF CURRENT SPELL OF UNEMPLOYMENT-TOTAL..........	5,235	3,971	3,063	100.0	100.0	100.0
1-2 WEEKS....................	1,175	722	978	22.4	18.2	31.9
3-4 WEEKS....................	792	486	551	15.1	12.2	18.0
5-14 WEEKS...................	1,962	1,571	1,031	37.5	39.6	33.7
15 WEEKS & OVER..............	1,306	1,192	503	25.0	30.0	16.4

TABLE 8

SELECTED LABOR DEPARTMENT ACTIVITIES—STATEWIDE

	DECEMBER 1980	NOVEMBER 1980	DECEMBER 1979	PERCENT CHANGE FROM	
JOB SERVICE				LAST MONTH	LAST YEAR
NEW JOB APPLICANTS	3,101	2,938	3,121	+5.5	-.6
NEW JOB APPLICANTS OCT. 1 TO DATE	10,198	7,125	10,403	+43.1	-2.0
NONAGRICULTURAL JOB OPENINGS	2,647	3,028	3,179	-12.6	-16.7
JOB PLACEMENTS OCT. 1, TO DATE	10,260	7,880	14,296	+30.2	-28.2
NONAGRICULTURAL	9,814	7,496	13,937	+30.9	-29.6
AGRICULTURAL	446	384	359	+16.1	+24.2
APPLICANTS AVAILABLE OCT. 1 TO DATE	37,201	32,282	34,403	+15.2	+8.1
INDIVIDUALS PLACED OCT. 1 TO DATE	7,548	6,098	10,075	+23.8	-25.1
UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE					
STATE PROGRAM					
INITIAL CLAIMS MONTHLY TOTAL	4,018	2,719	3,416	+47.8	+17.6
WEEKS CLAIMED MONTHLY TOTAL	19,137	15,093	12,359	+26.8	+54.8
INITIAL CLAIMS OCT. 1 TO DATE	9,550	5,532	7,551	+72.6	+26.5
WEEKS CLAIMED OCT. 1 TO DATE	51,284	32,147	26,075	+59.5	+96.7
AMOUNT OF BENEFIT PAYMENTS	$1,888,725	$1,055,380	$869,963	+79.0	+117.1
AVERAGE WEEKLY BENEFIT AMOUNT	$103.60	$102.50	$96.02	+1.1	+7.9
BENEFIT PAYMENTS OCT. 1 TO DATE	$4,475,121	$2,520,431	$1,794,057	+77.6	+149.4
UNEMPLOYMENT TRUST FUND (IN ooo's)	$10,162.9	$12,261.5	$15,895.0	-17.1	-36.1
FEDERAL PROGRAM					
INITIAL CLAIMS OCT. 1 TO DATE	525	352	480	+49.1	+9.4
WEEKS CLAIMED OCT. 1 TO DATE	2,392	1,496	1,457	+59.9	+64.2
BENEFIT PAYMENTS OCT. 1 TO DATE	$259,434	$137,669	$155,155	+88.4	+67.2

TABLE 9
JOB OPENINGS RECEIVED AND FILLED BY AVERAGE WAGE FOR MAJOR OCCUPATIONAL GROUP*

OCCUPATIONAL GROUP	OPENINGS RECEIVED	PERCENT	OPENINGS FILLED	PERCENT	PERCENT FILLED TO OPENINGS	AVERAGE WAGE PLACED
SOUTH DAKOTA STATEWIDE	11,388	100.0	10,260	100.0	90.1	3.60
PROFESSIONAL/TECH./MANAGERIAL.............	783	6.9	491	4.8	62.7	5.35
CLERICAL................................	1,730	15.2	1,506	14.7	87.1	3.48
SALES...................................	763	6.7	625	6.1	81.9	3.61
DOMESTIC................................	1,482	13.0	1,474	14.3	99.5	2.70
OTHER SERVICES..........................	1,936	17.0	1,734	16.9	89.6	3.15
FARMING/FISHERY/FORESTRY................	738	6.5	706	6.9	95.7	3.31
PROCESSING..............................	157	1.4	183	1.8	116.6	3.78
MACHINE TRADES..........................	223	1.9	167	1.6	74.9	4.13
BENCHWORK...............................	265	2.3	245	2.4	92.5	3.33
STRUCTURAL..............................	1,177	10.3	1,085	10.6	92.2	4.09
MOTOR FREIGHT/TRANSPORTATION............	441	3.9	388	3.8	88.0	5.02
PACKAGING & MATERIALS HANDLING..........	1,533	13.5	1,499	14.6	97.8	3.98
OTHER...................................	160	1.4	157	1.5	98.1	3.60
SIOUX FALLS SMSA	1,883	100.0	1,565	100.0	83.1	3.57
PROFESSIONAL/TECH./MANAGERIAL.............	105	5.6	63	4.0	60.0	4.36
CLERICAL................................	373	19.8	287	18.3	76.9	3.55
SALES...................................	201	10.7	152	9.7	75.6	3.40
DOMESTIC................................	202	10.7	199	12.7	98.5	2.53
OTHER SERVICES..........................	330	17.5	265	16.9	80.3	3.19
FARMING/FISHERY/FORESTRY................	46	2.4	46	2.9	100.0	3.07
PROCESSING..............................	12	0.6	9	0.6	75.0	4.78
MACHINE TRADES..........................	33	1.7	22	1.4	66.7	4.33
BENCHWORK...............................	35	1.9	28	1.8	80.0	3.45
STRUCTURAL..............................	175	9.3	147	9.4	84.0	4.39
MOTOR FREIGHT/TRANSPORTATION............	122	6.5	115	7.4	94.3	4.55
PACKAGING & MATERIALS HANDLING..........	195	10.4	179	11.4	91.8	3.88
OTHER...................................	54	2.9	53	3.4	98.1	3.59
RAPID CITY SMSA	2,006	100.0	1,814	100.0	90.4	3.61
PROFESSIONAL/TECH./MANAGERIAL.............	102	5.1	64	3.5	62.7	4.52
CLERICAL................................	330	16.4	307	16.9	93.0	3.25
SALES...................................	236	11.8	209	11.5	88.6	3.71
DOMESTIC................................	202	10.1	203	11.2	100.5	2.58
OTHER SERVICES..........................	320	16.0	249	13.7	77.8	3.13
FARMING/FISHERY/FORESTRY................	40	2.0	39	2.2	97.5	4.53
PROCESSING..............................	6	0.3	6	0.3	100.0	5.21
MACHINE TRADES..........................	34	1.7	21	1.2	61.8	4.46
BENCHWORK...............................	22	1.1	23	1.3	104.5	3.53
STRUCTURAL..............................	195	9.7	182	10.0	93.3	4.29
MOTOR FREIGHT/TRANSPORTATION............	84	4.2	78	4.3	92.9	4.75
PACKAGING & MATERIALS HANDLING..........	404	20.1	403	22.2	99.8	3.83
OTHER...................................	31	1.5	30	1.7	96.8	3.88

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*ALL FIGURES ARE CUMULATIVE FOR THE PERIOD 10-1-80/12-31-80. OPENINGS FILLED MAY INCLUDE ORDERS FROM PRIOR FISCAL YEAR RESULTING IN A FIGURE GREATER THAN 100.0 PERCENT FILLED 0 OPENINGS.

AREA WAGE SURVEY
SOUTH DAKOTA
JUNE 1980

U.S. Department of Labor
Bureau of Labor Statistics

This report presents results of a June 1980 survey of wages and selected supplementary benefits in the State of South Dakota.

The study covered establishments employing 50 workers or more in manufacturing; transportation, communication, and other public utilities; wholesale trade; retail trade; finance, insurance, and real estate; and selected services. A sample of 100 establishments employing 23,527 workers was selected to represent 326 establishments employing approximately 46,900 workers in the area. Data collected in the sample of establishments were projected to represent all establishments in scope of the survey.

Table 1 provides hourly earnings information on office and plant workers employed in selected occupations common to a variety of industries. Tables 2, 3, and 4 present information on vacation pay provisions, paid holidays, and health, insurance, and pension plans, for nonsupervisory production and related workers and office workers.

Occupational classification was based on a uniform set of job descriptions designed to take account of interestablishment variation in duties within the same job. The job descriptions used in the survey are available on request.

This is one of approximately 100 areas surveyed by the Bureau of Labor Statistics at the request of the Employment Standards Administration of the U.S. Department of Labor for use in administering the Service Contract Act of 1965. In addition, the Bureau conducts more extensive occupational wage and related benefits studies in 71 other areas throughout the United States. For information on these reports and other Bureau publications, contact any BLS regional office identified on the back page.

August 1980

Table 1. Hourly earnings[1] of office and plant workers in South Dakota, June 1980

Occupation	Number of workers: All	Number of workers: Men	Number of workers: Women	Hourly earnings (all workers)[1]: Mean	Hourly earnings (all workers)[1]: Median	Hourly earnings (all workers)[1]: Middle range	3.10 AND UNDER 3.20	3.20 - 3.60	3.60 - 4.00	4.00 - 4.40	4.40 - 4.80	4.80 - 5.20	5.20 - 5.60	5.60 - 6.00	6.00 - 6.40	6.40 - 6.80	6.80 - 7.20	7.20 - 7.60	7.60 - 8.00	8.00 - 8.40	8.40 - 8.80	8.80 - 9.20	9.20 - 9.60	9.60 - 10.00	10.00 - 10.40	10.40 AND OVER
SECRETARIES	127	-	127	$4.92	$4.73	$4.30- $5.67	-	5	18	20	24	21	5	10	20	-	3	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
SECRETARIES, CLASS A	19	-	19	5.47	5.38	4.79- 6.15	-	-	3	1	2	1	4	1	4	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
SECRETARIES, CLASS B	18	-	18	4.80	4.54	4.33- 5.67	-	-	3	3	5	-	-	6	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
SECRETARIES, CLASS C	29	-	29	4.80	4.43	4.37- 5.15	-	4	2	2	11	5	-	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
SECRETARIES, CLASS D	49	-	49	4.67	4.85	4.10- 5.10	-	-	10	8	4	15	1	3	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
SECRETARIES, CLASS E	12	-	12	4.69	-	-	-	1	-	6	2	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
STENOGRAPHERS[2]	74	-	74	4.51	4.25	3.63- 4.60	-	15	10	23	5	8	3	-	-	-	9	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
STENOGRAPHERS, SENIOR	18	-	18	5.74	5.30	4.90- 6.84	-	-	-	-	-	8	3	-	-	-	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
TYPISTS[2]	111	1	110	4.61	4.20	3.70- 5.40	16	10	16	19	18	2	6	-	9	5	6	-	1	3	-	-	-	-	-	-
TYPISTS, CLASS A	15	-	15	5.41	4.73	4.72- 6.31	-	-	-	1	7	-	2	-	3	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
TYPISTS, CLASS B	94	1	93	4.47	4.13	3.57- 4.77	16	10	16	18	11	1	3	-	6	4	6	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-
FILE CLERKS[2]	80	-	80	3.76	3.57	3.27- 3.75	17	26	23	5	1	2	-	3	2	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
FILE CLERKS, CLASS B	38	-	38	3.88	3.70	3.53- 3.95	3	13	14	4	-	-	-	3	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
FILE CLERKS, CLASS C	37	-	37	3.39	3.40	3.12- 3.60	14	13	9	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
SWITCHBOARD OPERATORS	39	-	39	4.32	3.75	3.55- 4.46	4	13	5	4	5	3	-	-	-	2	-	-	1	2	-	-	-	-	-	-
KEY ENTRY OPERATORS[2]	152	-	152	4.79	4.12	3.65- 4.90	-	30	37	23	17	12	1	1	-	5	3	-	5	18	-	-	-	-	-	-
KEY ENTRY OPERATORS, CLASS A	41	-	41	6.75	7.82	4.90- 8.15	-	-	1	5	3	4	1	1	-	-	3	-	5	18	-	-	-	-	-	-
KEY ENTRY OPERATORS, CLASS B	110	-	110	4.07	3.92	3.57- 4.37	-	30	35	18	14	8	-	-	-	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
COMPUTER OPERATORS[2]	81	35	46	5.83	5.76	4.50- 6.90	-	-	7	8	9	5	11	4	4	9	14	2	-	-	8	-	-	-	-	-
COMPUTER OPERATORS, CLASS B	51	23	28	6.34	6.29	5.82- 6.90	-	-	-	3	4	3	9	4	3	4	12	1	-	-	8	-	-	-	-	-
COMPUTER OPERATORS, CLASS C	24	7	17	4.50	4.41	3.60- 4.84	-	-	7	5	5	2	2	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DRAFTERS[2]	88	75	13	5.91	5.53	5.07- 6.60	-	-	-	3	4	25	18	4	11	9	1	3	4	-	-	6	-	-	-	-
DRAFTERS, CLASS B	7	7	-	5.86	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	2	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DRAFTERS, CLASS C	42	35	7	5.45	5.43	5.00- 5.76	-	-	-	3	3	9	14	4	7	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DRAFTERS, CLASS D	15	15	-	5.06	5.07	5.03- 5.07	-	-	-	-	-	14	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
DRAFTERS, CLASS E	9	3	6	6.15	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	-	-	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
ELECTRONICS TECHNICIANS	95	93	2	7.30	7.14	5.75- 8.21	-	-	-	-	-	5	3	23	7	4	7	3	16	5	4	4	3	3	6	2
ELECTRONICS TECHNICIANS, CLASS A	28	28	-	8.64	8.45	7.99- 9.19	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8	5	4	4	3	3	-	1
ELECTRONICS TECHNICIANS, CLASS B	27	26	1	7.86	7.14	6.62- 9.17	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2	4	7	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	6	1
ELECTRONICS TECHNICIANS, CLASS C	40	39	1	5.99	5.73	5.65- 6.08	-	-	-	-	-	5	3	21	5	-	-	-	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
MAINTENANCE MACHINISTS	72	72	-	8.37	9.10	7.75- 9.81	-	-	-	-	-	2	10	-	4	-	-	-	8	8	-	12	-	28	-	-
MAINTENANCE MECHANICS (MACHINERY)	177	177	-	7.12	6.83	6.30- 7.78	-	-	-	-	8	2	2	7	27	24	34	3	33	-	28	5	-	4	-	-
MAINTENANCE MECHANICS (MOTOR VEHICLES)	104	104	-	8.17	7.78	6.87- 9.81	-	-	-	-	-	7	-	2	10	4	27	2	-	10	1	12	-	10	-	[3]19
TOOL AND DIE MAKERS	35	35	-	7.02	7.05	6.67- 7.30	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	15	9	3	-	6	-	-	-	-	-	-
STATIONARY ENGINEERS	17	17	-	8.35	9.81	5.75- 10.01	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	4	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	4	5	-
TRUCKDRIVERS[2] [4]	337	326	9	6.81	6.40	4.80- 7.90	6	11	9	7	51	24	44	-	11	29	37	4	35	-	6	-	8	-	-	[5]55
LIGHT TRUCK	57	49	8	4.80	5.45	4.32- 5.50	6	8	-	5	-	-	38	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
MEDIUM TRUCK	98	95	1	8.07	9.36	4.65- 11.48	-	3	9	-	22	5	4	-	2	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	8	-	-	44
HEAVY TRUCK	100	100	-	6.28	6.60	4.50- 7.90	-	-	-	-	28	9	-	-	6	22	-	3	32	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
TRACTOR-TRAILER	81	81	-	7.36	6.98	6.40- 7.50	-	-	-	2	-	10	2	-	3	7	36	1	3	-	6	-	-	-	-	11
HEAVY EQUIPMENT OPERATORS	36	36	-	7.52	7.35	6.80- 8.23	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	6	7	6	2	3	4	-	2	3	-	-
SHIPPING PACKERS	148	65	77	4.79	4.88	3.90- 5.56	1	15	24	10	24	22	17	18	12	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
MATERIAL HANDLING LABORERS	357	348	9	6.15	4.77	4.35- 7.73	-	9	48	37	86	9	16	19	12	1	-	16	20	-	13	38	-	-	-	33
FORKLIFT OPERATORS	115	102	13	5.88	5.65	4.75- 6.29	-	-	-	9	23	12	12	28	3	10	-	-	-	-	2	14	2	-	-	-
GUARDS[2]	34	34	-	6.39	5.60	4.79- 8.96	-	2	-	6	1	6	-	3	1	3	-	-	-	-	-	10	2	-	-	-
GUARDS, CLASS A	32	32	-	6.22	5.60	4.56- 8.96	-	2	-	6	1	6	-	3	1	3	-	-	-	-	-	10	-	-	-	-
JANITORS, PORTERS, AND CLEANERS	392	327	55	4.59	4.19	3.60- 5.35	37	54	71	54	50	37	36	20	12	18	10	-	-	-	1	12	-	-	-	-

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[1] Excludes premium pay for overtime and for work on weekends, holidays, and late shifts. Incentive payments, such as those resulting from piecework, production bonuses, and commission systems, are included in the wages reported; nonproduction bonuses are excluded. Cost-of-living allowances are considered as part of the workers' regular pay. Hourly earnings reported for salaried workers are derived from regular salaries divided by the corresponding standard hours of work. The wages of learners, apprentices, and handicapped workers are excluded. The mean is computed for each job by totaling the earnings of all workers and dividing by the number of workers. The median designates position—half of the workers receive the same or more and half receive the same or less than the rate shown. The middle range is defined by two rates of pay: a fourth of the workers earn the same or less than the lower of these rates and a fourth earn the same or more than the higher rate.

[2] Includes workers other than those presented separately.

[3] Workers were at $11.60 to $12.

[4] Includes all drivers regardless of size and type of truck operated.

[5] Workers were distributed as follows: 47 at $11.20 to $11.60; and 8 at $11.60 to $12.

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Table 2. Paid vacation provisions[1] for full-time workers in South Dakota, June 1980

Item	Production and related workers	Office workers
PERCENT OF WORKERS		
ALL FULL-TIME WORKERS	100	100
IN ESTABLISHMENTS NOT PROVIDING PAID VACATIONS	1	(2)
IN ESTABLISHMENTS PROVIDING PAID VACATIONS	99	99
LENGTH-OF-TIME PAYMENT	95	99
PERCENTAGE PAYMENT	5	(2)
AMOUNT OF PAID VACATION AFTER:[3]		
6 MONTHS OF SERVICE:		
UNDER 1 WEEK	8	3
1 WEEK	11	42
OVER 1 AND UNDER 2 WEEKS	8	8
1 YEAR OF SERVICE:		
1 WEEK	68	43
OVER 1 AND UNDER 2 WEEKS	3	(2)
2 WEEKS	25	52
OVER 2 AND UNDER 3 WEEKS	3	4
2 YEARS OF SERVICE:		
1 WEEK	38	11
OVER 1 AND UNDER 2 WEEKS	3	(2)
2 WEEKS	55	85
OVER 2 AND UNDER 3 WEEKS	4	4
OVER 3 AND UNDER 4 WEEKS	(2)	-
3 YEARS OF SERVICE:		
1 WEEK	2	(2)
OVER 1 AND UNDER 2 WEEKS	2	(2)
2 WEEKS	91	94
OVER 2 AND UNDER 3 WEEKS	2	3
3 WEEKS	1	1
OVER 3 AND UNDER 4 WEEKS	(2)	-
4 WEEKS	1	1
5 YEARS OF SERVICE:		
1 WEEK	(2)	(2)
2 WEEKS	75	81
OVER 2 AND UNDER 3 WEEKS	3	4
3 WEEKS	20	13
OVER 3 AND UNDER 4 WEEKS	1	1
4 WEEKS	1	1
10 YEARS OF SERVICE:		
1 WEEK	(2)	(2)
2 WEEKS	14	12
OVER 2 AND UNDER 3 WEEKS	1	2
3 WEEKS	79	81
OVER 3 AND UNDER 4 WEEKS	1	1
4 WEEKS	2	3
OVER 4 AND UNDER 5 WEEKS	(2)	-
OVER 5 AND UNDER 6 WEEKS	1	1
AMOUNT OF PAID VACATION AFTER[3]—CONTINUED		
15 YEARS OF SERVICE:		
1 WEEK	(2)	(2)
2 WEEKS	12	3
OVER 2 AND UNDER 3 WEEKS	1	2
3 WEEKS	42	53
OVER 3 AND UNDER 4 WEEKS	1	3
4 WEEKS	42	39
OVER 4 AND UNDER 5 WEEKS	1	-
OVER 5 AND UNDER 6 WEEKS	1	1
20 YEARS OF SERVICE:		
1 WEEK	(2)	(2)
2 WEEKS	12	3
OVER 2 AND UNDER 3 WEEKS	1	2
3 WEEKS	23	32
4 WEEKS	48	54
5 WEEKS	13	6
OVER 5 AND UNDER 6 WEEKS	2	1
25 YEARS OF SERVICE:		
1 WEEK	(2)	(2)
2 WEEKS	12	3
OVER 2 AND UNDER 3 WEEKS	1	2
3 WEEKS	21	23
4 WEEKS	40	54
5 WEEKS	13	17
OVER 5 AND UNDER 6 WEEKS	2	1
6 WEEKS	11	-
30 YEARS OF SERVICE:		
1 WEEK	(2)	(2)
2 WEEKS	12	3
OVER 2 AND UNDER 3 WEEKS	1	2
3 WEEKS	21	23
4 WEEKS	39	53
5 WEEKS	13	14
OVER 5 AND UNDER 6 WEEKS	2	1
6 WEEKS	11	3
MAXIMUM VACATION AVAILABLE:		
1 WEEK	(2)	(2)
2 WEEKS	12	3
OVER 2 AND UNDER 3 WEEKS	1	2
3 WEEKS	21	23
4 WEEKS	39	45
5 WEEKS	13	22
OVER 5 AND UNDER 6 WEEKS	2	1
6 WEEKS	11	3

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[1] Includes basic plans only. Excludes plans such as vacation bonus, vacation-savings, and those plans which offer "extended" or "sabbatical" benefits beyond basic plans to workers with qualifying lengths of service. Typical of such exclusions are plans in the steel, aluminum, and can industries.

[2] Less than 0.5 percent.

[3] Includes payment other than "length of time," such as percentage of annual earnings or flat-sum payments converted to an equivalent time basis; a payment of 2 percent of annual earnings was considered as 1 week's pay. Periods of service were chosen arbitrarily and do not necessarily reflect individual provisions for progression. For example, the changes in proportions at 10 years' service include changes in provisions occurring between 5 and 10 years. Estimates are cumulative. Thus, the proportion eligible for at least 3 weeks' pay after 10 years includes those eligible for at least 3 weeks' pay after fewer years of service.

NOTE: Because of rounding, sums of individual items may not equal totals.

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Table 3. Annual paid holidays for full-time workers in South Dakota, June 1980

Item	Production and related workers	Office workers
PERCENT OF WORKERS		
ALL FULL-TIME WORKERS	100	100
IN ESTABLISHMENTS NOT PROVIDING PAID HOLIDAYS	6	6
IN ESTABLISHMENTS PROVIDING PAID HOLIDAYS	94	94
AVERAGE NUMBER OF PAID HOLIDAYS		
FOR WORKERS IN ESTABLISHMENTS PROVIDING HOLIDAYS	8.4	8.3
PERCENT OF WORKERS BY NUMBER OF PAID HOLIDAYS PROVIDED		
1 HALF DAY	1	-
2 HOLIDAYS	1	(1)
3 HOLIDAYS	1	(1)
4 HOLIDAYS	(1)	(1)
6 HOLIDAYS	15	12
7 HOLIDAYS	10	12
PLUS 1 HALF DAY	2	1
PLUS 2 HALF DAYS	-	5
8 HOLIDAYS	18	20
PLUS 2 HALF DAYS	1	1
9 HOLIDAYS	14	28
10 HOLIDAYS	24	10
11 HOLIDAYS	3	2
12 HOLIDAYS	2	1
13 HOLIDAYS	3	2

[1] Less than 0.5 percent.

NOTE: Because of rounding, sums of individual items may not equal totals.

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Table 4. Health, insurance, and pension plans for full-time workers in South Dakota, June 1980

Item	Production and related workers	Office workers
PERCENT OF WORKERS		
ALL FULL-TIME WORKERS	100	100
IN ESTABLISHMENTS PROVIDING AT LEAST ONE OF THE BENEFITS SHOWN BELOW[1]	96	99
LIFE INSURANCE	88	94
NONCONTRIBUTORY PLANS	63	63
ACCIDENTAL DEATH AND DISMEMBERMENT INSURANCE	75	85
NONCONTRIBUTORY PLANS	57	55
SICKNESS AND ACCIDENT INSURANCE OR SICK LEAVE OR BOTH[2]	70	39
SICKNESS AND ACCIDENT INSURANCE	42	60
NONCONTRIBUTORY PLANS	33	40
SICK LEAVE (FULL PAY AND NO WAITING PERIOD)	34	57
SICK LEAVE (PARTIAL PAY OR WAITING PERIOD)	17	5
LONG-TERM DISABILITY INSURANCE	28	55
NONCONTRIBUTORY PLANS	13	39
HOSPITALIZATION INSURANCE	94	97
NONCONTRIBUTORY PLANS	67	51
SURGICAL INSURANCE	94	97
NONCONTRIBUTORY PLANS	67	51
MEDICAL INSURANCE	93	97
NONCONTRIBUTORY PLANS	67	51
MAJOR MEDICAL INSURANCE	93	97
NONCONTRIBUTORY PLANS	67	50
DENTAL INSURANCE	47	43
NONCONTRIBUTORY PLANS	42	34
RETIREMENT PENSION	72	78
NONCONTRIBUTORY PLANS	54	65

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[1] Estimates listed after type of benefit are for all plans for which at least part of the cost is borne by the employer. "Noncontributory plans" include only those financed entirely by the employer. Excluded are legally required plans such as workers' compensation, social security, and railroad retirement.

[2] Unduplicated total of workers receiving sick leave or sickness and accident insurance shown separately below. Sick leave plans are limited to those which definitely establish at least the minimum number of days' pay that each employee can expect. Informal sick leave allowances determined on an individual basis are excluded.

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Table 5. Establishments and workers within scope of survey and number studied in South Dakota,[1] June 1980

Industry division[2]	Minimum employment in establishments in scope of study	Number of establishments		Workers in establishments				
		Within scope of study[3]	Studied	Within scope of study				Studied
				Total[4]		Full-time production and related workers	Full-time office workers	
				Number	Percent			Total[4]
ALL DIVISIONS	50	326	100	46,897	100	26,321	4,811	23,527
MANUFACTURING	50	109	37	20,750	44	16,115	1,264	12,182
NONMANUFACTURING[5]	50	217	63	26,147	56	10,206	3,547	11,345

[1] The "workers within scope of study" estimates shown in this table provide a reasonably accurate description of the size and composition of the labor force included in the survey. The estimates are not intended, however, to serve as a basis of comparison with other statistical series for the area to measure employment trends or levels since (1) planning of wage surveys requires the use of establishment data compiled considerably in advance of the payroll period studied, and (2) small establishments are excluded from the scope of the survey.

[2] The 1972 edition of the Standard Industrial Classification Manual was used in classifying establishments by industry division.

[3] Includes all establishments with total employment at or above the minimum limitation. All outlets (within the area) of companies in such industries as trade, finance, auto repair service, and motion picture theaters are considered as one establishment.

[4] Includes executive, professional, part-time, and other workers excluded from the separate production and office categories.

[5] Includes transportation, communication, and other public utilities (excluding taxicabs and services incidental to water transportation); wholesale trade; retail trade; finance, insurance, and real estate; hotels and other lodging places; laundries and other personal services; automobile repair, rental, and parking; motion pictures; nonprofit membership organizations (excluding religious and charitable organizations); engineering and architectural services; and miscellaneous business services. Major industries excluded from this survey are agriculture; mining; construction; some services (notably educational institutions and medical services); and government operations.

In this area, occupational descriptions have been revised for computer operators and drafters.

The new description for computer operators has been expanded to include lead operators and trainees.

The new description for drafters includes five levels instead of the four levels used in previous years. Data in the overall category and in the individual levels are not comparable to data for the previous description.

Workers previously classified as keypunch operators are now classified as key entry operators.

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SERVICE CONTRACT ACT SURVEYS

The following areas are surveyed periodically. Copies of public releases are or will be available at no cost while supplies last.

Alaska (statewide)
Albany, Ga.
Albuquerque, N. Mex.
Alexandria–Leesville, La.
Alpena–Standish–Tawas City, Mich.
Ann Arbor, Mich.
Asheville, N.C.
Atlantic City, N.J.
Augusta, Ga.–S.C.
Austin, Tex.
Bakersfield, Calif.
Baton Rouge, La.
Beaumont–Port Arthur–Orange and Lake Charles, Tex.–La.
Biloxi–Gulfport and Pascagoula–Moss Point, Miss.
Binghamton, N.Y.
Birmingham, Ala.
Bremerton–Shelton, Wash.
Brunswick, Ga.
Cedar Rapids, Iowa
Champaign–Urbana–Rantoul, Ill.
Charleston–North Charleston–Walterboro, S.C.
Cheyenne, Wyo.
Clarksville–Hopkinsville, Tenn.–Ky.
Colorado Springs, Colo.
Columbia–Sumter, S.C.
Columbus, Ga.–Ala.
Columbus, Miss.
Connecticut (statewide)
Dothan, Ala.
Duluth–Superior, Minn.–Wis.
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Eugene–Springfield–Medford, Oreg.
Fayetteville, N.C.
Fort Smith, Ark.–Okla.
Fort Wayne, Ind.
Frederick–Hagerstown–Chambersburg, Md.–Pa.
Gadsden and Anniston, Ala.
Goldsboro, N.C.
Guam, Territory of
Knoxville, Tenn.
La Crosse–Sparta, Wis.
Laredo, Tex.
Lexington–Fayette, Ky.
Lima, Ohio
Little Rock–North Little Rock, Ark.
Logansport–Peru, Ind.
Lower Eastern Shore, Md.–Va.–Del.
Macon, Ga.
Madison, Wis.
Maine (statewide)
Mansfield, Ohio
McAllen–Pharr–Edinburg and Brownsville–Harlingen–San Benito, Tex.
Meridian, Miss.
Middlesex, Monmouth, and Ocean Counties, N.J.
Mobile–Pensacola–Panama City, Ala.–Fla.
Montana (statewide)
Montgomery, Ala.
Nashville–Davidson, Tenn.
New Bern–Jacksonville, N.C.
New Hampshire (statewide)
North Dakota (statewide)
Northern New York
Northwest Texas
Orlando, Fla.
Oxnard–Simi Valley–Ventura, Calif.
Peoria, Ill.
Pine Bluff, Ark.
Pueblo, Colo.
Puerto Rico
Raleigh–Durham, N.C.
Reno, Nev.
Riverside–San Bernardino–Ontario, Calif.
Salina, Kans.
Santa Barbara–Santa Maria–Lompoc, Calif.
Savannah, Ga.
Selma, Ala.
Sherman–Denison, Tex.
Shreveport, La.
South Dakota (statewide)
Southeastern Massachusetts
Southern Idaho
Southwest Virginia
Spokane, Wash.
Springfield, Ill.
Stockton, Calif.
Tacoma, Wash.
Topeka, Kans.
Tucson–Douglas, Ariz.
Tulsa, Okla.
Upper Peninsula, Mich.
Vallejo–Fairfield–Napa, Calif.
Vermont (statewide)
Virgin Islands of the U.S.
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Waterloo–Cedar Falls, Iowa
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South Dakota Labor Bulletin

COMPILED FEBRUARY 18, 1981

REPORT FOR JANUARY 1981

WOMEN WORKING FULL TIME STILL EARN LESS THAN MEN

The January 1981 Monthly Labor Review features an article by Nancy F. Rytina entitled "Occupational Segregation and Earnings Differences by Sex." Her research indicated that women working full time earned about 60 percent of what men earned through 1978 nationwide.

She writes that a popular explanation for this continuing disparity is occupational segregation. Occupational segregation in this case means that the majority of women are working in a small number of occupations, and these occupations are predominantly female. Rytina says that "In both 1969 and 1979, about one half of working women were employed in fewer than 30 of the detailed census occupations . . . (such as) nurses, secretaries and elementary school teachers."

Based on a sample of 150,000 households Rytina and Muriel K. Nelson prepared a table showing a number of occupations, the percent of women in these occupations and the ratio of womens' earnings to that of men. This table has been reproduced on page 4. The table also uses the Duncan Socio-economic Index to rank the status of the occupation from a low of 2 to a high of 96.

Research and Statistics publishes a report on South Dakota's women in the labor force every three years. A new report is currently underway and will be published in March 1981. If you would like to request a copy of Women in the Labor Force write to Dept. of Labor, Research and Statistics, Box 1730, Aberdeen, South Dakota 57401.

LABOR FORCE

The unemployment rate for South Dakota, which has been climbing since November 1978, rose to 6.5% in January from 5.6% in December. That increase was not as large as usual for January, probably due to the mild weather. Nevertheless, the January rate was the highest on record. It was a full percentage point higher than the January 1980 figure of 5.5% and considerably higher than the January average of 4.2% during the past decade. The January state rate of 6.5% compared with the unadjusted national rate of 8.2%.

The following table shows that until 1979 the rate of unemployment in South Dakota was about half the national average. That year it jumped to 60% of the national figure. In 1980 it was about 66% and this January it was 79%.

UNEMPLOYMENT RATE

	Nation	SD
1970	4.9%	2.6%
1971	5.9%	2.9%
1972	5.6%	2.8%
1973	4.9%	2.6%
1974	5.6%	2.7%
1975	8.5%	3.7%
1976	7.7%	3.4%
1977	7.0%	3.3%
1978	6.0%	3.1%
1979	5.8%	3.5%
1980	7.1%	4.7%

Published Monthly by the South Dakota Department of Labor

This publication was printed at a cost of 7.7 cents per copy and contains labor market information.
Eight hundred copies were printed.

South Dakota's number of unemployed was estimated at 20,900 for January 1980. That was 15% more than the previous month and 19% above the year-ago figure of 17,600. Since October of 1978 the number of unemployed South Dakotan's has been higher than the year earlier.

Total employment continued the downward trend which began in May of last year. The January figure of 300,000 was 1.3% below the January 1980 estimate of 303,800.

NONAGRICULTURAL WAGE AND SALARY EMPLOYMENT

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment fell by 2,700 the past year to 231,500 in January. Declines of 2,500 in manufacturing, 700 in construction and 2,600 in trade were partially offset by gains of 1,500 in services, 200 in finance/insurance/real estate and 1,400 in government. Transportation and public utilities employment was unchanged at 13,400.

HOURS AND EARNINGS

The average manufacturing production worker in South Dakota worked 43.6 hours a week in January at $6.90 an hour for a gross weekly wage of $300.84. The average weekly wage was up 19.7% from a year earlier. The average number of hours worked was also up from 41.9 hours one year ago. That is a healthy sign since employers generally have their employees work longer hours before they begin rehiring.

SIOUX FALLS SMSA

The Sioux Falls unemployment rate was 5.8% in January. That was well ahead of the year-ago figure of 5.1%. There were 3,609 Sioux Falls residents unemployed in January. That was a 14% increase over the figure of 3,161 recorded a year earlier. Employment continued to run slightly below the year-ago level. The January 1981 figure of 58,646 was 1% below the January 1980 estimate of 59,245.

Nonfarm payroll employment totaling 53,650 was also down in Sioux Falls in January. It posted a seasonal decline of 680 from December and was also 1% below the year-ago figure of 54,170. The biggest loser in employment among the major industries was construction. It dropped 23% over the past year to 1,930. During the same period, manufacturing employment declined 13% to 2,180 and trade decreased 3% to 15,760. Services and finance/insurance/real estate were the only gainers with increases of 6% and 2% respectively.

The average manufacturing production employee in Sioux Falls worked 50.2 hours a week in Jan. at $8.82 an hour for a gross weekly wage of $442.76.

RAPID CITY SMSA

The unemployment rate in Rapid City rose to 7.2% in January. That compared with 6.1% last month and last year. There were 2,828 Rapid City residents unemployed in January or 12.6% more than the same time last year. Total employment dipped to 36,710 from 38,653 a year earlier.

Total nonagricultural wage and salary employment was also down. The January figure of 30,200 was 1.8% below the December estimate of 30,760 and 5.3% below the January 1980 estimate of 31,890. Construction employment dropped 16% to 1,750 over the year, while manufacturing was off 11% at 3,040 trade was down 10%. Services and finance/insurance/real estate were up 3.4% and 1.3%.

The average manufacturing production worker in Rapid City worked 37.7 hours a week in January at $6.85 an hour for a gross weekly wage of $258.25.

JOB SERVICE ACTIVITY

There were 21,056 active work applicants on file at South Dakota Job Service Offices at the end of January, 1981. Of this total, 95.3% were

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experienced applicants with the remainder being entry applicants.

Although 44.2% of the active experienced work applicants were female, their participation rate as to occupational experience varied greatly. Female participation was heavily weighted in the clerical/sales and service occupations. All persons showing a previous attachment to those occupations accounted for 45.2% of all experienced work applicants with 74.0% of those applicants being female. Those applicants showing a benchmark occupation accounted for only 3.8% of all applicants but 72.2% of the 763 recorded applicants were women.

Female representation in the following occupational categories was on the very low side. Females accounted for only a 3.6% share of the structural work applicants, 5.4% of the transportation, 7.2% of machine trades and 9.6% of those applicants associated with packaging and materials handling occupations. Females accounted for only 5.3% of the 6,629 total registrants showing the above occupational qualifications.

The female share of the applicants that show a professional/technical/managerial background amounted to 43.5%. This occupational classification made up 12.1% of all applicants.

Of the total female applicants on file at the end of January, 70.9% were under 35 years of age. White applicants accounted for 81.3% of the total with the remainder being, mainly, American Indian with only 2.0% other minorities. Nearly 20% were eligible claimants for unemployment benefits. Over 35% were classified as being economically disadvantaged with over 25% showing welfare status. Over 72% of the female applicants completed high school with nearly a third of those having additional post high school training. Only 2.3% of the applicants had less than some secondary education.

Table 2. Sex-earnings ratios of full-time, year-round workers in selected occupations ranked by the percent of women employed

Occupation	Percent of women[1]	Duncan Socio-economic Index	Number of employed workers (in thousands)		Median annual earnings (1975)		Sex-earnings ratio (women/men)
			Men	Women	Men	Women	
Kindergarten and prekindergarten teachers	99	72	(²)	49	(²)	$ 9,348	(²)
Secretaries, n.e.c.	99	61	(²)	1,655	(²)	8,070	(²)
Waiters/waitresses	93	16	35	169	$ 6,027	4,441	74
Bookkeepers	92	51	95	685	12,300	7,455	61
Cashiers	91	44	39	239	10,553	5,973	57
Hairdressers and cosmetologists	[illegible]	17	32	139	9,704	5,114	53
Nursing aides, orderlies, attendants	87	14	67	362	8,268	6,002	73
Stenographers	98	61	(²)	56	(²)	9,408	(²)
Elementary school teachers	84	72	120	419	12,243	10,545	86
Food service workers, n.e.c., except private household	[illegible]	11	33	82	7,897	5,398	68
Miscellaneous clerical workers	82	44	93	333	10,220	7,710	75
Sales clerks, retail trade	[illegible]	39	248	346	10,182	5,147	51
Payroll and timekeeping clerks	[illegible]	44	48	98	13,028	8,309	64
Counter clerks, except food	[illegible]	44	45	89	11,036	6,088	55
Statistical clerks	[illegible]	44	56	134	13,127	8,075	62
Housekeepers, except private household	[illegible]	31	(²)	86	(²)	7,243	(²)
Packers and wrappers, except meat and produce	[illegible]	18	119	171	8,775	6,885	78
Therapists	[illegible]	60	20	61	12,508	10,898	87
Knitters, loopers, toppers	[illegible]	02	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
Building interior cleaners, n.e.c.	[illegible]	09	148	172	8,021	5,628	70
Office managers, n.e.c.	[illegible]	62	99	160	14,542	9,306	64
Social workers	[illegible]	64	102	121	12,602	10,947	87
Assemblers	[illegible]	17	256	235	10,497	7,019	67
Checkers, examiners, inspectors, manufacturing	[illegible]	23	248	192	11,964	7,353	61
Secondary school teachers	[illegible]	70	344	225	13,255	11,280	85
Computer and peripheral equipment operators	50	45	93	80	11,450	8,358	73
Painters and sculptors	47	57	43	27	14,348	7,772	54
Real estate agents and brokers	[illegible]	62	181	64	15,261	8,179	54
Personnel and labor relations workers	[illegible]	84	163	111	17,875	10,574	59
Bartenders	[illegible]	19	80	33	7,278	4,923	68
Insurance adjusters, examiners, investigators	43	62	65	39	13,661	8,069	59
Sales managers and department heads, retail	[illegible]	71	178	84	14,617	7,164	49
Accountants	[illegible]	77	512	165	15,218	10,517	70
Machine operatives, miscellaneous specified	[illegible]	19	524	168	11,208	6,528	58
Postal clerks	[illegible]	45	150	42	13,637	13,387	98
School administrators, elementary and secondary	[illegible]	72	151	47	19,144	13,350	70
Expediters and production controllers	[illegible]	44	110	39	13,537	8,693	64
Farm laborers, (wage workers)	[illegible]	22	253	24	6,083	4,067	67
Bank officers and financial managers	[illegible]	60	363	115	16,567	9,686	58
Computer programmers	[illegible]	65	125	25	15,150	12,785	84
Janitors and sextons	[illegible]	13	550	662	8,349	6,902	83
Insurance agents, brokers, underwriters	[illegible]	56	326	50	14,947	8,758	59
Managers and administrators, n.e.c.	[illegible]	62	3,742	514	16,657	8,445	51
Medical and osteopathic physicians	[illegible]	92	244	34	35,960	14,893	41
Freight and material handlers	[illegible]	09	274	29	10,169	6,873	68
Blue collar work supervisors, n.e.c.	10	50	1,174	99	14,297	7,832	55
Lawyers	10	92	266	(²)	24,964	(²)	(²)
Farmers (owners and tenants)	08	14	831	40	8,020	1,869	23
Industrial engineers	02	86	179	(²)	17,948	(²)	(²)
Dentists	[illegible]	96	63	(²)	31,329	(²)	(²)
Automobile mechanics	[illegible]	19	554	(²)	10,488	(²)	(²)

[1] Refers to all workers.

[2] Figures not shown where less than approximately 60 sample cases.

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TABLE 1

LABOR FORCE/EMPLOYMENT/UNEMPLOYMENT

	JANUARY 1981				JANUARY 1980			
	LABOR FORCE [1/]	EMPLOY-MENT	UNEMPLOY-MENT	RATE	LABOR FORCE [1/]	EMPLOY-MENT	UNEMPLOY-MENT	RATE
UNITED STATES	104,671,000	96,128,000	8,543,000	8.2 [2/]	103,188,000	96,145,000	7,043,000	6.8 [2/]
SOUTH DAKOTA	320,900	300,000	20,900	6.5	321,400	303,800	17,600	5.5
SIOUX FALLS SMSA	62,255	58,646	3,609	5.8	62,406	59,245	3,161	5.1
RAPID CITY SMSA	39,538	36,710	2,828	7.2	41,166	38,653	2,513	6.1
AURORA COUNTY	1,418	1,365	53	3.7	1,418	1,378	40	2.8
BEADLE COUNTY	9,613	8,995	618	6.4	9,767	9,269	498	5.1
BENNETT	1,111	1,061	50	4.5	1,155	1,098	57	5.9
BON HOMME	3,378	3,199	179	5.3	3,521	3,354	167	4.7
BROOKINGS	14,158	13,235	923	6.5	12,972	12,304	668	5.1
BROWN	19,136	17,903	1,233	6.4	19,731	18,570	1,161	5.9
BRULE	2,764	2,585	179	6.5	2,725	2,608	117	4.3
BUFFALO	519	413	106	20.4	537	445	92	17.1
BUTTE	3,832	3,608	224	5.9	3,726	3,593	133	3.6
CAMPBELL	665	608	57	8.6	819	714	105	12.8
CHARLES MIX	3,779	3,564	215	5.7	3,830	3,651	179	4.7
CLARK	1,638	1,533	105	6.4	1,778	1,710	68	3.8
CLAY	5,785	5,395	390	6.7	6,045	5,631	414	6.8
CODINGTON	10,361	9,504	857	8.3	9,968	9,400	568	5.7
CORSON	1,356	1,161	195	14.4	1,458	1,289	161	11.0
CUSTER	2,338	2,163	175	7.5	2,249	2,091	158	7.0
DAVISON	9,366	8,900	466	5.0	9,807	9,337	470	4.8
DAY	3,079	2,824	255	8.3	3,008	2,809	199	6.6
DEUEL	1,836	1,595	241	13.1	1,834	1,680	154	8.4
DEWEY	1,854	1,679	175	9.4	1,837	1,687	150	8.2
DOUGLAS	1,776	1,706	70	3.9	1,770	1,715	55	3.1
EDMUNDS	1,884	1,796	88	4.7	1,908	1,815	93	4.9
FALL RIVER	3,610	3,376	234	6.5	3,617	3,465	152	4.2
FAULK	1,267	1,214	53	4.2	1,281	1,231	50	3.9

[1/] Labor force estimates include employed and unemployed civilians 16 years old and older by place of residence.

[2/] The seasonally adjusted rates which were announced by the national government were 7.4% and 6.2%. The data in this table are not seasonally adjusted.

	JANUARY 1981				JANUARY 1980			
	LABOR FORCE	EMPLOY-MENT	UNEMPLOY-MENT	RATE	LABOR FORCE	EMPLOY-MENT	UNEMPLOY-MENT	RATE
GRANT	4,268	3,998	270	6.3	3,974	3,814	160	4.0
GREGORY	2,337	2,231	106	4.5	2,435	2,294	141	5.8
HAAKON	1,402	1,360	42	3.0	1,414	1,345	69	4.9
HAMLIN	1,880	1,[illegible]8	112	6.0	1,913	1,825	88	4.6
HAND	2,096	2,016	80	3.8	1,973	1,918	55	2.8
HANSON	1,002	917	85	8.5	1,033	986	47	4.5
HARDING	567	558	9	1.6	565	520	45	8.0
HUGHES	8,043	7,613	430	5.4	7,764	7,398	366	4.7
HUTCHINSON	4,002	3,800	202	5.1	3,975	3,832	143	3.6
HYDE	755	723	32	4.2	836	791	45	5.4
JACKSON	910	851	59	6.5	871	832	39	4.5
JERAULD	1,176	1,134	42	3.6	1,226	1,184	42	3.4
JONES	560	524	36	6.4	619	579	40	6.5
KINGSBURY	3,736	3,562	174	4.7	3,199	3,070	129	4.0
LAKE	5,561	5,106	455	8.2	5,475	5,104	371	6.8
LAWRENCE	8,879	8,305	574	6.5	9,108	8,482	626	6.9
LINCOLN	6,651	6,243	408	6.1	6,118	5,858	260	4.2
LYMAN	1,353	1,210	143	10.6	1,427	1,328	99	6.9
MCCOOK	2,827	2,605	222	7.9	2,389	2,228	161	6.7
MCPHERSON	1,426	1,361	65	4.6	1,570	1,519	51	3.2
MARSHALL	1,889	1,725	164	8.7	1,891	1,780	111	5.9
MEADE	8,327	7,942	385	4.6	8,716	8,362	354	4.1
MELLETTE	713	637	76	10.7	725	637	88	12.1
MINER	1,655	1,522	133	8.0	1,660	1,575	85	5.1
MINNEHAHA	62,255	58,646	3,609	5.8	62,406	59,245	3,161	5.1
MOODY	3,004	2,830	174	5.8	3,070	2,986	84	2.7
PENNINGTON	31,211	28,768	2,443	7.8	32,450	30,291	2,159	6.7
PERKINS	1,965	1,873	92	4.7	2,074	2,005	69	3.3
POTTER	1,829	1,739	90	4.9	1,810	1,708	102	5.6
ROBERTS	3,995	3,582	413	10.3	4,192	3,876	316	7.5
SANBORN	1,312	1,247	65	5.0	1,317	1,270	47	3.6
SHANNON	2,744	2,513	231	8.4	2,857	2,622	235	8.2
SPINK	3,548	3,458	90	2.5	3,589	3,450	139	3.9
STANLEY	1,203	1,101	102	8.5	1,217	1,120	97	8.0
SULLY	663	613	50	7.5	725	656	69	9.5
TODD	2,165	1,813	352	16.3	2,134	1,872	262	12.3
TRIPP	3,011	2,817	194	6.4	3,168	2,991	177	5.6
TURNER	3,992	3,775	217	5.4	3,796	3,678	118	3.1
UNION	5,502	5,185	317	5.8	5,300	4,990	310	5.8
WALWORTH	3,123	2,773	350	11.2	3,213	2,984	229	7.1
YANKTON	9,743	9,182	561	5.8	9,470	9,074	396	4.2
ZIEBACH	1,148	1,013	135	11.8	913	850	63	6.9

TABLE 2

SOUTH DAKOTA NONAGRICULTURAL WAGE AND SALARY EMPLOYMENT*
(in thousands)

	JAN. 1981	DEC. 1980	JAN. 1980	PERCENT CHANGE FROM LAST MONTH	PERCENT CHANGE FROM LAST YEAR
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL	231.5	234.5	234.2	-1.3	-1.2
MANUFACTURING	25.0	25.2	27.5	-0.8	-9.1
DURABLE GOODS	12.6	12.7	14.5	-0.8	-13.1
LUMBER & FURNITURE	1.1	1.1	1.4	0.0	-21.4
FABRICATED METALS & MACHINERY	8.3	8.4	10.0	-1.2	-17.0
OTHER DURABLE GOODS	3.2	3.2	3.1	0.0	3.2
NONDURABLE GOODS	12.4	12.5	13.0	-0.8	-4.6
FOOD & KINDRED PRODUCTS	7.4	7.4	7.8	0.0	-5.1
PAPER, PRINTING & PUBLISHING	2.4	2.4	2.4	0.0	0.0
OTHER NONDURABLE GOODS	2.6	2.7	2.8	-3.7	-7.1
NONMANUFACTURING	206.5	209.3	206.7	-1.3	-0.1
MINING	2.7	2.7	2.7	0.0	0.0
CONSTRUCTION	8.8	9.4	9.5	-6.4	-7.4
TRANSPORTATION & PUBLIC UTILITIES	13.4	13.5	13.4	-0.7	0.0
RAILROADS	1.1	1.1	1.1	0.0	0.0
OTHER TRANSPORTATION	6.6	6.6	6.6	0.0	0.0
COMMUNICATIONS & PUBLIC UTILITIES	5.7	5.8	5.7	-1.7	0.0
TRADE	61.8	63.4	64.4	-2.5	-4.0
WHOLESALE TRADE	16.7	16.9	17.7	-1.2	-5.6
DURABLE GOODS	7.7	7.8	8.5	-1.3	-9.4
NONDURABLE GOODS	9.0	9.1	9.2	1.1	-2.2
RETAIL TRADE	45.1	46.5	46.7	-3.0	-3.4
FINANCE, INSURANCE & REAL ESTATE	11.1	10.9	10.9	1.8	1.8
SERVICES	49.4	49.7	47.9	-0.6	3.1
HOTELS, AMUSE., PERS. & BUSINESS	11.4	11.6	11.9	-1.7	-4.2
MEDICAL AND HEALTH	20.8	20.8	19.1	0.0	8.9
EDUCATIONAL, MEMBERSHIP & SOCIAL	14.6	14.8	14.2	-1.4	2.8
OTHER	2.6	2.5	2.7	4.0	-3.7
GOVERNMENT	59.3	59.7	57.9	-0.7	2.4
FEDERAL	10.9	11.0	10.8	-0.9	0.9
STATE	16.5	16.5	16.0	0.0	3.1
STATE EDUCATION	8.3	8.3	8.1	0.0	2.5
OTHER	8.2	8.2	7.9	0.0	3.8
LOCAL	31.9	32.2	31.1	-0.9	2.6
LOCAL EDUCATION	19.0	19.1	18.6	0.5	2.2
OTHER LOCAL	12.9	13.1	12.5	-1.5	3.2

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*THIS CATEGORY INCLUDES FULL AND PART-TIME WORKERS ON THE PAYROLLS OF NONAGRICULTURAL ESTABLISHMENTS FOR THE WEEK INCLUDING THE 12TH OF THE MONTH.

TABLE 3

SIOUX FALLS AND RAPID CITY NONAGRICULTURAL WAGE AND SALARY EMPLOYMENT

	Jan. 1981	Dec. 1980	Jan. 1980	PERCENT CHANGE FROM LAST MONTH	PERCENT CHANGE FROM LAST YEAR
SIOUX FALLS SMSA (MINNEHAHA COUNTY)					
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL	53,650	54,330	54,170	-1.3	-1.0
MANUFACTURING	8,010	8,030	8,020	-0.2	-0.1
DURABLE GOODS	2,180	2,210	2,510	-1.4	-13.1
NONDURABLE GOODS	5,830	5,820	5,510	0.2	5.8
FOOD & KINDRED PRODUCTS	4,450	4,420	4,050	0.7	9.9
NONMANUFACTURING	45,640	46,300	46,150	-1.4	-1.1
CONSTRUCTION AND MINING	1,930	2,240	2,520	-13.8	-23.4
TRANSPORTATION & PUBLIC UTILITIES	4,790	4,870	4,980	-1.6	-3.8
TRADE	15,760	16,050	16,260	-1.8	-3.1
WHOLESALE TRADE	4,800	4,880	5,020	-1.6	-4.4
RETAIL TRADE	10,960	11,170	11,240	-1.9	-2.5
FINANCE, INSURANCE & REAL ESTATE	3,280	3,240	3,220	1.2	1.9
SERVICES	13,130	13,110	12,380	0.2	6.1
GOVERNMENT	6,750	6,790	6,790	-0.6	-0.6
RAPID CITY SMSA (PENNINGTON & MEADE COUNTY)					
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL	30,200	30,760	31,890	-1.8	-5.3
MANUFACTURING	3,040	3,050	3,430	-0.3	-11.4
DURABLE GOODS	2,120	2,120	2,470	0.0	-14.2
NONDURABLE GOODS	920	930	960	-1.1	-4.2
NONMANUFACTURING	27,160	27,710	28,460	-2.0	-4.6
CONSTRUCTION AND MINING	1,750	1,920	2,080	-8.9	-15.9
TRANSPORTATION & PUBLIC UTILITIES	1,860	1,880	1,920	-1.1	-3.1
TRADE	8,250	8,550	9,140	-3.5	-9.7
WHOLESALE TRADE	1,590	1,630	1,700	-2.5	-6.5
RETAIL TRADE	6,660	6,920	7,440	-3.8	-10.5
FINANCE, INSURANCE & REAL ESTATE	1,560	1,480	1,540	-5.4	1.3
SERVICES	6,730	6,750	6,510	-0.3	3.4
GOVERNMENT	7,010	7,130	7,270	-1.7	-3.6

TABLE 4

HOURS AND EARNINGS OF PRODUCTION WORKERS*

	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNINGS			AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS			AVERAGE HOURLY EARNINGS		
	Jan. 1981	Dec. 1980	Jan. 1980	Jan. 1981	Dec. 1980	Jan. 1980	Jan. 1981	Dec. 1980	Jan. 1980
SOUTH DAKOTA STATEWIDE									
MANUFACTURING......................	300.84	298.74	251.40	43.6	42.8	41.9	6.90	6.98	6.00
DURABLE GOODS..................	259.49	253.76	220.19	42.4	41.6	40.7	6.12	6.10	5.41
LUMBER & FURNITURE............	238.73	242.42	219.23	39.2	39.1	40.3	6.09	6.20	5.44
FABRICATED METALS AND MACH.....	251.31	251.49	215.06	40.6	41.5	39.9	6.19	6.06	5.39
NONDURABLE GOODS................	344.38	341.10	280.79	44.9	43.9	43.0	7.67	7.77	6.53
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS......	429.18	418.55	335.90	47.9	46.3	45.7	8.96	9.04	7.35
PAPER, PRINTING, & PUBLISHING..	205.80	226.78	203.80	35.3	37.3	36.2	5.83	6.08	5.61
SIOUX FALLS SMSA									
MANUFACTURING......................	442.76	442.32	339.34	50.2	48.5	47.0	8.82	9.12	7.22
DURABLE GOODS..................	255.78	269.44	234.35	42.0	42.1	41.7	6.09	6.40	5.62
NONDURABLE GOODS................	475.24	475.31	366.87	51.6	49.7	48.4	9.21	9.56	7.58
RAPID CITY SMSA									
MANUFACTURING......................	258.25	235.61	207.48	37.7	36.7	36.4	6.85	6.42	5.70

*AVERAGE HOURS AND EARNINGS DATA ARE DERIVED FROM REPORTS OF PAYROLLS AND HOURS FOR PRODUCTION AND RELATED WORKERS.

TABLE 5

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX
ALL URBAN CONSUMERS

				PERCENT CHANGE FROM	
1967=100	DEC. 1980	NOV. 1980	DEC. 1979	LAST MONTH	LAST YEAR
ALL ITEMS............................	258.4	256.2	233.7	0.9	10.6
FOOD & BEVERAGES...................	259.3	257.4	240.1	0.7	8.0
HOUSING............................	276.9	273.8	250.5	1.1	10.5
APPAREL............................	183.9	184.8	175.5	-0.5	4.8
TRANSPORTATION.....................	261.1	259.0	225.3	0.8	15.9
MEDICAL CARE.......................	275.8	274.5	245.1	0.5	12.5
ENTERTAINMENT......................	212.0	211.2	176.2	0.4	20.3

TABLE 6

LABOR TURNOVER RATES
(per 100 employees)

ACCESSION RATES

	TOTAL			NEW HIRES			RECALLS		
	Jan. 1981	Dec. 1980	Jan. 1980	Jan. 1981	Dec. 1980	Jan. 1980	Jan. 1981	Dec. 1980	Jan. 1980
STATEWIDE									
MANUFACTURING.........	2.6	0.9	2.7	1.2	0.5	2.3	1.1	0.3	0.3
DURABLE GOODS.......	1.9	0.9	3.3	1.1	0.5	3.0	0.6	0.2	0.2
NONDURABLE GOODS....	3.3	0.8	2.2	1.4	0.5	1.6	1.7	0.3	0.4
MINING................	1.7	1.8	1.8	1.5	1.6	1.8	0.2	0.2	*
SIOUX FALLS SMSA									
MANUFACTURING.........	2.2	1.3	2.8	1.1	0.7	2.0	1.1	0.5	0.9

*Less than 0.05%.

SEPARATION RATES

	TOTAL			QUITS			LAYOFFS		
	Jan. 1981	Dec. 1980	Jan. 1980	Jan. 1981	Dec. 1980	Jan. 1980	Jan. 1981	Dec. 1980	Jan. 1980
STATEWIDE									
MANUFACTURING.........	2.7	2.7	3.5	1.1	1.1	1.6	1.1	1.4	1.2
DURABLE GOODS.......	3.0	1.9	3.7	1.2	0.9	1.8	1.2	0.7	1.0
NONDURABLE GOODS....	2.3	3.5	3.3	0.9	1.3	1.4	1.0	2.1	1.4
MINING................	3.3	2.3	3.2	0.4	0.3	1.1	2.4	1.5	1.5
SIOUX FALLS SMSA									
MANUFACTURING.........	3.3	2.3	3.8	0.8	0.6	1.4	2.3	1.6	1.8

TABLE 7

CHARACTERISTICS OF THE INSURED UNEMPLOYED - STATEWIDE

	NUMBER			PERCENT		
	Jan. 81	Dec. 80	Jan. 80	Jan. 81	Dec. 80	Jan. 80
SEX, TOTAL.....................	7,140	5,235	5,087	100.0	100.0	100.0
MALE........................	5,274	3,773	3,811	73.9	72.1	74.9
FEMALE......................	1,866	1,462	1,276	26.1	27.9	25.1
RACE, TOTAL....................	7,140	5,235	5,087	100.0	100.0	100.0
WHITE.......................	6,189	4,437	3,999	86.7	84.8	78.6
NONWHITE....................	951	798	1,088	13.3	15.2	21.4
AGE, TOTAL.....................	7,140	5,235	5,087	100.0	100.0	100.0
UNDER 45....................	5,418	3,999	3,898	75.9	76.4	76.6
OVER 45.....................	1,722	1,236	1,189	24.1	23.6	23.4
INDUSTRY, TOTAL................	7,140	5,235	5,087	100.0	100.0	100.0
MINING......................	181	141	152	2.5	2.7	3.0
CONSTRUCTION................	2,756	1,897	2,187	38.6	36.3	43.0
MANUFACTURING...............	1,341	1,027	866	18.8	19.6	17.0
TRANSPORTATION & P.U.........	271	198	232	3.8	3.8	4.6
TRADE.......................	1,295	947	808	18.2	18.1	15.9
FINANCE, INS. & R.E..........	87	65	41	1.2	1.2	0.8
SERVICES....................	864	661	593	12.1	12.6	11.6
GOVERNMENT..................	345	299	208	4.8	5.7	4.1
OCCUPATION, TOTAL..............	7,140	5,235	5,087	100.0	100.0	100.0
PROF. & MANAGERIAL..........	497	423	376	7.0	8.1	7.4
CLERICAL & SALES............	756	623	481	10.6	11.9	9.5
SERVICES....................	695	503	423	9.7	9.6	8.3
PROCESSING..................	161	91	220	2.2	1.7	4.3
MACHINE TRADE...............	320	281	135	4.5	5.4	2.7
BENCHWORK...................	592	481	301	8.3	9.2	5.9
STRUCTURAL WORK.............	3,179	2,146	2,489	44.5	41.0	48.9
OTHER.......................	940	687	662	13.2	13.1	13.0
DURATION OF CURRENT SPELL OF UNEMPLOYMENT-TOTAL..........	7,140	5,235	5,087	100.0	100.0	100.0
1-2 WEEKS....................	1,435	1,175	1,349	20.1	22.4	26.5
3-4 WEEKS....................	1,123	792	944	15.7	15.1	18.6
5-14 WEEKS...................	3,082	1,962	2,274	43.2	37.5	44.7
15 WEEKS & OVER..............	1,500	1,306	520	21.0	25.0	10.2

TABLE 8

SELECTED LABOR DEPARTMENT ACTIVITIES -STATEWIDE

	January 1981	December 1980	January 1980	PERCENT CHANGE FROM LAST MONTH	PERCENT CHANGE FROM LAST YEAR
JOB SERVICE					
NEW JOB APPLICANTS	4,051	3,101	4,263	+30.6	-5.0
NEW JOB APPLICANTS OCT. 1 TO DATE	14,212	10,198	14,614	+39.4	-2.8
NONAGRICULTURAL JOB OPENINGS	2,595	2,647	3,411	-2.0	-23.9
JOB PLACEMENTS OCT. 1, TO DATE	12,581	10,260	17,433	+22.6	-27.8
NONAGRICULTURAL	12,073	9,814	17,024	+23.0	-29.1
AGRICULTURAL	508	446	409	+13.9	+24.2
APPLICANTS AVAILABLE OCT. 1 TO DATE	42,913	37,201	40,324	+15.4	+6.4
INDIVIDUALS PLACED OCT. 1 TO DATE	9,170	7,548	12,057	+21.5	-23.9
UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE					
STATE PROGRAM					
INITIAL CLAIMS MONTHLY TOTAL	5,025	4,018	4,635	+25.0	+8.4
WEEKS CLAIMED MONTHLY TOTAL	34,908	19,137	24,061	+82.4	+45.1
INITIAL CLAIMS OCT. 1 TO DATE	14,575	9,550	12,186	+52.6	+19.6
WEEKS CLAIMED OCT. 1 TO DATE	86,192	51,284	50,136	+68.1	+71.9
AMOUNT OF BENEFIT PAYMENTS	$2,257,808	$1,888,725	$1,745,027	+19.5	+29.4
AVERAGE WEEKLY BENEFIT AMOUNT	$107.04	$103.60	$99.57	+3.3	+7.5
BENEFIT PAYMENTS OCT. 1 TO DATE	$6,732,929	$4,475,121	$3,539,084	+50.5	+90.2
UNEMPLOYMENT TRUST FUND (IN ooo's)	$8,882.2	$10,162.9	$15,449.1	-13.6	-42.5
FEDERAL PROGRAM					
INITIAL CLAIMS OCT. 1 TO DATE	751	525	685	+43.0	+9.6
WEEKS CLAIMED OCT. 1 TO DATE	3,867	2,392	2,584	+61.7	+49.7
BENEFIT PAYMENTS OCT. 1 TO DATE	$397,217	$259,434	$266,530	+53.1	+49.0

TABLE 9
JOB OPENINGS RECEIVED AND FILLED BY AVERAGE WAGE FOR MAJOR OCCUPATIONAL GROUP*

OCCUPATIONAL GROUP	OPENINGS RECEIVED	PERCENT	OPENINGS FILLED	PERCENT	PERCENT FILLED TO OPENINGS	AVERAGE WAGE PLACED
SOUTH DAKOTA STATEWIDE	14,031	100.0	12,581	100.0	89.7	3.64
PROFESSIONAL/TECH./MANAGERIAL.............	1,021	7.3	625	5.0	61.2	5.47
CLERICAL..................................	2,243	16.0	1,922	15.3	85.7	3.50
SALES.....................................	900	6.4	743	5.9	82.6	3.67
DOMESTIC..................................	1,731	12.3	1,717	13.6	99.2	2.59
OTHER SERVICES............................	2,530	18.0	2,275	18.1	89.9	3.16
FARMING/FISHERY/FORESTRY..................	861	6.1	772	6.1	89.7	3.32
PROCESSING................................	168	1.2	198	1.6	117.9	3.86
MACHINE TRADES............................	275	2.0	220	1.8	80.0	4.11
BENCHWORK.................................	347	2.5	340	2.7	98.0	3.44
STRUCTURAL................................	1,429	10.2	1,293	10.3	90.5	4.15
MOTOR FREIGHT/TRANSPORTATION..............	512	3.7	484	3.8	94.5	5.04
PACKAGING & MATERIALS HANDLING............	1,827	13.0	1,813	14.4	99.2	4.13
OTHER.....................................	187	1.3	179	1.4	95.7	3.56
SIOUX FALLS SMSA	2,282	100.0	1,939	100.0	85.0	3.59
PROFESSIONAL/TECH./MANAGERIAL.............	126	5.5	79	4.1	62.7	4.49
CLERICAL..................................	510	22.4	360	18.6	70.6	3.56
SALES.....................................	245	10.7	186	9.6	75.9	3.42
DOMESTIC..................................	232	10.2	226	11.6	97.4	2.39
OTHER SERVICES............................	405	17.7	354	18.3	87.4	3.23
FARMING/FISHERY/FORESTRY..................	47	2.1	47	2.4	100.0	3.07
PROCESSING................................	12	0.5	12	0.6	100.0	5.43
MACHINE TRADES............................	44	1.9	32	1.6	72.7	4.18
BENCHWORK.................................	38	1.7	42	2.2	110.5	3.60
STRUCTURAL................................	191	8.4	186	9.6	97.4	4.52
MOTOR FREIGHT/TRANSPORTATION..............	134	5.9	129	6.6	96.3	4.51
PACKAGING & MATERIALS HANDLING............	243	10.6	232	12.0	95.5	3.92
OTHER.....................................	55	2.4	54	2.8	98.2	3.58
RAPID CITY SMSA	2,485	100.0	2,275	100.0	91.5	3.61
PROFESSIONAL/TECH./MANAGERIAL.............	136	5.5	82	3.6	60.3	4.67
CLERICAL..................................	416	16.7	390	17.1	93.8	3.29
SALES.....................................	250	10.1	225	9.9	90.0	3.78
DOMESTIC..................................	242	9.7	243	10.7	100.4	2.44
OTHER SERVICES............................	430	17.3	359	15.8	83.5	3.15
FARMING/FISHERY/FORESTRY..................	47	1.9	45	2.0	95.7	4.46
PROCESSING................................	7	0.3	7	0.3	100.0	4.89
MACHINE TRADES............................	44	1.8	34	1.5	77.3	4.33
BENCHWORK.................................	50	2.0	51	2.2	102.0	3.64
STRUCTURAL................................	228	9.2	215	9.5	94.3	4.35
MOTOR FREIGHT/TRANSPORTATION..............	118	4.7	111	4.9	94.1	4.73
PACKAGING & MATERIALS HANDLING............	474	19.1	471	20.7	99.4	3.81
OTHER.....................................	43	1.7	42	1.8	97.7	3.74

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*ALL FIGURES ARE CUMULATIVE FOR THE PERIOD 10-1-80/1-31-81. Openings filled may include orders from prior fiscal year resulting in a figure greater than 100.0 percent filled to openings.

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South Dakota
Labor Bulletin

Compiled March 20, 1981

Report for February 1981

ENERGY DEVELOPMENT MAY EMPLOY MORE DAKOTANS

Energy development is of current interest in South Dakota. CETA (Comprehensive Employment and Training) of the South Dakota Job Service is presently studying employment in industries related to energy.

CETA examined the industries of mining (excluding gold); electric, gas & water supply services; and construction related to energy projects. Occupational Employment Statistics estimated employment in these areas to grow from 3,750 in 1976 to 4,450 in 1985. This would mean an annual growth rate of only 2.1%. The increasing search for energy may require an increase in employment much higher than this estimate.

The recent discovery of the West Short Pine Hills gas field in the northwest corner of the state will open the way for oil and gas exploration in South Dakota. This field is an extension of the Williston Basin. At the southwest corner of the state drilling for gas and oil is being done in the Ardmore gas area.

Employment in the construction of the Northern Border Pipeline may reach 1,200 over the next two years. Construction will begin this summer. The pipeline will bring Alaskan and Canadian natural gas to South Dakota and the rest of the Midwest. There will be a 182 mile section in South Dakota.

There is another energy related project, the Mandan Powerline, that may create construction employment in South Dakota. Construction of this line is uncertain at this time. If built it will go through eastern South Dakota and allow Nebraska and Manitoba, Canada to exchange electrical power.

The future of uranium exploration is also unknown at this time. There is some exploration being done in the Sioux Falls area and recent studies show that the southeastern portion of the state may have quantities of uranium.

LABOR FORCE

The South Dakota unemployment rate dropped to 5.9% in February, probably as a result of the mild weather, but it continued to run well ahead of the year-ago rate of 4.8%. There were 18,900 South Dakotans unemployed in February, compared with 15,600 one year-ago.

Despite the drop in unemployment in February, total payments of unemployment compensation for the twelve-month period ending February 28, 1981 set a record in South Dakota. The payments amounted to $19.8 million, the highest for any twelve-month period since the start of the program in 1939. The previous twelve-month high was for the period ending January 31, 1964. Analysts expect the payments to be over $20 million for the period ending March 31, 1981.

Although unemployment has risen dramatically in South Dakota over the past year or so, the state retained its historically low rank among the states for percentage of unemployed (see table on page 2). Its 1980 annual average rate of 4.7% placed it 47th among the 50 states. Only Wyoming, Nebraska and Kansas had lower rates.

February marked the start of the seasonal upturn in employment for 1981 in South Dakota. The February figure of 302,200 compared with 300,000 in January. This gain reflected the increased work of unpaid family farm workers, who are

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1980 ANNUAL AVERAGE UNEMPLOYMENT RATES BY STATE

Michigan	12.6
Alaska	9.6
Indiana	9.6
West Virginia	9.4
Alabama	8.8
Ohio	8.4
Illinois	8.3
Oregon	8.2
Kentucky	8.1
Idaho	7.9
Pennsylvania	7.8
Delaware	7.7
Maine	7.7
New York	7.6
Arkansas	7.6
Mississippi	7.5
Washington	7.5
New Mexico	7.4
New Jersey	7.2
Rhode Island	7.2
Tennessee	7.2
Missouri	7.0
Wisconsin	7.0
South Carolina	6.9
California	6.8
Arizona	6.7
Louisiana	6.7
North Carolina	6.6
Georgia	6.4
Maryland	6.4
Vermont	6.4
Nevada	6.2
Utah	6.2
Florida	6.0
Montana	6.0
Connecticut	5.9
Iowa	5.7
Minnesota	5.7
Colorado	5.6
Massachusetts	5.6
Texas	5.3
Virginia	5.1
Hawaii	5.0
North Dakota	4.9
Oklahoma	4.8
New Hampshire	4.7
South Dakota	4.7
Kansas	4.4
Nebraska	4.0
Wyoming	3.9

considered employed when they work more than 15 hours a week.

NONAGRICULTURAL WAGE AND SALARY EMPLOYMENT

Total nonfarm payroll employment in February of 229,100 was slightly below the January figure of 229,700 and 2.3% below the year-ago figure of 234,600. During the past year construction employment fell 16% to 7,500 while manufacturing dropped 9% to 25,000 and trade declined 4% to 61,400.

Compared with last month, services was the only major industry that had more employment in February than in January. That was due to a seasonal increase in hotels, motels and amusement businesses.

HOURS AND EARNINGS

The average manufacturing production worker in South Dakota worked 43.0 hours a week in February at $6.85 an hour for a gross weekly wage of $294.55. The number of hours worked was up from 41.3 a year ago and the weekly pay was up 18.3% from $249.04 a year ago.

SIOUX FALLS SMSA

The unemployment rate for the Sioux Falls SMSA for February was 6.1%, well ahead of the year-ago rate of 3.8%. There were 3,743 Sioux Falls residents unemployed in February compared with 2,331 one year ago. Total employment dropped 2.0 percent from 58,735 last year to 57,540 this February.

Total nonfarm payroll employment dipped to 53,210 in February from 53,400 in January. It was also 0.8% below the year-ago figure of 53,640. Manufacturing, led by a 13% drop in durable goods manufacturing, was down 0.9% over the year at 7,810. Construction employment of 1,910 was 20% below one year ago and trade employment was off 3% at 15,640.

The average manufacturing production worker worked 49.4 hours a week in February at $8.80 an hour for a gross weekly wage of $434.72.

RAPID CITY SMSA

The Rapid City SMSA unemployment rate was 6.9% in February. That was two percentage points higher than the February 1980 rate of 4.9%. There were 2,694 people unemployed in Rapid City in February compared with 2,058 one year ago. Employment dropped over 8% during the past year from 39,897 to 36,588.

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment dipped to 30,610 in February from 30,580 in January. Construction employment dropped 20% over the past year to 1,590 while retail trade was off 9% at 6,660 and manufacturing was down 6% at 3,100. Services and transportation/public utilities were the only major industry divisions with increases.

The average manufacturing production worker in Rapid City worked 38.9 hours a week in February at $6.69 an hour for a gross weekly wage of $260.24.

JOB SERVICE ACTIVITY

During the month of February, 2,185 nonagricultural and 74 agricultural openings were received by local Job Service offices. During this same period, 1,818 applicants were placed in nonagricultural openings and 57 were placed in agricultural openings.

There were 3,109 new applicants registered during February. Rural residents, those persons residing in an area of less than 10,000 urban population, numbered 1,509 and accounted for 48.5% of the total. Of the total applicants, 581 were eligible for unemployment insurance benefits. Females accounted for 47.9% of the total applicants. Minorities numbered 268 accounting for 8.6% of the total. There were 508 applicants classified as being economically disadvantaged for a 16.3% share of the total. Veterans numbered 412 of which 166 were veterans of the Vietnam era with service between August 5, 1964 and May 7, 1975. By age grouping, 916 were under 22 years of age, 1,783 were between the ages of 22 and 44 years and 410 were 45 years and older. Handicapped applicants numbered 154 with 21 having veteran status.

There were 991 individuals given counseling, either individual or group. Tests were given to 748 of the applicants to determine aptitude or qualification. Job Service personnel made 1,279 job development contacts with 369 job placements resulting from those contacts.

Of the total 1,875 placements, 927 were for over 150 days, 400 were for between four and 150 days and 548 were for three days or less. Residents classified as rural made up 744 of the total placements or 39.7%. Female placements numbered 905 accounting for 48.3%. Broken down by characteristics, minorities numbered 235, 12.5%; economically disadvantaged 488, 26.0%; veterans 363, 19.4%; Vietnam era veterans 151, 8.1% and handicapped persons 158 for a 8.4% share of the total. Placements under the age of 22 numbered 770, those between the ages of 22 and 44 years totaled 874 and 231 placements were over 45 years of age.

TABLE 1

LABOR FORCE/EMPLOYMENT/UNEMPLOYMENT

	FEBRUARY 1981				FEBRUARY 1980			
	LABOR FORCE 1/	EMPLOY-MENT	UNEMPLOY-MENT	RATE 2/	LABOR FORCE 1/	EMPLOY-MENT	UNEMPLOY-MENT	RATE 2/
UNITED STATES	104,808,000	96,383,000	8,425,000	8.0	103,257,000	96,264,000	6,993,000	6.8
SOUTH DAKOTA	321,100	302,200	18,900	5.9	323,000	307,400	15,600	4.8
SIOUX FALLS SMSA	61,283	57,540	3,743	6.1	61,066	58,735	2,331	3.8
RAPID CITY SMSA	39,282	36,588	2,694	6.9	41,955	39,897	2,058	4.9
AURORA COUNTY	1,529	1,473	56	3.7	1,487	1,444	43	2.9
BEADLE COUNTY	9,522	9,007	515	5.4	9,871	9,530	341	3.5
BENNETT	1,130	1,099	31	2.7	1,208	1,166	42	3.5
BON HOMME	3,880	3,725	155	4.0	3,697	3,565	132	3.6
BROOKINGS	13,537	13,027	510	3.8	12,553	12,023	530	4.2
BROWN	18,368	17,427	941	5.1	20,003	19,198	805	4.0
BRULE	2,760	2,642	118	4.3	2,791	2,701	90	3.2
BUFFALO	573	457	116	20.2	490	380	110	22.4
BUTTE	3,898	3,770	128	3.3	3,597	3,508	89	2.5
CAMPBELL	838	787	51	6.1	820	764	56	6.8
CHARLES MIX	3,908	3,688	220	5.6	3,752	3,646	106	2.8
CLARK	1,568	1,468	100	6.4	1,806	1,735	71	3.9
CLAY	5,441	5,194	247	4.5	5,820	5,649	171	2.9
CODINGTON	8,979	8,194	785	8.7	9,650	9,107	543	5.6
CORSON	1,623	1,419	204	12.6	1,514	1,374	140	9.2
CUSTER	2,226	2,103	123	5.5	2,344	2,216	128	5.5
DAVISON	9,574	9,184	390	4.1	9,240	8,954	286	3.1
DAY	2,959	2,674	285	9.6	3,043	2,884	159	5.2
DEUEL	1,767	1,511	256	14.5	1,915	1,759	156	8.1
DEWEY	1,986	1,825	161	8.1	1,902	1,778	124	6.5
DOUGLAS	1,928	1,864	64	3.3	1,796	1,759	37	2.1
EDMUNDS	1,914	1,787	127	6.6	1,924	1,851	73	3.8
FALL RIVER	3,709	3,460	249	6.7	3,883	3,723	160	4.1
FAULK	1,258	1,210	48	3.8	1,293	1,274	19	1.5

1/ Labor force estimates include employed and unemployed civilians 16 years old and older by place of residence.

2/ The seasonally adjusted rates which were announced by the national government were 7.3 and 6.2 . The data in this table are not seasonally adjusted.

	LABOR FORCE	EMPLOY-MENT	UNEMPLOY-MENT	RATE	LABOR FORCE	EMPLOY-MENT	UNEMPLOY-MENT	RATE
GRANT	4,058	3,796	262	6.5	4,111	3,983	128	3.1
GREGORY	2,452	2,385	67	2.7	2,546	2,479	67	2.6
HAAKON	1,881	1,852	29	1.5	1,403	1,385	18	1.3
HAMLIN	2,046	1,929	117	5.7	1,914	1,832	82	4.3
HAND	2,022	1,909	113	5.6	1,996	1,960	36	1.8
HANSON	1,142	1,067	75	6.6	1,027	1,003	24	2.3
HARDING	548	542	6	1.1	534	526	8	1.5
HUGHES	9,324	8,960	364	3.9	7,785	7,542	243	3.1
HUTCHINSON	4,204	3,990	214	5.1	4,228	4,121	107	2.5
HYDE	892	860	32	3.6	864	832	32	3.7
JACKSON	848	785	63	7.4	1,076	1,035	41	3.8
JERAULD	1,226	1,194	32	2.6	1,354	1,322	32	2.4
JONES	685	652	33	4.8	591	557	34	5.8
KINGSBURY	4,160	4,001	159	3.8	3,301	3,212	89	2.7
LAKE	5,286	4,983	303	5.7	5,989	5,683	306	5.1
LAWRENCE	8,715	8,295	420	4.8	8,886	8,470	416	4.7
LINCOLN	8,344	7,955	389	4.7	6,228	6,005	223	3.6
LYMAN	1,470	1,339	131	8.9	1,368	1,276	92	6.7
MCCOOK	2,622	2,424	198	7.6	2,929	2,816	113	3.9
MCPHERSON	1,360	1,304	56	4.1	1,635	1,583	52	3.2
MARSHALL	1,795	1,619	176	9.8	1,981	1,889	92	4.6
MEADE	8,315	7,915	400	4.8	8,938	8,631	307	3.4
MELLETTE	575	507	68	11.8	746	632	114	15.3
MINER	1,730	1,597	133	7.7	1,649	1,578	71	4.3
MINNEHAHA	61,283	57,540	3,743	6.1	61,066	58,735	2,331	3.8
MOODY	3,721	3,534	187	5.0	3,013	2,915	98	3.3
PENNINGTON	30,967	28,673	2,294	7.4	33,017	31,266	1,751	5.3
PERKINS	1,753	1,691	62	3.5	2,153	2,117	36	1.7
POTTER	1,626	1,567	59	3.6	1,823	1,764	59	3.2
ROBERTS	4,095	3,690	405	9.9	4,184	3,865	319	7.6
SANBORN	1,332	1,272	60	4.5	1,334	1,285	49	3.7
SHANNON	2,518	2,293	225	8.9	2,881	2,654	227	7.9
SPINK	3,410	3,322	88	2.6	3,524	3,465	59	1.7
STANLEY	1,358	1,267	91	6.7	1,011	945	66	6.5
SULLY	534	493	41	7.7	670	634	36	5.4
TODD	1,606	1,311	295	18.4	2,169	1,897	272	12.5
TRIPP	2,629	2,483	146	5.6	3,262	3,175	87	2.7
TURNER	4,587	4,370	217	4.7	3,710	3,590	120	3.2
UNION	6,103	5,794	309	5.1	5,206	4,968	238	4.6
WALWORTH	2,842	2,543	299	10.5	3,234	3,015	219	6.8
YANKTON	9,174	8,622	552	6.0	9,717	9,436	281	2.9
ZIEBACH	967	872	95	9.8	834	778	56	6.7

TABLE 2

SOUTH DAKOTA NONAGRICULTURAL WAGE AND SALARY EMPLOYMENT*
(in thousands)

	Feb. 1981	Jan. 1981	Feb. 1980	PERCENT CHANGE FROM LAST MONTH	PERCENT CHANGE FROM LAST YEAR
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL	229.1	229.7	234.6	-0.3	-2.3
MANUFACTURING	25.0	25.0	27.4	0.0	-8.8
DURABLE GOODS	12.6	12.5	14.4	0.8	-13.1
LUMBER & FURNITURE	1.1	1.1	1.4	0.0	-21.4
FABRICATED METALS & MACHINERY	8.4	8.3	9.9	1.2	-15.2
OTHER DURABLE GOODS	3.1	3.1	3.1	0.0	0.0
NONDURABLE GOODS	12.4	12.5	13.0	-0.8	-4.6
FOOD & KINDRED PRODUCTS	7.2	7.4	7.8	-2.7	-7.7
PAPER, PRINTING & PUBLISHING	2.4	2.4	2.4	0.0	0.0
OTHER NONDURABLE GOODS	2.8	2.7	2.8	3.7	0.0
NONMANUFACTURING	204.1	204.7	207.2	-0.3	-1.5
MINING	2.7	2.7	2.7	0.0	0.0
CONSTRUCTION	7.5	7.9	9.0	-5.1	-16.7
TRANSPORTATION & PUBLIC UTILITIES	13.5	13.5	13.3	0.0	1.5
RAILROADS	1.1	1.2	1.1	-8.3	0.0
OTHER TRANSPORTATION	6.6	6.6	6.5	0.0	1.5
COMMUNICATIONS & PUBLIC UTILITIES	5.8	5.7	5.7	1.8	1.8
TRADE	61.4	61.7	64.2	-0.5	-4.4
WHOLESALE TRADE	16.6	16.8	17.6	-1.2	-5.7
DURABLE GOODS	7.6	7.7	8.4	-1.3	-9.5
NONDURABLE GOODS	9.0	9.1	9.2	-1.1	-2.2
RETAIL TRADE	44.8	44.9	46.6	-0.2	-3.9
FINANCE, INSURANCE & REAL ESTATE	10.9	11.0	10.9	-0.9	0.0
SERVICES	49.1	48.8	48.5	0.6	1.2
HOTELS, AMUSE., PERS. & BUSINESS	11.6	11.2	12.0	3.6	-3.3
MEDICAL AND HEALTH	20.7	20.9	19.2	-1.0	7.8
EDUCATIONAL, MEMBERSHIP & SOCIAL	14.4	14.3	14.6	0.7	-1.4
OTHER	2.4	2.4	2.7	0.0	-11.1
GOVERNMENT	59.0	59.1	58.6	-0.2	0.7
FEDERAL	10.8	10.8	10.8	0.0	0.0
STATE	16.4	16.4	16.4	0.0	0.0
STATE EDUCATION	8.2	8.2	8.4	0.0	-2.4
OTHER	8.2	8.2	8.0	0.0	2.5
LOCAL	31.8	31.9	31.4	-0.3	1.3
LOCAL EDUCATION	19.0	19.0	18.9	0.0	0.5
OTHER LOCAL	12.8	12.9	12.5	-0.8	2.4

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*THIS CATEGORY INCLUDES FULL AND PART-TIME WORKERS ON THE PAYROLLS OF NONAGRICULTURAL ESTABLISHMENTS FOR THE WEEK INCLUDING THE 12TH OF THE MONTH.

TABLE 3

SIOUX FALLS AND RAPID CITY NONAGRICULTURAL WAGE AND SALARY EMPLOYMENT

	Feb. 1981	Jan. 1981	Feb. 1980	PERCENT CHANGE FROM LAST MONTH	PERCENT CHANGE FROM LAST YEAR
SIOUX FALLS SMSA (MINNEHAHA COUNTY)					
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL	53,210	53,400	53,640	-0.4	-0.8
MANUFACTURING	7,810	8,000	7,880	-2.4	-0.9
DURABLE GOODS	2,170	2,170	2,510	0.0	-13.5
NONDURABLE GOODS	5,640	5,830	5,370	-3.3	5.0
FOOD & KINDRED PRODUCTS	4,240	4,450	3,960	-4.7	7.1
NONMANUFACTURING	45,400	45,400	45,760	0.0	-0.8
CONSTRUCTION AND MINING	1,910	1,840	2,400	3.8	-20.4
TRANSPORTATION & PUBLIC UTILITIES	4,840	4,880	4,920	-0.8	-1.6
TRADE	15,640	15,730	16,130	-0.6	-3.0
WHOLESALE TRADE	4,730	4,810	5,010	-1.7	-5.6
RETAIL TRADE	10,910	10,920	11,120	-0.1	-1.9
FINANCE, INSURANCE & REAL ESTATE	3,300	3,260	3,220	1.2	2.5
SERVICES	13,030	12,960	12,240	0.5	6.4
GOVERNMENT	6,680	6,730	6,850	-0.7	-2.5
RAPID CITY SMSA (PENNINGTON & MEADE COUNTY)					
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL	30,610	30,580	31,570	0.1	-3.0
MANUFACTURING	3,100	2,960	3,290	4.7	-5.8
DURABLE GOODS	2,180	2,030	2,360	7.4	-7.6
NONDURABLE GOODS	920	930	930	-1.1	-1.1
NONMANUFACTURING	27,510	27,620	28,280	-0.4	-2.7
CONSTRUCTION AND MINING	1,590	1,710	1,990	-7.0	-20.1
TRANSPORTATION & PUBLIC UTILITIES	2,000	1,830	1,880	6.4	6.4
TRADE	8,290	8,350	9,060	-0.7	-8.5
WHOLESALE TRADE	1,630	1,600	1,690	1.9	-3.6
RETAIL TRADE	6,660	6,750	7,370	-1.3	-9.6
FINANCE, INSURANCE & REAL ESTATE	1,520	1,600	1,540	-5.0	-1.3
SERVICES	6,680	6,640	6,550	0.6	2.0
GOVERNMENT	7,430	7,440	7,260	-0.1	2.3

TABLE 4

HOURS AND EARNINGS OF PRODUCTION WORKERS*

	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNINGS			AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS			AVERAGE HOURLY EARNINGS		
	Feb. 1981	Jan. 1981	Feb. 1980	Feb. 1981	Jan. 1981	Feb. 1980	Feb. 1981	Jan. 1981	Feb. 1980
SOUTH DAKOTA STATEWIDE									
MANUFACTURING......................	294.55	297.90	246.19	43.0	43.3	41.1	6.85	6.88	5.99
DURABLE GOODS....................	257.30	253.12	218.02	41.5	41.7	40.6	6.20	6.07	5.37
LUMBER & FURNITURE.............	242.97	238.73	183.05	39.0	39.2	34.8	6.23	6.09	5.26
FABRICATED METALS AND MACH.....	248.58	242.75	219.35	39.9	39.6	40.1	6.23	6.13	5.47
NONDURABLE GOODS.................	332.42	340.48	277.31	44.5	44.8	41.7	7.47	7.60	6.65
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS......	416.42	418.95	326.18	47.7	47.5	43.9	8.73	8.82	7.43
PAPER, PRINTING, & PUBLISHING..	210.63	208.85	205.28	35.7	35.7	35.7	5.90	5.85	5.75
SIOUX FALLS SMSA									
MANUFACTURING......................	434.72	442.76	333.52	49.4	50.2	45.5	8.80	8.82	7.33
DURABLE GOODS....................	266.18	256.01	236.39	40.7	41.9	41.4	6.54	6.11	5.71
NONDURABLE GOODS.................	464.21	475.24	358.82	50.9	51.6	46.6	9.12	9.21	7.70
RAPID CITY SMSA									
MANUFACTURING......................	260.24	258.25	174.64	38.9	37.7	29.6	6.69	6.85	5.90

*AVERAGE HOURS AND EARNINGS DATA ARE DERIVED FROM REPORTS OF PAYROLLS AND HOURS FOR PRODUCTION AND RELATED WORKERS

TABLE 5

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX
ALL URBAN CONSUMERS

1967=100	Jan. 1981	Dec. 1980	Jan. 1980	PERCENT CHANGE FROM LAST MONTH	PERCENT CHANGE FROM LAST YEAR
ALL ITEMS............................	260.5	258.4	247.3	0.8	5.3
FOOD & BEVERAGES..................	261.4	259.3	220.2	0.8	18.7
HOUSING..............................	279.1	276.9	287.2	0.8	-2.8
APPAREL..............................	181.1	183.9	170.3	-1.5	6.3
TRANSPORTATION....................	264.7	261.1	233.7	1.4	13.3
MEDICAL CARE.......................	279.5	275.8	241.5	1.3	15.7
ENTERTAINMENT......................	214.4	212.0	208.1	1.1	3.0

TABLE 6

LABOR TURNOVER RATES
(per 100 employees)

ACCESSION RATES

	TOTAL			NEW HIRES			RECALLS		
	Feb. 1981	Jan. 1981	Feb. 1980	Feb. 1981	Jan. 1981	Feb. 1980	Feb. 1981	Jan. 1981	Feb. 1980
STATEWIDE									
MANUFACTURING.........	1.9	2.3	2.6	1.1	1.3	1.9	0.6	0.9	0.6
DURABLE GOODS.......	1.6	1.9	3.1	1.2	1.1	2.6	0.2	0.5	0.2
NONDURABLE GOODS....	2.2	2.8	2.1	1.1	1.5	1.2	1.0	1.2	0.9
MINING................	1.5	1.6	1.7	1.5	1.5	1.7	*	0.2	*
SIOUX FALLS SMSA									
MANUFACTURING.........	1.6	2.2	3.0	0.6	0.9	1.6	1.0	1.3	1.4

*Less than 0.05%

SEPARATION RATES

	TOTAL			QUITS			LAYOFFS		
	Feb. 1981	Jan. 1981	Feb. 1980	Feb. 1981	Jan. 1981	Feb. 1980	Feb. 1981	Jan. 1981	Feb. 1980
STATEWIDE									
MANUFACTURING.........	2.3	2.7	3.7	0.9	1.1	1.8	0.8	1.1	1.3
DURABLE GOODS.......	2.0	2.7	4.3	0.9	1.2	2.4	0.5	0.9	1.1
NONDURABLE GOODS....	2.6	2.7	3.2	1.0	1.0	1.3	1.2	1.4	1.5
MINING................	1.6	3.3	2.1	0.6	0.4	1.1	0.2	2.4	0.6
SIOUX FALLS SMSA									
MANUFACTURING.........	1.7	3.4	3.0	0.6	0.6	1.5	1.1	2.5	1.3

TABLE 7

CHARACTERISTICS OF THE INSURED UNEMPLOYED - STATEWIDE

	NUMBER			PERCENT		
	Feb. 81	Jan. 81	Feb. 80	Feb. 81	Jan. 81	Feb. 80
SEX, TOTAL	6,558	7,140	5,287	100.0	100.0	100.0
MALE	5,055	5,274	3,981	77.1	73.9	75.3
FEMALE	1,503	1,866	1,306	22.9	26.1	24.7
RACE, TOTAL	6,558	7,140	5,287	100.0	100.0	100.0
WHITE	5,717	6,189	4,260	87.2	86.7	80.6
NONWHITE	841	951	1,027	12.8	13.3	19.4
AGE, TOTAL	6,558	7,140	5,287	100.0	100.0	100.0
UNDER 45	5,035	5,418	4,053	76.8	75.9	76.7
OVER 45	1,523	1,722	1,234	23.2	24.1	23.3
INDUSTRY, TOTAL	6,558	7,140	5,287	100.0	100.0	100.0
MINING	190	181	150	2.9	2.5	2.8
CONSTRUCTION	2,743	2,756	2,290	41.8	38.6	43.3
MANUFACTURING	1,136	1,341	910	17.3	18.8	17.2
TRANSPORTATION & P.U.	281	271	239	4.3	3.8	4.5
TRADE	1,149	1,295	865	17.5	18.2	16.4
FINANCE, INS. & R.E.	74	87	48	1.2	1.2	0.9
SERVICES	734	864	590	11.2	12.1	11.2
GOVERNMENT	251	345	195	3.8	4.8	3.7
OCCUPATION, TOTAL	6,558	7,140	5,287	100.0	100.0	100.0
PROF. & MANAGERIAL	388	497	336	5.9	7.0	6.4
CLERICAL & SALES	673	756	521	10.3	10.6	9.8
SERVICES	614	695	459	9.4	9.7	8.7
PROCESSING	131	161	200	2.0	2.2	3.8
MACHINE TRADE	294	320	148	4.5	4.5	2.8
BENCHWORK	475	592	309	7.2	8.3	5.8
STRUCTURAL WORK	3,124	3,179	2,595	47.6	44.5	49.1
OTHER	859	940	719	13.1	13.2	13.6
DURATION OF CURRENT SPELL OF UNEMPLOYMENT-TOTAL	6,558	7,140	5,287	100.0	100.0	100.0
1-2 WEEKS	681	1,435	636	10.4	20.1	12.0
3-4 WEEKS	807	1,123	750	12.3	15.7	14.2
5-14 WEEKS	3,759	3,082	3,312	57.3	43.2	62.7
15 WEEKS & OVER	1,311	1,500	589	20.0	21.0	11.1

TABLE 8

SELECTED LABOR DEPARTMENT ACTIVITIES—STATEWIDE

				PERCENT CHANGE FROM	
JOB SERVICE	February 1981	January 1981	February 1980	LAST MONTH	LAST YEAR
NEW JOB APPLICANTS........................	3,109	4,051	3,278	-23.3	-5.2
NEW JOB APPLICANTS OCT. 1 TO DATE........	17,287	14,212	17,844	+21.6	-3.1
NONAGRICULTURAL JOB OPENINGS.............	2,185	2,595	3,189	-15.8	-31.5
JOB PLACEMENTS OCT. 1, TO DATE...........	14,455	12,581	20,203	+14.9	-28.5
NONAGRICULTURAL..........................	13,890	12,073	19,710	+15.1	-29.5
AGRICULTURAL.............................	565	508	493	+11.2	+14.6
APPLICANTS AVAILABLE OCT. 1 TO DATE......	47,093	42,913	44,713	+9.7	+5.3
INDIVIDUALS PLACED OCT. 1 TO DATE........	10,392	9,170	13,629	+13.3	-23.8
UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE					
STATE PROGRAM					
INITIAL CLAIMS MONTHLY TOTAL............	2,430	5,025	2,347	-51.6	+3.5
WEEKS CLAIMED MONTHLY TOTAL............	27,178	34,908	21,743	-22.1	+25.0
INITIAL CLAIMS OCT. 1 TO DATE..........	17,005	14,575	14,533	+16.7	+17.0
WEEKS CLAIMED OCT. 1 TO DATE...........	113,370	86,192	71,879	+31.5	+57.7
AMOUNT OF BENEFIT PAYMENTS.............	$2,313,838	$2,257,808	$1,891,469	+2.5	+22.3
AVERAGE WEEKLY BENEFIT AMOUNT..........	$108.83	$107.04	$103.12	+1.7	+5.5
BENEFIT PAYMENTS OCT. 1 TO DATE........	$9,046,767	$6,732,929	$5,430,553	+34.4	+66.6
UNEMPLOYMENT TRUST FUND (IN ooo's).....	$7,654.2	$8,882.2	$14,566.8	-13.8	-47.5
FEDERAL PROGRAM					
INITIAL CLAIMS OCT. 1 TO DATE..........	871	751	802	+16.0	+8.6
WEEKS CLAIMED OCT. 1 TO DATE...........	4,979	3,867	3,468	+28.8	+43.6
BENEFIT PAYMENTS OCT. 1 TO DATE........	$529,066	$397,217	$366,706	+33.2	+44.3

TABLE 9
JOB OPENINGS RECEIVED AND FILLED BY AVERAGE WAGE FOR MAJOR OCCUPATIONAL GROUP*

OCCUPATIONAL GROUP	OPENINGS RECEIVED	PERCENT	OPENINGS FILLED	PERCENT	PERCENT FILLED TO OPENINGS	AVERAGE WAGE PLACED
SOUTH DAKOTA STATEWIDE	16,269	100.0	14,455	100.0	88.8	3.64
PROFESSIONAL/TECH./MANAGERIAL	1,256	7.7	724	5.0	57.6	5.46
CLERICAL	2,602	16.0	2,240	15.5	86.1	3.51
SALES	1,060	6.5	839	5.8	79.2	3.66
DOMESTIC	1,970	12.1	1,952	13.5	99.1	2.53
OTHER SERVICES	2,999	18.4	2,692	18.6	89.8	3.19
FARMING/FISHERY/FORESTRY	998	6.1	886	6.1	88.8	3.34
PROCESSING	182	1.1	211	1.5	115.9	3.88
MACHINE TRADES	326	2.0	247	1.7	75.8	4.10
BENCHWORK	399	2.5	395	2.7	99.0	3.46
STRUCTURAL	1,547	9.5	1,423	9.9	92.0	4.14
MOTOR FREIGHT/TRANSPORTATION	585	3.6	540	3.7	92.3	4.98
PACKAGING & MATERIALS HANDLING	2,094	12.9	2,063	14.3	98.5	4.17
OTHER	251	1.6	243	1.7	96.8	3.72
SIOUX FALLS SMSA	2,689	100.0	2,263	100.0	84.2	3.59
PROFESSIONAL/TECH./MANAGERIAL	161	6.0	90	4.0	55.9	4.48
CLERICAL	595	22.1	454	20.1	76.3	3.55
SALES	296	11.0	209	9.2	70.6	3.44
DOMESTIC	275	10.2	268	11.8	97.5	2.23
OTHER SERVICES	478	17.8	407	18.0	85.1	3.27
FARMING/FISHERY/FORESTRY	55	2.0	52	2.3	94.5	3.16
PROCESSING	13	0.5	12	0.5	92.3	5.43
MACHINE TRADES	54	2.0	38	1.7	70.4	4.26
BENCHWORK	42	1.6	45	2.0	107.1	3.67
STRUCTURAL	210	7.8	203	9.0	96.7	4.53
MOTOR FREIGHT/TRANSPORTATION	155	5.8	143	6.3	92.3	4.50
PACKAGING & MATERIALS HANDLING	285	10.6	273	12.1	95.8	3.95
OTHER	70	2.6	69	3.0	98.6	3.70
RAPID CITY SMSA	2,900	100.0	2,606	100.0	89.9	3.62
PROFESSIONAL/TECH./MANAGERIAL	169	5.8	98	3.8	58.0	4.78
CLERICAL	475	16.4	427	16.4	89.9	3.33
SALES	266	9.1	236	9.1	88.7	3.78
DOMESTIC	265	9.1	266	10.2	100.4	2.42
OTHER SERVICES	551	19.0	454	17.4	82.4	3.19
FARMING/FISHERY/FORESTRY	60	2.1	59	2.3	98.3	4.29
PROCESSING	8	0.3	8	0.3	100.0	4.70
MACHINE TRADES	53	1.8	38	1.5	71.7	4.29
BENCHWORK	53	1.8	54	2.1	101.9	3.62
STRUCTURAL	254	8.8	234	9.0	92.1	4.33
MOTOR FREIGHT/TRANSPORTATION	146	5.0	137	5.2	93.8	4.68
PACKAGING & MATERIALS HANDLING	546	18.8	543	20.8	99.5	3.82
OTHER	54	1.9	52	2.0	96.3	3.77

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*ALL FIGURES ARE CUMULATIVE FOR THE PERIOD 10-1-80/2-28-81. Openings filled may include orders from prior fiscal year resulting in a figure greater than 100.0 percent filled to openings.

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South Dakota
Labor Bulletin

Compiled April 22, 1981

Report for March 1981

FINAL 1980 CENSUS RELEASED

HURON AND ABERDEEN ONLY LOSERS AMONG SOUTH DAKOTA'S LARGE CITIES

Two of South Dakota's ten largest cities showed a drop in population from 1970 to 1980 according to the final 1980 Census counts. Huron lost 9.1 percent of its population and this loss moved it from fourth largest city to seventh. Aberdeen lost two percent of its population as Table A below illustrates.

TABLE A
TOTAL POPULATION OF THE TEN LARGEST SD CITIES

	1980	1970	%Change
Sioux Falls	81,182	72,488	12.0
Rapid City	46,492	43,836	6.1
Aberdeen	25,956	26,476	-2.0
Watertown	15,694	13,888	16.9
Brookings	14,951	13,717	9.0
Mitchell	13,916	13,425	3.7
Huron	13,000	14,299	-9.1
Yankton	12,011	11,919	0.8
Pierre	11,973	9,699	23.4
Vermillion	9,582	9,128	5.0

The change in the college enrollments in different South Dakota cities and the growth of vocational education institutions have had some effect on population figures. College students are counted by the Census as residents of the area in which they are living while attending college. If the 1980 student population at Northern State College would have been as large as it was in 1970, Aberdeen City would have shown population growth. The decreased demand for teachers contributed to the decline in student numbers at NSC, which educates teachers. Table C on page 5 exhibits fall enrollments in South Dakota colleges for 1970 and 1980.

Another contributing factor to Aberdeen's decline in population was the apparent shift in the city's population to the townships surrounding the city. In the townships around Huron there has not been a similar shift to the country.

Eight of the state's ten largest cities gained population between 1970 and 1980. Sioux Falls grew 12 percent or by almost 8,700. Rapid City increased 6.1 percent or about 2,660. Pierre experienced the largest percentage gain, 23.4 percent, and grew by about 2,300. Its rank as the ninth largest city did not change. Watertown's population grew 16.9 percent. Industrial development in these eight cities helped to boost their populations over the last ten years.

Table B, page 4, presents South Dakota's 1980 population at 690,178 or 3.6 percent greater than in 1970. The state populace was 92.6 percent white in 1980 and there were about 45,000 American Indians and 2,144 blacks.

Table B also gives total population and race information for the counties. Minnehaha County showed the largest numerical increase, over 14,000 additional people in 1980. The county appearing to show the largest percentage gain was Jackson at a 124.5 percent increase; this increase reflexed the annexation of Washabaugh County in the late 1970s. Without the annexation of Washabaugh, Jackson gained only 15.2 percent. Shannon County, whose population is 93.4 percent American Indian, exhibited the actual largest percentage increase, 38.1 percent.

The South Dakota county with the largest American Indian population is Shannon County. Shannon County has about 10,575 American Indians, followed by Todd County with 5,688, Pennington with 3,637, Dewey with 3,107 and Corson with 2,459. About half of

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the state's American Indian populace are in these counties.

Over three-fourths of South Dakota's black population are concentrated in the state's two Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas, the Sioux Falls SMSA and the Rapid City SMSA. The Sioux Falls SMSA which shares the same boundaries as Minnehaha County reported a black population of 276 for 1980. The Rapid City SMSA Census counted 1,429 blacks in their area which includes Pennington and Meade Counties.

A large number of the blacks in the Rapid City SMSA are members of the Armed Forces and live in the area of the Ellsworth Air Force Base. Members of the Armed Forces are counted by the Census at the installation where they are living. If they are not living at the installation they and their families are counted as residents of the area where they are living.

Information on the population for 1970 and 1980 by county and county subdivisions is for sale for 70 cents by the Bureau of the Census and U.S. Dept. of Commerce District Offices.

LABOR FORCE

Unemployment declined in March in South Dakota while total employment increased by about 7,000. The drop in unemployment, from 5.9% in February to 5.6% in March, was normal for this time of the year and cannot be interpreted as an improvement in the labor market in South Dakota. Total unemployment of 18,200 compared with 15,800 one year ago when the rate was 4.8%.

The increase in total employment was primarily caused by seasonal increases in agricultural employment. The March total employment figure continued to run below the year-ago figure which was 329,600.

NONAG WAGE & SALARY EMPLOYMENT

There was little change in nonfarm payroll employment in South Dakota in March. The March total of 229,800 compared with 229,000 in February and 235,600 one year ago. Among the major industry groups, construction employment was 15.6% below a year ago, reflecting the housing slump. Manufacturing employment, led by declines in fabricated metals and machinery, was down 7.3% at 25,300 and retail trade, suffering from continued weakness in consumer spending, lost 3,000 jobs during the past year. Services and transportation/public utilities had slight increases in employment over the year.

There probably won't be much improvement in the labor market in South Dakota in the next few months. High interest rates will hold down building construction and consumer spending, especially for large ticket items. Sluggish Activity in these areas has an adverse ripple effect on the economy as a whole. Also, South Dakota does not have the growth in population which some areas of the country are experiencing and which provides an economic stimulus.

HOURS AND EARNINGS

The average manufacturing production worker in South Dakota worked 41.3 hours a week in March at $6.92 an hour for a gross weekly wage of $285.80.

SIOUX FALLS SMSA

The Sioux Falls unemployment rate dropped to 5.4% in March but continued to run ahead of the year-ago rate of 4.6%. The total number of Sioux Falls residents unemployed in March was 3,330 or 15% higher than the year-ago figure of 2,883. Total employment dropped 2% from 60,002 to 58,814 over the year.

Nonfarm payroll employment was also about 2% below the year ago figure. The March figure of 52,910 compared with 53,570 in February and 54,090 in March 1980. Construction employment had the largest drop among the major industries. The 1981 figure of 1,850 was 21% below the 1980 March estimate of 2,360. Manufacturing employment was slightly (0.6%) down at 7,790. Services and finance/insurance/ real estate were the only major industries with

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gains in employment over the past year. Services increased 4.4% to 13,200 while finance/insurance/real estate was up 3.7% at 3,350.

The average production worker in the manufacturing industry in Sioux Falls worked 45.0 hours a week in March at $9.25 an hour for a gross weekly wage of $416.25.

RAPID CITY SMSA

The Rapid City SMSA unemployment rate was 6.2% in March compared with 6.0% one year ago. The total number of unemployed was 2,553 compared with 2,488 last year. Total employment of 38,691 was slightly below the year-ago figure of 38,972.

Total nonagricultural wage & salary employment in March was 31,110 compared with 30,760 in February and 31,480 in March 1980. Manufacturing employment was down 2.5% over the year at 3,090 while nonmanufacturing employment dipped 1.0% to 28,020. Following the statewide trend, construction had the largest drop in employment among the major industries in Rapid City. The current figure of 1,690 compares with 2,010 one year ago.

The average production worker in the manufacturing industry in Rapid City worked 34.9 hours a week in March at $7.00 an hour for a gross weekly wage of $244.30.

JOB SERVICE ACTIVITY

During the month of March, 3,757 nonagricultural and 129 agricultural openings were received by local Job Service offices. During this same period, 2,703 applicants were placed in nonagricultural openings and 97 were placed in agricultural openings.

There were 4,148 new applicants registered during March. Rural residents, those persons residing in an area of less than 10,000 urban population, numbered 2,023 and accounted for 48.8% of the total. Of the total applicants, 462 were eligible for unemployment insurance benefits. Females accounted for 49.8% of the total applicants. Minorities numbered 376 accounting for 9.1% of the total. There were 644 applicants classified as being economically disadvantaged for a 15.5% share of the total. Veterans numbered 456 of which 184 were veterans of the Vietnam era with service between August 5, 1964 and May 7, 1975. By age grouping, 1,345 were under 22 years of age, 2,324 were between the ages of 22 and 44 years and 479 were 45 years and older. Handicapped applicants numbered 154 with 16 having veteran status.

There were 1,233 individuals given counseling, either individual or group. Tests were given to 790 of the applicants to determine aptitude or qualification. Job Service personnel made 2,094 job development contacts with 337 job placements resulting from those contacts.

Of the total 2,800 placements, 1,564 were for over 150 days, 465 were for between four and 150 days and 771 were for three days or less. Residents classified as rural made up 1,105 of the total placements or 39.5%. Female placements numbered 1,201 accounting for 42.9%. Broken down by characteristics, minorities numbered 326, 11.6%; economically disadvantaged 598, 21.4%; veterans 476, 17.0%; Vietnam era veterans 235, 8.4% and handicapped persons 219 for a 7.8% share of the total. Placements under the age of 22 numbered 1,205, those between the ages of 22 and 44 years totaled 1,354 and 241 placements were over 45 years of age.

TABLE B
PERSONS BY RACE AND SPANISH ORIGIN: 1980

County	1980	1970	Percent change 1970 to 1980	White	Black	Am. Indian Eskimo & Aleut	Asian & Pacific Islander	Other	Spanish Origin
STATEWIDE	690,178	666,257	3.6	638,955	2,144	45,101	1,728	2,250	4,028
Aurora	3,628	4,183	-13.3	3,597	1	22	1	7	7
Beadle	19,195	20,877	- 8.1	18,968	50	100	56	21	39
Bennett	3,236	3,088	4.8	1,872	-	1,351	-	13	24
Bon Homme	8,059	8,577	- 6.0	7,878	18	134	11	18	19
Brookings	24,332	22,158	9.8	23,990	59	79	109	95	59
Brown	36,962	36,920	0.1	35,946	23	826	117	50	121
Brule	5,245	5,870	-10.6	5,119	4	113	2	7	23
Buffalo	1,795	1,739	3.2	523	-	1,270	-	2	11
Butte	8,372	7,825	7.0	8,160	1	88	9	114	307
Campbell	2,243	2,866	-21.7	2,237	-	1	-	5	-
Charles Mix	9,680	9,994	- 3.1	7,974	1	1,692	5	8	21
Clark	4,894	5,515	-11.3	4,872	1	11	3	7	7
Clay	13,135	12,923	1.6	12,708	23	306	56	42	54
Codington	20,885	19,140	9.1	20,631	10	180	39	25	40
Corson	5,196	4,994	4.0	2,726	-	2,459	5	6	18
Custer	6,000	4,698	27.7	5,804	4	163	2	27	41
Davison	17,820	17,319	2.9	17,602	22	125	40	31	40
Day	8,133	8,713	- 6.7	7,669	1	455	5	3	18
Deuel	5,289	5,686	- 7.0	5,261	8	5	7	8	8
Dewey	5,366	5,170	3.8	2,227	4	3,107	4	24	19
Douglas	4,181	4,569	- 8.5	4,166	-	13	-	2	12
Edmunds	5,159	5,548	- 7.0	5,142	1	6	9	1	6
Fall River	8,439	7,505	12.4	7,912	14	433	24	56	124
Faulk	3,327	3,893	-14.5	3,314	-	11	2	-	6
Grant	9,013	9,005	0.1	8,937	11	33	24	8	12
Gregory	6,015	6,710	-10.4	5,768	-	236	5	6	9
Haakon	2,794	2,802	- 0.3	2,753	1	31	5	4	9
Hamlin	5,261	5,520	- 4.7	5,228	2	26	5	-	5
Hand	4,948	5,883	-15.9	4,933	2	1	5	7	18
Hanson	3,415	3,781	- 9.7	3,397	-	11	2	5	2
Harding	1,700	1,855	- 8.4	1,678	-	17	-	5	11
Hughes	14,220	11,632	22.2	13,243	11	889	54	23	80
Hutchinson	9,350	10,379	- 9.9	9,299	7	22	8	14	23
Hyde	2,069	2,515	-17.7	1,975	1	89	3	1	3
Jackson	3,437	1,531	124.5	1,935	2	1,491	1	8	36
Jerauld	2,929	3,310	-11.5	2,925	-	2	2	-	-
Jones	1,463	1,882	-22.3	1,451	-	9	3	-	4
Kingsbury	6,679	7,657	-12.8	6,655	2	3	15	4	2
Lake	10,724	11,456	- 6.4	10,645	6	35	14	24	26
Lawrence	18,339	17,453	5.1	17,885	27	331	29	67	197
Lincoln	13,942	11,761	18.5	13,854	2	41	32	13	26
Lyman	3,864	4,060	- 4.8	2,958	1	903	1	1	15

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TABLE B
PERSONS BY RACE AND SPANISH ORIGIN: 1980
(continued)

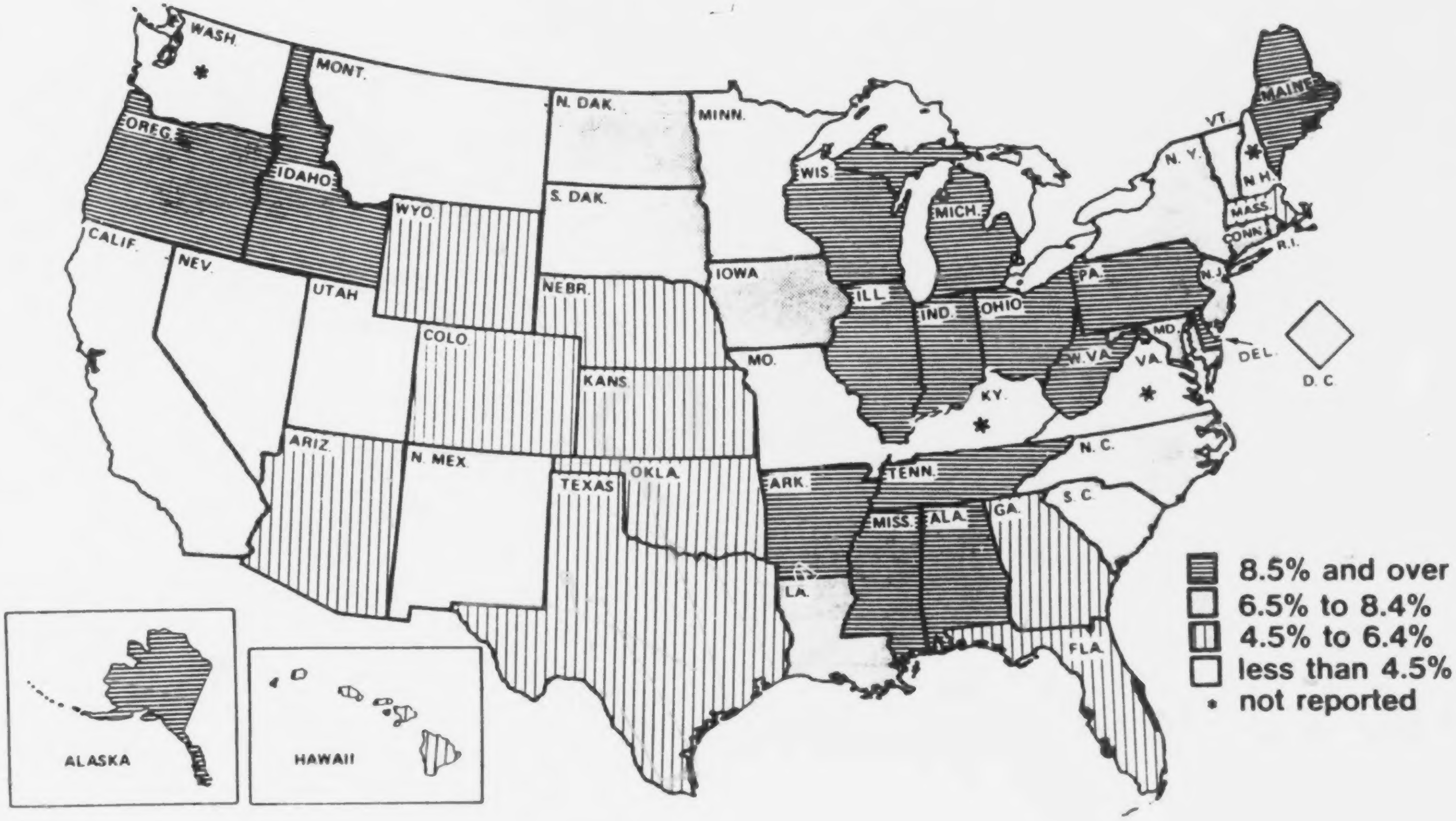
County	1980	1970	Percent change 1970 to 1980	White	Black	Am. Indian Eskimo & Aleut	Asian & Pacific Islander	Other	Spanish Origin
McCook	6,444	7,246	-11.1	6,428	4	2	2	8	10
McPherson	4,027	5,022	-19.8	4,020	-	-	1	6	2
Marshall	5,404	5,965	- 9.4	5,115	-	287	-	2	3
Meade	20,717	17,020	21.7	19,570	528	285	133	201	289
Mellette	2,249	2,420	- 7.1	1,364	-	872	6	7	8
Miner	3,739	4,454	-16.1	3,732	-	7	-	-	2
Minnehaha	109,435	95,209	14.9	107,308	276	1,118	345	388	468
Moody	6,692	7,622	-12.2	6,334	4	336	7	11	12
Pennington	70,133	59,349	18.2	64,569	901	3,637	360	666	1,242
Perkins	4,700	4,769	- 1.4	4,645	-	44	6	5	16
Potter	3,674	4,449	-17.4	3,651	-	21	2	-	7
Roberts	10,911	11,678	- 6.6	8,770	2	2,119	10	10	11
Sanborn	3,213	3,697	-13.1	3,198	1	1	13	-	5
Shannon	11,323	8,198	38.1	717	4	10,575	4	23	176
Spink	9,201	10,595	-13.2	9,105	-	78	7	11	8
Stanley	2,533	2,457	3.1	2,434	-	95	-	4	10
Sully	1,990	2,362	-15.7	1,970	1	15	3	1	7
Todd	7,328	6,606	10.9	1,588	10	5,688	2	40	32
Tripp	7,268	8,171	-11.1	6,687	1	569	11	-	10
Turner	9,255	9,872	- 6.3	9,218	-	31	4	2	20
Union	10,938	9,643	13.4	10,803	13	57	37	28	52
Walworth	7,011	7,842	-10.6	6,581	1	411	10	8	24
Yankton	18,952	19,039	- 0.5	18,371	78	391	50	62	94
Ziebach	2,308	2,221	3.9	960	-	1,342	1	5	18

TABLE C
SOUTH DAKOTA COLLEGE ENROLLMENTS[1/]

	Fall 1980	Fall 1970	Actual Change
BHSC, Spearfish	2,099	2,488	-389
DSC, Madison	1,000	1,334	-334
NSC, Aberdeen	2,603	3,410	-807
SDSMT, Rapid City	2,393	1,652	741
SDSU, Brookings	6,848	6,245	603
USD/Springfield	852	1,044	-192
USD/Vermillion	5,968	5,313	655
Augustana, Sioux Falls	2,115	2,178	- 63
DWU, Mitchell	543	599	- 56
Freeman Academy, Freeman	68	70	- 2
Huron College, Huron	321	729	-408
Mt. Marty, Yankton	568	465	103
Presentation College, Aberdeen	300	308	- 8
Sioux Falls College, Sioux Falls	844	979	-135
Yankton College, Yankton	272	557	-285

[1/] "Annual Report of Enrollments", submitted to the Upper-Midwest Association of College Registrars and Admin. Officers.

Unemployment Rates by State, January 1981


WASH.
MONT.
N. DAK.
MINN.
OREG.
IDAHO
S. DAK.
WYO.
WIS.
MICH.
N. Y.
VT.
MAINE
N.H.
MASS.
CONN.
R.I.
CALIF.
NEV.
UTAH
IOWA
NEBR.
ILL.
IND.
OHIO
PA.
N.J.
COLO.
MD.
DEL.
D.C
KANS.
MO.
W.VA.
VA.
KY.
ARIZ.
N. MEX.
N.C.
TEXAS
OKLA.
ARK.
TENN.
S.C.
MISS.
ALA.
GA.
LA.
FLA.
ALASKA
HAWAII
▤ 8.5% and over
☐ 6.5% to 8.4%
▥ 4.5% to 6.4%
☐ less than 4.5%
* not reported

Source U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, March 1981

TABLE 1

LABOR FORCE/EMPLOYMENT/UNEMPLOYMENT

	MARCH 1981				MARCH 1980			
	LABOR FORCE 1/	EMPLOY-MENT	UNEMPLOY-MENT	Rate	LABOR FORCE 1/	EMPLOY-MENT	UNEMPLOY-MENT	RATE
UNITED STATES	105,405,000	97,318,000	8,087,000	7.7 2/	103,351,000	96,546,000	6,805,000	6.6 2/
SOUTH DAKOTA	327,200	309,000	18,200	5.6	329,600	313,800	15,800	4.8
SIOUX FALLS SMSA	62,144	58,814	3,330	5.4	62,885	60,002	2,883	4.6
RAPID CITY SMSA	41,244	38,691	2,553	6.2	41,460	38,972	2,488	6.0
AURORA COUNTY	1,501	1,455	46	3.1	1,679	1,636	43	2.6
BEADLE COUNTY	9,618	9,111	507	5.3	9,919	9,565	354	3.6
BENNETT	1,168	1,138	30	2.6	1,194	1,143	51	4.3
BON HOMME	3,860	3,642	218	5.7	3,687	3,550	137	3.7
BROOKINGS	14,187	13,278	909	6.4	13,359	12,649	710	5.3
BROWN	18,602	17,411	1,191	6.4	20,044	18,961	1,083	5.4
BRULE	2,739	2,642	97	3.5	2,911	2,805	106	3.6
BUFFALO	492	390	102	20.7	545	470	75	13.8
BUTTE	4,032	3,925	107	2.7	3,846	3,725	121	3.2
CAMPBELL	730	683	47	6.4	847	787	60	7.1
CHARLES MIX	3,843	3,628	215	5.6	3,978	3,833	145	3.7
CLARK	1,647	1,566	81	5.0	1,931	1,851	80	4.1
CLAY	6,295	5,972	323	5.1	5,980	5,735	245	4.1
CODINGTON	9,088	8,408	680	7.5	9,963	9,400	563	5.7
CORSON	1,369	1,184	185	13.5	1,501	1,354	147	9.8
CUSTER	2,332	2,192	140	6.0	2,266	2,149	117	5.2
DAVISON	9,336	8,915	421	4.5	9,880	9,553	327	3.3
DAY	3,025	2,771	254	8.4	3,201	3,001	200	6.3
DEUEL	1,807	1,636	171	9.5	2,014	1,849	165	8.2
DEWEY	1,723	1,569	154	9.0	2,025	1,910	115	5.7
DOUGLAS	1,976	1,925	51	2.6	1,881	1,833	48	2.6
EDMUNDS	1,937	1,843	94	4.9	2,033	1,939	94	4.6
FALL RIVER	3,783	3,580	203	5.4	3,727	3,580	147	3.9
FAULK	1,373	1,338	35	2.6	1,348	1,325	23	1.7

1/ Labor force estimates include employed and unemployed civilians 16 years old and older by place of residence.

2/ The seasonally adjusted rates which were announced by the national government were 7.3 and 6.9 . The data in this table are not seasonally adjusted.

	LABOR FORCE	EMPLOY- MENT	UNEMPLOY- MENT	RATE	LABOR FORCE	EMPLOY- MENT	UNEMPLOY- MENT	RATE
GRANT	4,168	3,967	201	4.8	4,105	3,969	136	3.3
GREGORY	2,358	2,267	91	3.9	2,513	2,428	85	3.4
HAAKON	1,540	1,492	48	3.1	1,442	1,397	45	3.1
HAMLIN	2,169	2,075	94	4.3	2,023	1,936	87	4.3
HAND	2,097	2,012	85	4.1	2,122	2,038	84	4.0
HANSON	1,171	1,110	61	5.2	1,127	1,097	30	2.7
HARDING	730	721	9	1.2	633	621	12	1.9
HUGHES	7,665	7,253	412	5.4	7,751	7,474	277	3.6
HUTCHINSON	3,972	3,818	154	3.9	4,133	4,046	87	2.1
HYDE	765	731	34	4.4	893	852	41	4.6
JACKSON	906	854	52	5.7	984	930	54	5.5
JERAULD	1,195	1,152	43	3.6	1,289	1,253	36	2.8
JONES	588	555	33	5.6	638	602	36	5.6
KINGSBURY	4,463	4,350	113	2.5	3,387	3,283	104	3.1
LAKE	5,446	5,061	385	7.1	5,649	5,301	348	6.2
LAWRENCE	8,860	8,350	510	5.8	8,964	8,431	533	6.0
LINCOLN	8,869	8,530	339	3.8	6,408	6,119	289	4.5
LYMAN	1,223	1,116	107	8.8	1,507	1,413	94	6.2
MCCOOK	2,694	2,528	166	6.2	2,483	2,368	115	4.6
MCPHERSON	1,424	1,365	59	4.1	1,703	1,654	49	2.9
MARSHALL	1,852	1,709	143	7.7	2,009	1,921	88	4.4
MEADE	8,766	8,370	396	4.5	8,795	8,431	364	4.1
MELLETTE	605	565	40	6.6	818	694	124	15.2
MINER	1,803	1,725	78	4.3	1,745	1,665	80	4.6
MINNEHAHA	62,144	58,814	3,330	5.4	62,886	60,002	2,884	4.6
MOODY	3,972	3,825	147	3.7	3,283	3,185	98	3.0
PENNINGTON	25,136	23,474	1,662	6.6	25,281	23,645	1,636	6.5
PERKINS	1,946	1,878	68	3.5	2,185	2,144	41	1.9
POTTER	1,822	1,745	77	4.2	1,873	1,825	48	2.6
ROBERTS	4,210	3,836	374	8.9	4,453	4,126	327	7.3
SANBORN	1,344	1,294	50	3.7	1,407	1,354	53	3.8
SHANNON	2,537	2,318	219	8.6	2,894	2,651	243	8.4
SPINK	3,644	3,557	87	2.4	3,733	3,641	92	2.5
STANLEY	1,526	1,454	72	4.7	1,256	1,209	47	3.7
SULLY	622	588	34	5.5	764	719	45	5.9
TODD	1,681	1,389	292	17.4	2,247	1,969	278	12.4
TRIPP	2,851	2,701	150	5.3	3,302	3,182	120	3.6
TURNER	5,116	4,907	209	4.1	4,031	3,890	141	3.5
UNION	6,695	6,501	194	3.0	5,403	5,138	265	4.9
WALWORTH	3,015	2,745	270	9.0	3,301	3,077	224	6.8
YANKTON	8,910	8,435	475	5.3	10,082	9,713	369	3.7
ZIEBACH	924	834	90	9.7	962	919	43	4.5

TABLE 2

SOUTH DAKOTA NONAGRICULTURAL WAGE AND SALARY EMPLOYMENT*
(in thousands)

	March 1981	Feb. 1981	March 1980	PERCENT CHANGE FROM LAST MONTH	PERCENT CHANGE FROM LAST YEAR
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL	229.8	229.0	235.6	0.3	-2.5
MANUFACTURING	25.3	25.0	27.3	1.2	-7.3
DURABLE GOODS	12.9	12.6	14.2	2.4	-9.2
LUMBER & FURNITURE	1.1	1.1	1.3	0.0	-15.4
FABRICATED METALS & MACHINERY	8.6	8.4	9.8	2.4	-12.2
OTHER DURABLE GOODS	3.2	3.1	3.1	3.2	3.2
NONDURABLE GOODS	12.4	12.4	13.1	0.0	-5.3
FOOD & KINDRED PRODUCTS	7.3	7.2	7.7	1.4	-5.2
PAPER, PRINTING & PUBLISHING	2.4	2.4	2.4	0.0	0.0
OTHER NONDURABLE GOODS	2.7	2.8	3.0	-3.6	-10.0
NONMANUFACTURING	204.5	204.0	208.3	0.2	-1.8
MINING	2.7	2.7	2.8	0.0	-3.6
CONSTRUCTION	7.6	7.4	9.0	2.7	-15.6
TRANSPORTATION & PUBLIC UTILITIES	13.5	13.5	13.2	0.0	2.3
RAILROADS	1.1	1.1	1.1	0.0	0.0
OTHER TRANSPORTATION	6.6	6.6	6.4	0.0	3.1
COMMUNICATIONS & PUBLIC UTILITIES	5.8	5.8	5.7	0.0	1.8
TRADE	61.7	61.4	64.8	0.5	-4.8
WHOLESALE TRADE	16.8	16.6	17.9	1.2	-6.1
DURABLE GOODS	7.6	7.5	8.6	1.3	-11.6
NONDURABLE GOODS	9.2	9.1	9.3	1.1	-1.1
RETAIL TRADE	44.9	44.8	46.9	0.2	-4.3
FINANCE, INSURANCE & REAL ESTATE	10.9	10.9	10.9	0.0	0.0
SERVICES	48.9	49.2	48.8	-0.6	0.2
HOTELS, AMUSE., PERS. & BUSINESS	11.6	11.5	12.1	0.9	-4.1
MEDICAL AND HEALTH	20.8	20.8	19.2	0.0	8.3
EDUCATIONAL, MEMBERSHIP & SOCIAL	14.0	14.4	14.8	-2.8	-5.4
OTHER	2.5	2.5	2.7	0.0	-7.4
GOVERNMENT	59.2	58.9	58.8	0.5	0.7
FEDERAL	10.7	10.7	10.8	0.0	-0.9
STATE	16.3	16.3	16.2	0.0	0.6
STATE EDUCATION	8.1	8.1	8.2	0.0	-1.2
OTHER	8.2	8.2	8.0	0.0	2.5
LOCAL	32.2	31.9	31.8	0.9	1.3
LOCAL EDUCATION	19.5	19.2	19.2	1.6	1.6
OTHER LOCAL	12.7	12.7	12.6	0.0	0.8

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*THIS CATEGORY INCLUDES FULL AND PART-TIME WORKERS ON THE PAYROLLS OF NONAGRICULTURAL ESTABLISHMENTS FOR THE WEEK INCLUDING THE 12TH OF THE MONTH.

TABLE 3

SIOUX FALLS AND RAPID CITY NONAGRICULTURAL WAGE AND SALARY EMPLOYMENT

	March 1981	Feb. 1981	March 1980	PERCENT CHANGE FROM LAST MONTH	PERCENT CHANGE FROM LAST YEAR
SIOUX FALLS SMSA (MINNEHAHA COUNTY)					
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL	52,910	53,570	54,090	-1.2	-2.2
MANUFACTURING	7,790	7,790	7,840	0.0	-0.6
DURABLE GOODS	2,180	2,150	2,550	1.4	-14.5
NONDURABLE GOODS	5,610	5,640	5,290	-0.5	6.0
FOOD & KINDRED PRODUCTS	4,210	4,240	3,880	-0.7	8.5
NONMANUFACTURING	45,120	45,780	46,250	-1.4	-2.4
CONSTRUCTION AND MINING	1,850	1,860	2,360	-0.5	-21.6
TRANSPORTATION & PUBLIC UTILITIES	4,710	4,860	4,910	-3.1	-4.1
TRADE	15,540	15,940	16,270	-2.5	-4.5
WHOLESALE TRADE	4,780	4,730	5,010	1.1	-4.6
RETAIL TRADE	10,760	11,210	11,260	-4.0	-4.4
FINANCE, INSURANCE & REAL ESTATE	3,350	3,370	3,230	-0.6	3.7
SERVICES	13,200	12,970	12,640	1.8	4.4
GOVERNMENT	6,470	6,780	6,840	-4.6	-5.4
RAPID CITY SMSA (PENNINGTON & MEADE COUNTY)					
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL	31,110	30,760	31,480	1.1	-1.2
MANUFACTURING	3,090	3,130	3,170	-1.3	-2.5
DURABLE GOODS	2,170	2,180	2,240	-0.5	-3.1
NONDURABLE GOODS	920	950	930	-3.2	-1.1
NONMANUFACTURING	28,020	27,630	28,310	1.4	-1.0
CONSTRUCTION AND MINING	1,690	1,590	2,010	6.3	-15.9
TRANSPORTATION & PUBLIC UTILITIES	1,880	1,890	1,880	-0.5	0.0
TRADE	8,700	8,560	8,970	1.6	-3.0
WHOLESALE TRADE	1,600	1,630	1,690	-1.8	-5.3
RETAIL TRADE	7,100	6,930	7,280	2.5	-2.5
FINANCE, INSURANCE & REAL ESTATE	1,540	1,540	1,540	0.0	0.0
SERVICES	6,790	6,620	6,620	2.6	2.7
GOVERNMENT	7,420	7,430	7,290	-0.1	1.8

TABLE 4

HOURS AND EARNINGS OF PRODUCTION WORKERS*

	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNINGS			AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS			AVERAGE HOURLY EARNINGS		
	Mar 1981	Feb 1981	Mar 1980	Mar 1981	Feb 1981	Mar 1980	Mar 1981	Feb 1981	Mar 1980
SOUTH DAKOTA STATEWIDE									
MANUFACTURING......................	285.80	296.44	240.40	41.3	42.9	38.9	6.92	6.91	6.18
DURABLE GOODS..................	263.40	258.75	219.23	40.9	41.4	40.3	6.44	6.25	5.44
LUMBER & FURNITURE.............	252.50	242.97	204.27	40.4	39.0	35.9	6.25	6.23	5.69
FABRICATED METALS AND MACH.....	259.13	251.83	211.04	40.3	40.1	39.3	6.43	6.28	5.37
NONDURABLE GOODS...............	309.00	334.64	259.81	41.7	44.5	37.6	7.41	7.52	6.91
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS......	371.94	413.00	299.67	42.9	47.2	37.6	8.67	8.75	7.97
PAPER, PRINTING, & PUBLISHING..	215.68	204.84	203.46	35.3	36.0	34.9	6.11	5.69	5.83
SIOUX FALLS SMSA									
MANUFACTURING......................	416.25	433.84	302.59	45.0	49.3	39.4	9.25	8.80	7.68
DURABLE GOODS..................	261.88	263.56	230.68	41.9	40.3	40.4	6.25	6.54	5.71
NONDURABLE GOODS...............	449.23	464.21	322.18	45.7	50.9	39.1	9.83	9.12	8.24
RAPID CITY SMSA									
MANUFACTURING......................	244.30	260.24	190.34	34.9	38.9	30.9	7.00	6.69	6.16

*AVERAGE HOURS AND EARNINGS DATA ARE DERIVED FROM REPORTS OF PAYROLLS AND HOURS FOR PRODUCTION AND RELATED WORKERS

TABLE 5

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX
ALL URBAN CONSUMERS

1967-100	Feb. 1981	Jan. 1981	Feb. 1980	PERCENT CHANGE FROM LAST MONTH	PERCENT CHANGE FROM LAST YEAR
ALL ITEMS............................	263.2	260.5	238.7	1.0	10.3
FOOD & BEVERAGES...................	263.7	261.4	244.7	0.9	7.8
HOUSING............................	280.9	279.1	252.6	0.6	11.2
APPAREL............................	182.0	181.1	178.5	0.5	2.0
TRANSPORTATION.....................	270.9	264.7	236.5	2.3	14.5
MEDICAL CARE.......................	282.6	279.5	252.9	1.1	11.7
ENTERTAINMENT......................	216.7	214.4	183.8	1.1	17.9

TABLE 6

LABOR TURNOVER RATES
(per 100 employees)

ACCESSION RATES

	TOTAL			NEW HIRES			RECALLS		
	Mar 1981	Feb 1981	Mar 1980	Mar 1981	Feb 1981	Mar 1980	Mar 1981	Feb 1981	Mar 1980
STATEWIDE									
MANUFACTURING.........	2.7	2.0	2.4	1.5	1.1	1.6	1.0	0.8	0.6
DURABLE GOODS.......	3.3	1.9	3.1	1.9	1.1	2.3	1.2	0.6	0.4
NONDURABLE GOODS....	2.1	2.2	1.8	1.2	1.1	0.9	0.8	1.0	0.8
MINING................	3.0	1.5	4.0	2.0	1.5	3.8	1.0	*	0.3
SIOUX FALLS SMSA									
MANUFACTURING.........	2.1	1.6	1.8	0.8	0.6	1.4	1.1	1.0	0.4

*Less than 0.05%.

SEPARATION RATES

	TOTAL			QUITS			LAYOFFS		
	Mar 1981	Feb 1981	Mar 1980	Mar 1981	Feb 1981	Mar 1980	Mar 1981	Feb 1981	Mar 1980
STATEWIDE									
MANUFACTURING.........	2.3	2.2	3.4	1.3	0.9	1.9	0.7	0.8	0.7
DURABLE GOODS.......	2.2	1.9	4.0	1.0	0.8	2.2	0.7	0.5	0.9
NONDURABLE GOODS....	2.4	2.5	2.8	1.5	1.0	1.5	0.7	1.1	0.6
MINING................	1.1	1.6	2.7	0.4	0.6	2.0	0.3	0.2	0.3
SIOUX FALLS SMSA									
MANUFACTURING.........	2.7	1.7	3.8	0.7	0.6	1.8	1.9	1.1	1.4

TABLE 7

CHARACTERISTICS OF THE INSURED UNEMPLOYED - STATEWIDE

	NUMBER			PERCENT		
	Mar. 81	Feb. 81	Mar. 80	Mar. 81	Feb. 81	Mar. 80
SEX, TOTAL	5,868	6,558	5,554	100.0	100.0	100.0
MALE	4,413	5,055	4,265	75.2	77.1	76.8
FEMALE	1,455	1,503	1,289	24.8	22.9	23.2
RACE, TOTAL	5,868	6,558	5,554	100.0	100.0	100.0
WHITE	5,026	5,717	4,514	85.7	87.2	81.3
NONWHITE	842	841	1,040	14.3	12.8	18.7
AGE, TOTAL	5,868	6,558	5,554	100.0	100.0	100.0
UNDER 45	4,467	5,035	4,280	76.1	76.8	77.1
OVER 45	1,401	1,523	1,274	23.9	23.2	22.9
INDUSTRY, TOTAL	5,868	6,558	5,554	100.0	100.0	100.0
MINING	149	190	147	2.5	2.9	2.7
CONSTRUCTION	2,399	2,743	2,294	40.9	41.8	41.3
MANUFACTURING	886	1,136	1,073	15.1	17.3	19.3
TRANSPORTATION & P.U	243	281	278	4.1	4.3	5.0
TRADE	1,162	1,149	849	19.8	17.5	15.3
FINANCE, INS. & R.E	79	74	58	1.4	1.2	1.0
SERVICES	711	734	648	12.1	11.2	11.7
GOVERNMENT	239	251	207	4.1	3.8	3.7
OCCUPATION, TOTAL	5,868	6,558	5,554	100.0	100.0	100.0
PROF. & MANAGERIAL	379	388	336	6.5	5.9	6.1
CLERICAL & SALES	658	673	568	11.2	10.3	10.2
SERVICES	664	614	449	11.3	9.4	8.1
PROCESSING	125	131	274	2.1	2.0	4.9
MACHINE TRADE	254	294	185	4.3	4.5	3.3
BENCHWORK	361	475	295	6.2	7.2	5.3
STRUCTURAL WORK	2,681	3,124	2,684	45.7	47.6	48.3
OTHER	746	859	763	12.7	13.1	13.8
DURATION OF CURRENT SPELL OF UNEMPLOYMENT-TOTAL	5,868	6,558	5,554	100.0	100.0	100.0
1-2 WEEKS	537	681	639	9.2	10.4	11.5
3-4 WEEKS	537	807	602	9.2	12.3	10.8
5-14 WEEKS	3,147	3,759	3,098	53.6	57.3	55.8
15 WEEKS & OVER	1,647	1,311	1,215	28.0	20.0	21.9

TABLE 8

SELECTED LABOR DEPARTMENT ACTIVITIES --STATEWIDE

	March	February	March	PERCENT CHANGE FROM	
JOB SERVICE	1981	1981	1980	LAST MONTH	LAST YEAR
NEW JOB APPLICANTS	4,148	3,109	4,679	+33.4	-11.3
NEW JOB APPLICANTS OCT. 1 TO DATE	21,399	17,287	22,425	+23.8	-4.6
NONAGRICULTURAL JOB OPENINGS	3,757	2,185	4,242	+71.9	-11.4
JOB PLACEMENTS OCT. 1, TO DATE	17,254	14,455	23,468	+19.4	-26.5
NONAGRICULTURAL	16,592	13,890	22,806	+19.5	-27.2
AGRICULTURAL	662	565	662	+17.2	0.0
APPLICANTS AVAILABLE OCT. 1 TO DATE	52,700	47,093	50,398	+11.9	+4.6
INDIVIDUALS PLACED OCT. 1 TO DATE	12,146	10,392	15,449	+16.9	-21.4
UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE					
STATE PROGRAM					
INITIAL CLAIMS MONTHLY TOTAL	2,068	3,430	2,275	-39.7	-9.1
WEEKS CLAIMED MONTHLY TOTAL	23,992	27,178	21,773	-11.7	+10.2
INITIAL CLAIMS OCT. 1 TO DATE	19,073	17,005	16,808	+12.2	+13.5
WEEKS CLAIMED OCT. 1 TO DATE	137,362	113,370	93,652	+21.2	+46.7
AMOUNT OF BENEFIT PAYMENTS	$2,252,216	$2,313,838	$1,824,760	-2.7	+23.4
AVERAGE WEEKLY BENEFIT AMOUNT	$113.54	$108.83	$102.66	+4.3	+10.6
BENEFIT PAYMENTS OCT. 1 TO DATE	$11,298,983	$9,046,767	$7,255,313	+24.9	+55.7
UNEMPLOYMENT TRUST FUND (IN ooo's)	$5,809.5	$7,654.2	$13,066.0	-24.1	-55.5
FEDERAL PROGRAM					
INITIAL CLAIMS OCT. 1 TO DATE	958	871	902	+10.0	+6.2
WEEKS CLAIMED OCT. 1 TO DATE	5,998	4,979	4,332	+20.5	+38.5
BENEFIT PAYMENTS OCT. 1 TO DATE	$650,682	$529,066	$463,237	+23.0	+40.5

TABLE 9
JOB OPENINGS RECEIVED AND FILLED BY AVERAGE WAGE FOR MAJOR OCCUPATIONAL GROUP*

OCCUPATIONAL GROUP	OPENINGS RECEIVED	PERCENT	OPENINGS FILLED	PERCENT	PERCENT FILLED TO OPENINGS	AVERAGE WAGE PLACED
SOUTH DAKOTA STATEWIDE	20,143	100.0	17,254	100.0	85.7	3.63
PROFESSIONAL/TECH./MANAGERIAL.............	1,822	9.1	835	4.8	45.8	5.43
CLERICAL................................	3,075	15.3	2,598	15.1	84.5	3.52
SALES...................................	1,277	6.3	986	5.7	77.2	3.63
DOMESTIC................................	2,403	11.9	2,372	13.8	98.7	2.51
OTHER SERVICES..........................	3,847	19.1	3,353	19.4	87.2	3.20
FARMING/FISHERY/FORESTRY................	1,252	6.2	1,091	6.3	87.1	3.38
PROCESSING..............................	229	1.1	255	1.5	111.4	3.88
MACHINE TRADES..........................	419	2.1	313	1.8	74.7	4.10
BENCHWORK...............................	517	2.6	470	2.7	90.9	3.47
STRUCTURAL..............................	1,875	9.3	1,667	9.7	88.9	4.16
MOTOR FREIGHT/TRANSPORTATION............	712	3.5	646	3.7	90.7	4.83
PACKAGING & MATERIALS HANDLING..........	2,442	12.1	2,397	13.9	98.2	4.16
OTHER...................................	273	1.4	271	1.6	99.3	3.85
SIOUX FALLS SMSA	3,230	100.0	2,692	100.0	83.3	3.59
PROFESSIONAL/TECH./MANAGERIAL.............	200	6.2	107	4.0	53.5	4.50
CLERICAL................................	705	21.8	541	20.1	76.7	3.57
SALES...................................	353	10.9	253	9.4	71.7	3.44
DOMESTIC................................	334	10.3	319	11.8	95.5	2.23
OTHER SERVICES..........................	591	18.3	498	18.5	84.3	3.27
FARMING/FISHERY/FORESTRY................	74	2.3	67	2.5	90.5	3.19
PROCESSING..............................	15	0.5	13	0.5	86.7	5.27
MACHINE TRADES..........................	72	2.2	49	1.8	68.1	4.25
BENCHWORK...............................	59	1.8	58	2.1	98.3	3.60
STRUCTURAL..............................	243	7.5	232	8.6	95.5	4.60
MOTOR FREIGHT/TRANSPORTATION............	189	5.9	174	6.5	92.1	4.44
PACKAGING & MATERIALS HANDLING..........	322	10.0	309	11.5	96.0	3.98
OTHER...................................	73	2.3	72	2.7	98.6	3.70
RAPID CITY SMSA	3,609	100.0	3,154	100.0	87.4	3.61
PROFESSIONAL/TECH./MANAGERIAL.............	208	5.8	117	3.7	56.3	4.75
CLERICAL................................	536	14.8	467	14.8	87.1	3.38
SALES...................................	314	8.7	262	8.3	83.4	3.78
DOMESTIC................................	314	8.7	314	10.0	100.0	2.43
OTHER SERVICES..........................	832	23.1	682	21.6	82.0	3.21
FARMING/FISHERY/FORESTRY................	86	2.4	82	2.6	95.3	4.07
PROCESSING..............................	9	0.2	9	0.3	100.0	4.52
MACHINE TRADES..........................	72	2.0	49	1.5	68.1	4.40
BENCHWORK...............................	67	1.9	64	2.0	95.5	3.65
STRUCTURAL..............................	296	8.2	267	8.5	90.2	4.37
MOTOR FREIGHT/TRANSPORTATION............	185	5.1	170	5.4	91.9	4.57
PACKAGING & MATERIALS HANDLING..........	632	17.5	618	19.6	97.8	3.81
OTHER...................................	58	1.6	53	1.7	91.4	3.79

All figures are comulative for the period 10-1-80/3-31-81. Openings filled may include orders from prior fiscal year resulting in a figure greater than 100.0 percent filled to openings.

S 7355-1 A

South Dakota
Labor Bulletin

Compiled May 19, 1981

Report for April 1981

SOUTH DAKOTA'S YOUTH ARE LOOKING FOR SUMMER JOBS

Youth 16 to 21 years old are entering South Dakota's labor force as schools are coming to a close for the summer. Finding a job for most of them may be more difficult than last year.

Job Service in South Dakota reports more applicants and fewer openings for fiscal year 1981 thus far than the same period in 1980. Some Job Service staff are optimistic about possible growth in the number of youth employed for the summer by the trade and services industries compared to last year. If the number of tourists increases over last year, which was a poor year for tourism, growth in these industries is very likely.

The unemployment rates for youth are characteristically higher than for the population as a whole. In 1978 the annual average unemployment rate for all of South Dakota was 3.1%. The unemployment rates for youths age 16 and 17 was 6.5% and for youths age 18 and 19 it was 5.2%.

In 1979 the state unemployment rate rose to 3.5%. The state unemployment rates for 1980 and 1981 have been well above 1979 averages. In 1980 the annual average unemployment rate rose to 4.7%. Four thousand more South Dakotans in an average month were out of work in 1980 than in 1979. Since youth generally have higher unemployment they probably experienced even more difficulty than older workers in securing employment.

In 1981 the state unemployment rates for the first three months have been at least a full percentage point above the 1980 rates for the same months.

This summer there will be a lot of competition for the openings at Job Service offices across the state. Any job orders for summer workers and for permanent positions can be placed by calling any office of the SD Job Service. A listing of the offices and their phone numbers appears on page 3.

LABOR FORCE

The unemployment rate in South Dakota dropped to 4.5% in April from 5.6% in March. It was also below the year-ago rate of 4.9%. That was the first time since August 1978 that the rate dropped below the year-ago figure. The total number of South Dakotans unemployed this April was 15,000 compared with 16,700 last year.

Although there were fewer people unemployed in April, the number of people employed also inexplicably continued to run below the previous year. There were 322,900 people working in the state in April 1980 and that number dropped to 321,500 by April this year. It is assumed that some workers have left the state, or they are staying at home because they don't think they can find work.

NONAGRICULTURAL WAGE AND SALARY EMPLOYMENT

Total nonfarm payroll employment showed a seasonal increase from March to April, but was 4,500 jobs below a year ago. The April 1981 figure of 233,000 compared with 230,200 in March and 237,500 in April last year.

Among the major nonfarm industries, manufacturing and construction both had significant declines in employment during the past year. Manufacturing employment dropped 4.5% from 26,700 last year to 25,500 this April. The construction industry, which remains the hardest hit of the principal industries, declined 16.7% during the year to 8,500. Employment in this industry should be bolstered in the coming months as construction of the Northern Border Pipe Line gets underway.

Trade employment, especially at the retail level, was also below a year ago. The total number of workers in this industry in April was 62,700 or 3.2% below a year ago.

Published Monthly by the South Dakota Department of Labor

This publication was printed at a cost of 7.7 cents per copy and contains labor market information. Eight hundred copies were printed.

Services was the only major industry with a significant gain in employment over the past year. Employment increases in medical and health related establishments pushed total employment in this industry to 50,300 in April, an increase of 1.2% over the year-ago figure of 49,700.

HOURS AND EARNINGS

The average gross weekly wage for manufacturing production worker in South Dakota increased 18% during the past year. This was a result of a combination of increases in both the average work week and average hourly pay. These statistics advanced from 39.5 hours to 42.7 hours and $6.31 to $6.94 respectively.

SIOUX FALLS SMSA

The unemployment rate in Sioux Falls dipped to 5.2% in April from 5.4% in March, but it remained slightly ahead of the year-ago rate of 5.1%. There were 3,351 Sioux Falls residents unemployed in April compared with 3,243 one year ago. Total employment increased one percent from 60,178 in April 1980 to 60,734 this year.

Total nonfarm payroll employment was 53,990 in April 1981. That compared with 53,580 in March and 54,000 in April 1980. Manufacturing employment increased 2.3% during the past year. The April 1981 figure was 7,920 compared with 7,740 in April 1980. Construction employment was down 22% from 2,490 in April last year to 1,940 this April.

The average manufacturing production worker in Sioux Falls worked 48.6 hours a week in April at $8.92 an hour for a gross weekly wage of $433.51.

RAPID CITY SMSA

The Rapid City unemployment rate fell to 4.5% in April. That was well below the March figure of 6.2% and also below the April 1980 figure of 5.9%. Total unemployment dropped to 1,844 from 2,553 in March and 2,481 in April 1980. The total number of Rapid City SMSA residents who were employed in April was 39,025. That compared with 38,681 the previous month and 39,389 the previous year.

Total nonfarm payroll employment in the Rapid City SMSA was 31,390 in April. That represented a slight seasonal increase over the March figure of 31,160, but was below the year-ago figure of 31,620. Manufacturing employment showed a slight increase over the past year while services and finance/insurance/real estate were the only nonmanufacturing industries to show a gain. Construction employment in Rapid City followed the statewide trend, dropping 11% from 2,080 to 1,850.

The average manufacturing production worker in Rapid City worked 37.0 hours a week at $6.87 an hour for a gross weekly wage of $254.19.

COUNTY POPULATION CHANGES

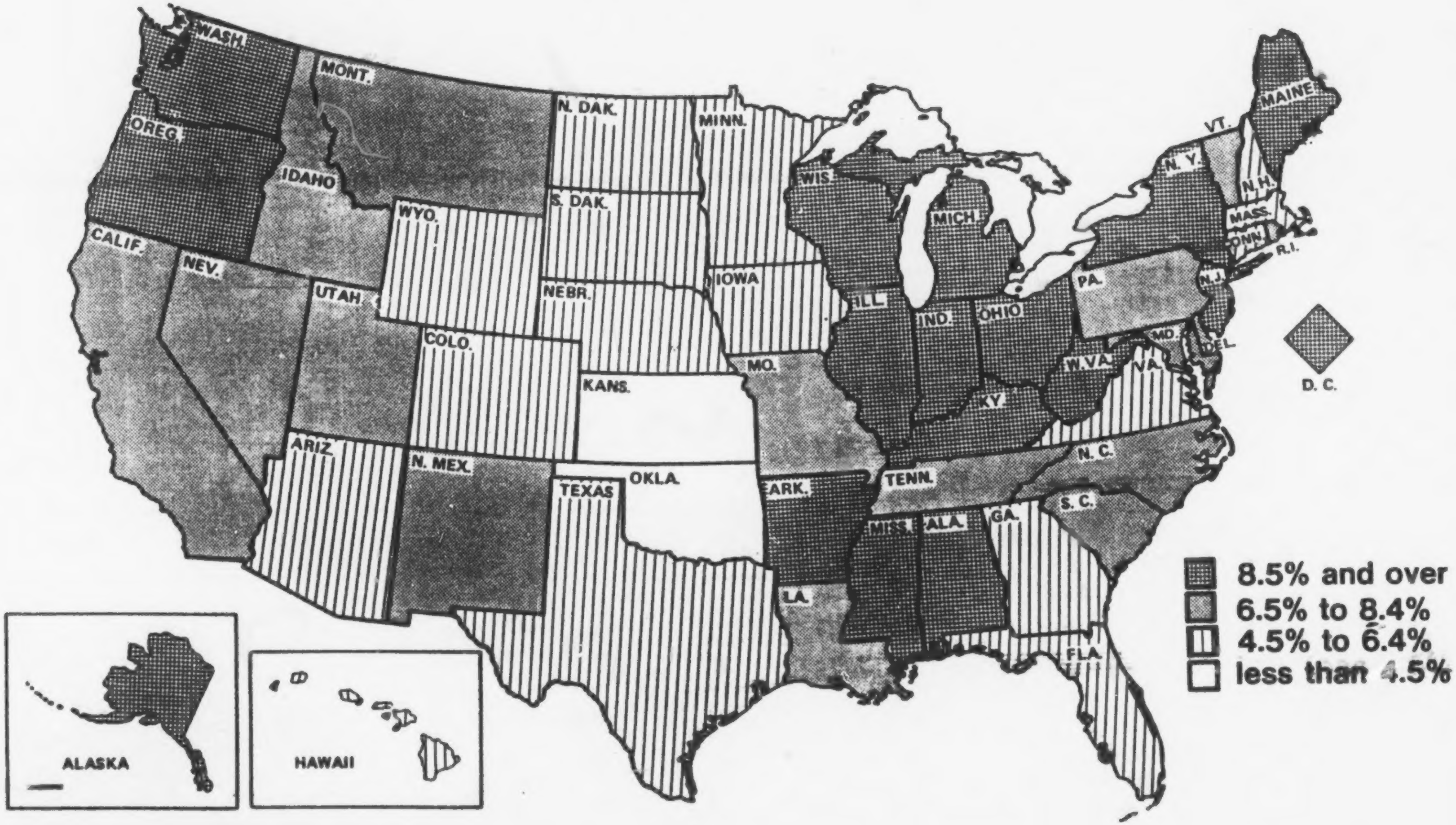
Last month's "Labor Bulletin" presented a detailed description of the population changes for the various South Dakota counties between the decennial censuses. This was accompanied by a table showing the 1970 and 1980 population counts with the 1980 population broken down by race. As a supplement to that article, this issue contains chart 1 and 2 whereby, by use of state maps, a visual picture of the county gain/loss is obtained.

SOUTH DAKOTA
JOB SERVICE OFFICES*

Aberdeen	120 Fifth Avenue S.E.	622-2340	
Brookings	418 Seventh Street	692-6368	
Hot Springs	712 Jennings Avenue	745-5101	
Huron	258 Third Street S.W.	352-8421	Ext. 331
Lake Andes	C.A.P. Building	487-7635	
Madison	104 South Egan Avenue	256-6569	
Milbank	201 South Main	432-9595	
Mitchell	1321 N. Main	996-6651	Ext. 321
Mobridge	318 First Avenue East	845-3906	
Pierre	116 West Missouri Avenue	773-3372	
Pine Ridge	Box 400	867-5843	
Rapid City	111 New York Street	394-2325	
Rosebud	Rosebud Sioux Tribal Office	747-2759	
Sioux Falls Western Ave.	3932 South Western Avenue	339-6580	
Sioux Falls Downtown	409 South Second Avenue	339-6575	
Sisseton	205 East Oak Street	698-3964	
Spearfish	West Oliver Street	642-4101	
Vermillion	13 Market Street	677-5658	
Watertown	715 South Maple	886-5771	
Winner	102 East Second Street	842-0474	
Yankton	113 East Third Street	665-3671	Ext. 482
Teacher Placement, Aberdeen	607 North Fourth Street	622-2306	
Veterans Employment Service, Aberdeen	607 North Fourth Street	225-0250	Ext. 289

*Toll free number 1-800-592-1865

Unemployment Rates by State, March 1981


WASH.
MONT.
N. DAK.
MINN.
OREG.
IDAHO
WYO.
S. DAK.
WIS.
MICH.
MAINE
VT.
N. Y.
N.H.
MASS.
CONN.
R.I.
CALIF.
NEV.
UTAH
NEBR.
IOWA
ILL.
IND.
OHIO
PA.
N.J.
MD.
DEL.
D. C.
COLO.
KANS.
MO.
KY.
W.VA.
VA.
ARIZ.
N. MEX.
OKLA.
TEXAS
ARK.
TENN.
N. C.
S. C.
MISS.
ALA.
GA.
LA.
FLA.
ALASKA
HAWAII
8.5% and over
6.5% to 8.4%
4.5% to 6.4%
less than 4.5%

Source: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, May 1981

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SOUTH DAKOTA

COUNTY OUTLINE MAP

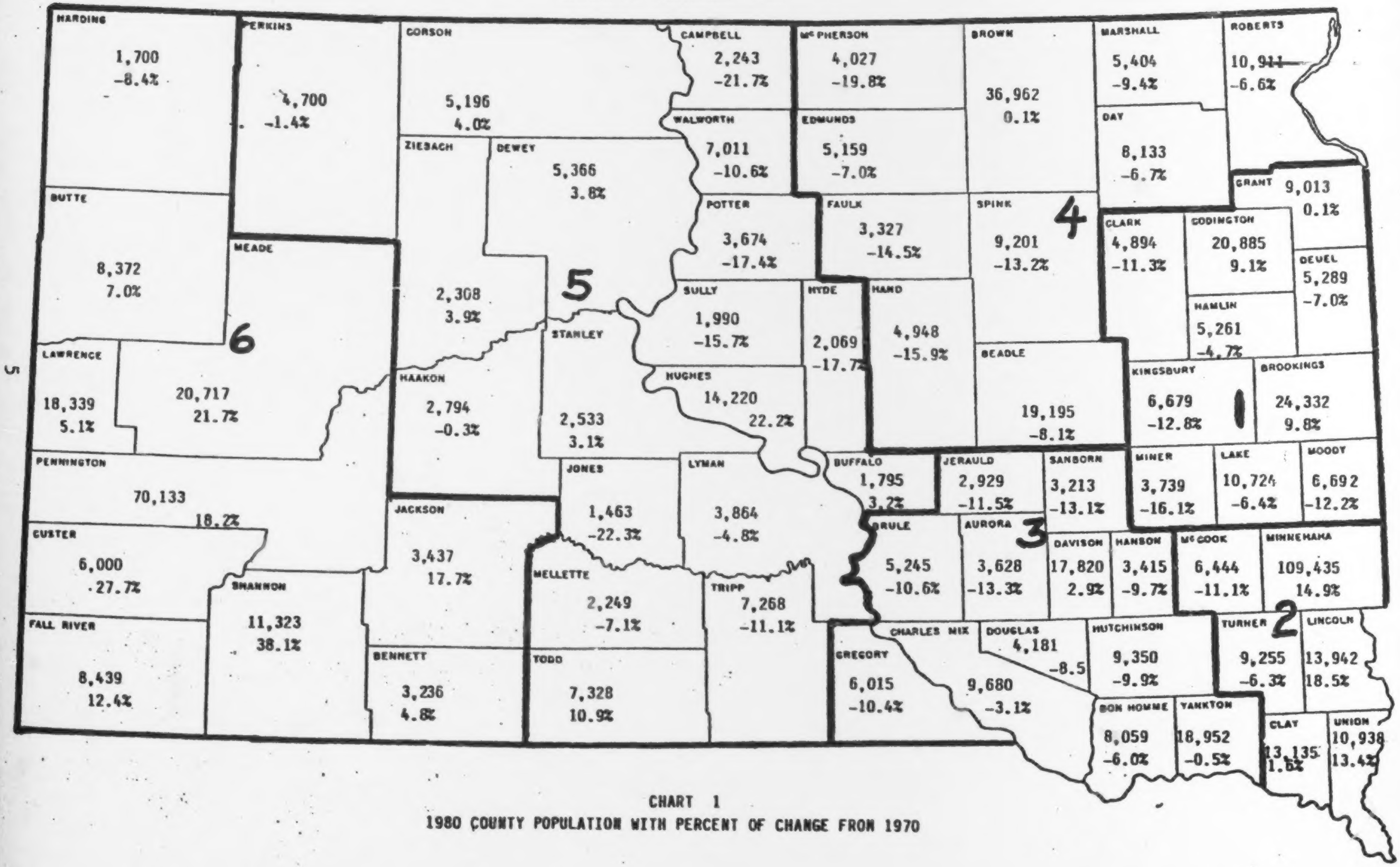
HARDING
1,700
-8.4%
PERKINS
4,700
-1.4%
CORSON
5,196
4.0%
CAMPBELL
2,243
-21.7%
McPHERSON
4,027
-19.8%
BROWN
36,962
0.1%
MARSHALL
5,404
-9.4%
ROBERTS
10,911
-6.6%
WALWORTH
7,011
-10.6%
EDMUNDS
5,159
-7.0%
DAY
8,133
-6.7%
ZIEBACH
2,308
3.9%
DEWEY
5,366
3.8%
BUTTE
8,372
7.0%
POTTER
3,674
-17.4%
FAULK
3,327
-14.5%
SPINK
9,201
-13.2%
4
GRANT
9,013
0.1%
CLARK
4,894
-11.3%
CODINGTON
20,885
9.1%
DEUEL
5,289
-7.0%
MEADE
20,717
21.7%
6
5
SULLY
1,990
-15.7%
HYDE
2,069
-17.7%
HAND
4,948
-15.9%
HAMLIN
5,261
-4.7%
LAWRENCE
18,339
5.1%
STANLEY
2,533
3.1%
HUGHES
14,220
22.2%
BEADLE
19,195
-8.1%
KINGSBURY
6,679
-12.8%
BROOKINGS
24,332
9.8%
HAAKON
2,794
-0.3%
PENNINGTON
70,133
18.2%
JONES
1,463
-22.3%
LYMAN
3,864
-4.8%
BUFFALO
1,795
3.2%
JERAULD
2,929
-11.5%
SANBORN
3,213
-13.1%
MINER
3,739
-16.1%
LAKE
10,724
-6.4%
MOODY
6,692
-12.2%
JACKSON
3,437
17.7%
BRULE
5,245
-10.6%
AURORA
3,628
-13.3%
3
DAVISON
17,820
2.9%
HANSON
3,415
-9.7%
McCOOK
6,444
-11.1%
MINNEHAHA
109,435
14.9%
CUSTER
6,000
-27.7%
SHANNON
11,323
38.1%
MELLETTE
2,249
-7.1%
TRIPP
7,268
-11.1%
CHARLES MIX
9,680
-3.1%
DOUGLAS
4,181
-8.5
HUTCHINSON
9,350
-9.9%
TURNER
9,255
-6.3%
2
LINCOLN
13,942
18.5%
FALL RIVER
8,439
12.4%
BENNETT
3,236
4.8%
TODD
7,328
10.9%
GREGORY
6,015
-10.4%
BON HOMME
8,059
-6.0%
YANKTON
18,952
-0.5%
CLAY
13,135
1.6%
UNION
10,938
13.4%

CHART 1

1980 COUNTY POPULATION WITH PERCENT OF CHANGE FROM 1970

SOUTH DAKOTA

COUNTY OUTLINE MAP

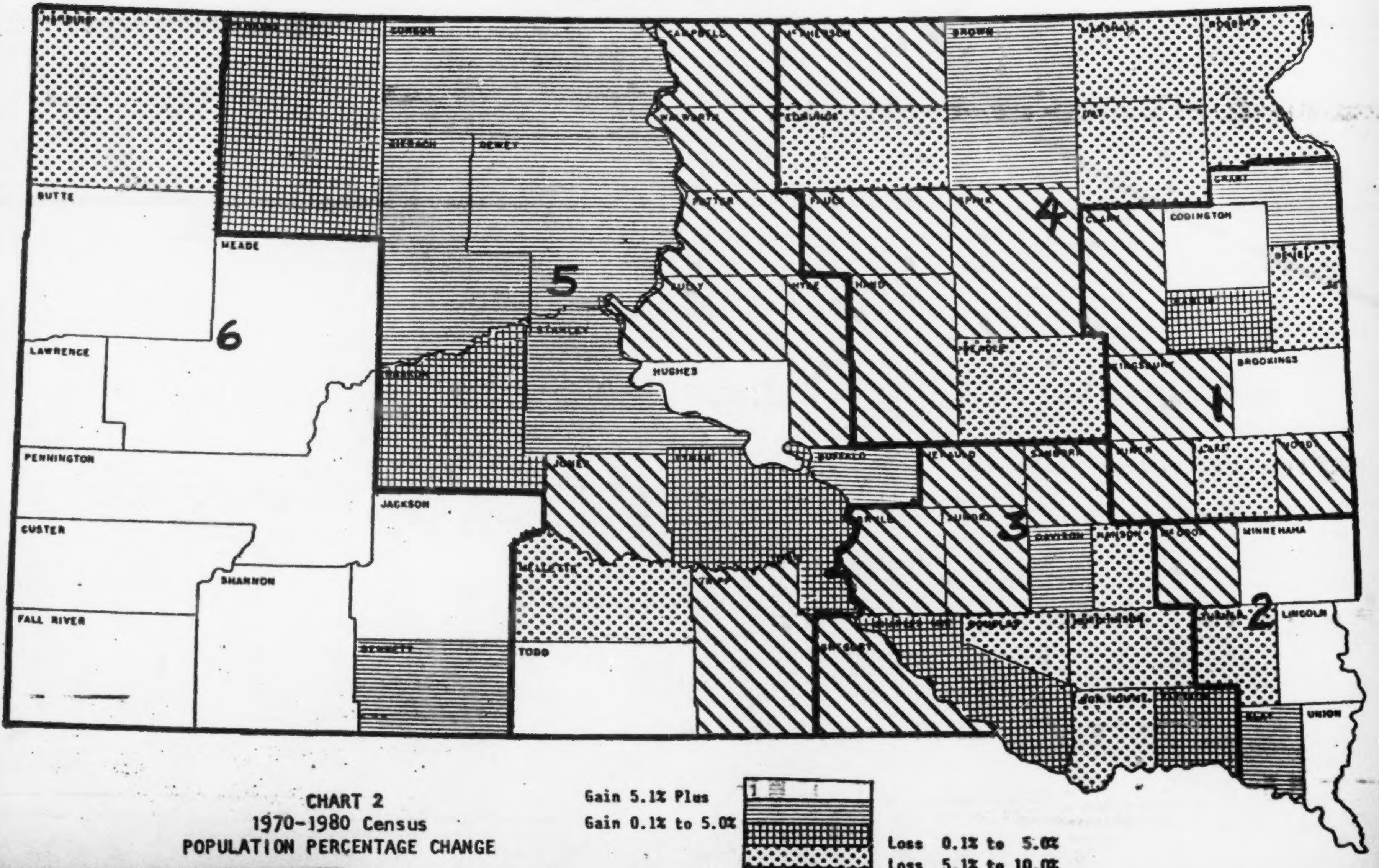
HARDING
PERKINS
CORSON
CAMPBELL
McPHERSON
BROWN
MARSHALL
ROBERTS
WALWORTH
EDMUNDS
DAY
ZIEBACH
DEWEY
GRANT
BUTTE
POTTER
FAULK
SPINK
4
CLARK
CODINGTON
MEADE
5
SULLY
HYDE
HAND
DEUEL
HAMLIN
6
LAWRENCE
STANLEY
BEADLE
KINGSBURY
BROOKINGS
1
HUGHES
HAAKON
PENNINGTON
JONES
LYMAN
BUFFALO
JERAULD
SANBORN
MINER
LAKE
MOODY
JACKSON
BRULE
AURORA
3
DAVISON
HANSON
McCOOK
MINNEHAHA
CUSTER
MELLETTE
TRIPP
SHANNON
2
FALL RIVER
CHARLES MIX
DOUGLAS
HUTCHINSON
TURNER
LINCOLN
BENNETT
TODD
GREGORY
BON HOMME
YANKTON
CLAY
UNION

CHART 2
1970-1980 Census
POPULATION PERCENTAGE CHANGE

Gain 5.1% Plus ☐
Gain 0.1% to 5.0% ▤
Loss 0.1% to 5.0% ▦
Loss 5.1% to 10.0% ⁘
Loss 10.1% Plus ▧

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TABLE 1

LABOR FORCE/EMPLOYMENT/UNEMPLOYMENT

	April 1981				April 1980			
	LABOR FORCE 1/	EMPLOY-MENT	UNEMPLOY-MENT	RATE	LABOR FORCE 1/	EMPLOY-MENT	UNEMPLOY-MENT	RATE
UNITED STATES	105,678,000	98,282,000	7,396,000	7.0 2/	103,412,000	96,566,000	6,846,000	6.6 2/
SOUTH DAKOTA	336,482	321,484	14,998	4.5	339,612	322,926	16,686	4.9
SIOUX FALLS SMSA	64,085	60,734	3,351	5.2	63,421	60,178	3,243	5.1
RAPID CITY SMSA	40,869	39,025	1,844	4.5	41,850	39,369	2,481	5.9
AURORA COUNTY	1,677	1,589	88	5.3	1,799	1,773	26	1.5
BEADLE COUNTY	9,845	9,438	407	4.1	10,302	9,858	444	4.3
BENNETT	1,240	1,197	43	3.5	1,284	1,220	64	5.0
BON HOMME	4,095	3,879	216	5.3	3,883	3,753	130	3.4
BROOKINGS	14,152	13,729	423	3.0	13,787	13,006	781	5.7
BROWN	18,732	17,743	989	5.3	20,275	19,208	1,067	5.3
BRULE	2,854	2,771	83	2.9	3,041	2,902	139	4.6
BUFFALO	523	430	93	17.8	590	509	81	13.7
BUTTE	3,970	3,921	49	1.2	3,990	3,874	116	2.9
CAMPBELL	782	760	22	2.8	899	859	40	4.5
CHARLES MIX	4,086	3,911	175	4.3	4,318	4,111	207	4.8
CLARK	1,783	1,725	58	3.3	2,087	2,017	70	3.4
CLAY	5,979	5,818	161	2.7	6,468	6,131	337	5.2
CODINGTON	9,202	8,628	574	6.2	10,224	9,612	612	6.0
CORSON	1,501	1,311	190	12.7	1,623	1,477	146	9.0
CUSTER	2,353	2,189	164	7.0	2,326	2,220	106	4.6
DAVISON	9,441	9,109	332	3.5	10,098	9,702	396	3.9
DAY	3,124	2,918	206	6.6	3,308	3,148	160	4.8
DEUEL	1,957	1,827	130	6.6	2,193	2,048	145	6.6
DEWEY	1,866	1,660	206	11.1	2,112	1,982	130	6.2
DOUGLAS	2,058	2,026	32	1.6	1,976	1,921	55	2.8
EDMUNDS	2,116	2,000	116	5.5	2,160	2,075	85	3.9
FALL RIVER	3,724	3,565	159	4.3	3,765	3,634	131	3.5
FAULK	1,477	1,449	28	1.9	1,441	1,420	21	1.5

1/ Labor force estimates include employed and unemployed civilians 16 years old and older by place of residence.

2/ The seasonally adjusted rates which were announced by the national government were 7.3 and 6.9 . The data in this table are not seasonally adjusted.

	April 1981				April 1980			
	LABOR FORCE	EMPLOY-MENT	UNEMPLOY-MENT	RATE	LABOR FORCE	EMPLOY-MENT	UNEMPLOY-MENT	RATE
GRANT	4,301	4,172	129	3.0	4,291	4,154	137	3.2
GREGORY	2,543	2,436	107	4.2	2,644	2,574	70	2.7
HAAKON	1,583	1,571	12	0.8	1,477	1,460	17	1.2
HAMLIN	2,345	2,278	67	2.9	2,175	2,101	74	3.4
HAND	2,252	2,151	101	4.5	2,192	2,167	25	1.1
HANSON	1,259	1,204	55	4.4	1,225	1,183	42	3.4
HARDING	761	755	6	0.8	665	655	10	1.5
HUGHES	7,768	7,529	239	3.1	8,041	7,725	316	3.9
HUTCHINSON	4,215	4,111	104	2.5	4,511	4,319	192	4.3
HYDE	819	797	22	2.7	932	912	20	2.2
JACKSON	946	884	62	6.6	1,030	968	62	6.0
JERAULD	1,261	1,223	38	3.0	1,342	1,313	29	2.2
JONES	699	664	35	5.0	705	679	26	3.7
KINGSBURY	4,628	4,577	51	1.1	3,552	3,452	100	2.8
LAKE	5,491	5,307	184	3.4	5,837	5,504	333	5.7
LAWRENCE	8,608	8,305	303	3.5	9,218	8,590	628	6.8
LINCOLN	9,101	8,826	275	3.0	6,610	6,318	292	4.4
LYMAN	1,263	1,201	62	4.9	1,578	1,492	86	5.5
MCCOOK	2,824	2,678	146	5.2	2,711	2,529	182	6.7
MCPHERSON	1,547	1,517	30	2.0	1,839	1,805	34	1.9
MARSHALL	1,960	1,838	122	6.2	2,094	2,037	57	2.7
MEADE	8,715	8,443	272	3.1	8,867	8,516	351	4.0
MELLETTE	732	707	25	3.4	843	758	85	10.1
MINER	1,883	1,832	51	2.7	1,821	1,759	62	3.4
MINNEHAHA	64,085	60,734	3,351	5.2	63,421	60,178	3,243	5.1
MOODY	4,180	4,036	144	3.4	3,530	3,348	182	5.2
PENNINGTON	32,153	30,582	1,571	4.9	32,983	30,853	2,130	6.5
PERKINS	2,183	2,125	58	2.7	2,418	2,316	102	4.2
POTTER	2,024	1,981	43	2.1	2,041	1,961	80	3.9
ROBERTS	4,386	4,100	286	6.5	4,642	4,371	271	5.8
SANBORN	1,358	1,323	35	2.6	1,418	1,377	41	2.9
SHANNON	2,740	2,362	378	13.8	3,096	2,833	263	8.5
SPINK	3,835	3,761	74	1.9	3,879	3,828	51	1.3
STANLEY	1,629	1,583	46	2.8	1,265	1,220	45	3.6
SULLY	725	708	17	2.3	788	764	24	3.1
TODD	2,010	1,691	319	15.9	2,261	2,003	258	11.4
TRIPP	3,165	3,049	116	3.7	3,420	3,343	77	2.3
TURNER	5,463	5,230	233	4.3	4,225	4,105	120	2.8
UNION	6,924	6,756	168	2.4	5,772	5,373	399	6.9
WALWORTH	3,265	3,055	210	6.4	3,505	3,269	236	6.7
YANKTON	9,167	8,770	397	4.3	9,766	9,360	406	4.2
ZIEBACH	1,148	1,039	109	9.5	1,033	994	39	3.8

TABLE 2

SOUTH DAKOTA NONAGRICULTURAL WAGE AND SALARY EMPLOYMENT*
(in thousands)

	April 1981	March 1981	April 1980	PERCENT CHANGE FROM LAST MONTH	PERCENT CHANGE FROM LAST YEAR
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL	233.0	230.2	237.5	1.2	-1.9
MANUFACTURING	25.5	25.3	26.7	0.8	-4.5
DURABLE GOODS	13.0	12.8	13.8	1.6	-5.8
LUMBER & FURNITURE	1.1	1.1	1.2	0.0	-8.3
FABRICATED METALS & MACHINERY	8.5	8.5	9.4	0.0	-9.6
OTHER DURABLE GOODS	3.4	3.2	3.2	6.2	6.2
NONDURABLE GOODS	12.5	12.5	12.9	0.0	-3.1
FOOD & KINDRED PRODUCTS	7.3	7.3	7.6	0.0	-3.9
PAPER, PRINTING & PUBLISHING	2.3	2.4	2.4	-4.2	-4.2
OTHER NONDURABLE GOODS	2.9	2.8	2.9	3.6	0.0
NONMANUFACTURING	207.5	204.9	210.8	1.3	-1.6
MINING	2.8	2.7	2.9	3.7	-3.4
CONSTRUCTION	8.5	7.6	10.2	11.8	-16.7
TRANSPORTATION & PUBLIC UTILITIES	13.2	13.3	13.4	-0.8	-1.5
RAILROADS	1.1	1.2	1.1	-8.3	0.0
OTHER TRANSPORTATION	6.4	6.4	6.5	0.0	-1.5
COMMUNICATIONS & PUBLIC UTILITIES	5.7	5.7	5.8	0.0	-1.7
TRADE	62.7	61.7	64.8	1.6	-3.2
WHOLESALE TRADE	17.2	16.8	17.7	2.4	-2.8
DURABLE GOODS	7.7	7.6	8.3	1.3	-7.2
NONDURABLE GOODS	9.5	9.2	9.4	3.3	1.1
RETAIL TRADE	45.5	44.9	47.1	1.3	-3.4
FINANCE, INSURANCE & REAL ESTATE	11.0	11.0	10.9	0.0	0.9
SERVICES	50.3	49.5	49.7	1.6	1.2
HOTELS, AMUSE., PERS. & BUSINESS	11.8	11.6	12.4	1.7	-4.8
MEDICAL AND HEALTH	20.9	20.9	19.5	0.0	7.2
EDUCATIONAL, MEMBERSHIP & SOCIAL	15.1	14.5	15.0	4.1	0.7
OTHER	2.5	2.5	2.8	0.0	-10.7
GOVERNMENT	59.0	59.1	58.9	-0.2	0.2
FEDERAL	10.6	10.7	10.8	-0.9	-1.9
STATE	16.2	16.2	16.3	0.0	-0.6
STATE EDUCATION	8.2	8.2	8.3	0.0	-1.2
OTHER	8.0	8.0	8.0	0.0	0.0
LOCAL	32.2	32.2	31.8	0.0	1.3
LOCAL EDUCATION	19.3	19.4	19.0	-0.5	1.6
OTHER LOCAL	12.9	12.8	12.8	0.8	0.8

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*THIS CATEGORY INCLUDES FULL AND PART-TIME WORKERS ON THE PAYROLLS OF NONAGRICULTURAL ESTABLISHMENTS FOR THE WEEK INCLUDING THE 12TH OF THE MONTH.

TABLE 3

SIOUX FALLS AND RAPID CITY NONAGRICULTURAL WAGE AND SALARY EMPLOYMENT

				PERCENT CHANGE FROM	
	April 1981	March 1981	April 1980	LAST MONTH	LAST YEAR
SIOUX FALLS SMSA (MINNEHAHA COUNTY)					
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL	53,990	53,580	54,000	0.7	-0.1
MANUFACTURING	7,920	7,830	7,740	1.1	2.3
DURABLE GOODS	2,220	2,180	2,360	1.8	-5.9
NONDURABLE GOODS	5,700	5,650	5,380	0.9	5.9
FOOD & KINDRED PRODUCTS	4,240	4,220	3,950	0.5	7.3
NONMANUFACTURING	46,070	45,750	46,260	0.7	-0.4
CONSTRUCTION AND MINING	1,940	1,840	2,490	5.4	-22.1
TRANSPORTATION & PUBLIC UTILITIES	4,950	4,730	4,910	4.7	0.8
TRADE	15,840	15,790	16,010	0.3	-1.1
WHOLESALE TRADE	4,740	4,770	5,050	-0.6	-6.1
RETAIL TRADE	11,100	11,020	10,960	-0.7	1.3
FINANCE, INSURANCE & REAL ESTATE	3,360	3,360	3,280	0.0	2.4
SERVICES	13,190	13,320	12,690	-1.0	3.9
GOVERNMENT	6,790	6,710	6,880	1.2	-1.3
RAPID CITY SMSA (PENNINGTON & MEADE COUNTY)					
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL	31,390	31,160	31,620	0.7	-0.2
MANUFACTURING	3,080	3,090	3,060	-0.3	0.7
DURABLE GOODS	2,170	2,170	2,140	0.0	1.4
NONDURABLE GOODS	910	920	920	-1.1	-1.1
NONMANUFACTURING	28,310	28,070	28,560	0.6	0.2
CONSTRUCTION AND MINING	1,850	1,710	2,080	8.2	-11.1
TRANSPORTATION & PUBLIC UTILITIES	1,880	1,880	1,920	0.0	-2.1
TRADE	8,870	8,700	8,980	2.0	-1.2
WHOLESALE TRADE	1,660	1,590	1,700	4.4	-2.4
RETAIL TRADE	7,210	7,110	7,280	1.4	-1.0
FINANCE, INSURANCE & REAL ESTATE	1,540	1,510	1,520	2.0	1.3
SERVICES	6,850	6,850	6,710	0.0	2.1
GOVERNMENT	7,320	7,420	7,350	-1.3	-0.4

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TABLE 4

HOURS AND EARNINGS OF PRODUCTION WORKERS*

	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNINGS			AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS			AVERAGE HOURLY EARNINGS		
	Apr. 1981	March 1981	Apr. 1980	Apr. 1981	March 1981	Apr. 1980	Apr. 1981	March 1981	Apr. 1980
SOUTH DAKOTA STATEWIDE									
MANUFACTURING	296.34	286.62	249.24	42.7	41.6	39.5	6.94	6.89	6.31
DURABLE GOODS	260.99	264.77	226.63	41.1	41.5	39.9	6.35	6.38	5.68
LUMBER & FURNITURE	257.72	252.50	224.58	41.5	40.4	38.0	6.21	6.25	5.91
FABRICATED METALS AND MACH.	261.99	257.35	213.24	41.0	40.4	38.7	6.39	6.37	5.51
NONDURABLE GOODS	331.50	308.58	273.22	44.2	41.7	39.2	7.50	7.40	6.97
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS	411.98	374.54	317.52	47.3	43.1	39.2	8.71	8.69	8.10
PAPER, PRINTING, & PUBLISHING	213.94	216.80	207.21	36.2	35.6	36.1	5.91	6.09	5.74
SIOUX FALLS SMSA									
MANUFACTURING	433.51	387.49	332.00	48.6	44.9	41.5	8.92	8.63	8.00
DURABLE GOODS	291.21	259.49	246.92	41.9	40.8	41.5	6.95	6.36	5.95
NONDURABLE GOODS	461.08	410.86	352.34	49.9	45.6	41.5	9.24	9.01	8.49
RAPID CITY SMSA									
MANUFACTURING	254.19	245.70	201.82	37.0	35.1	32.5	6.87	7.00	6.21

*AVERAGE HOURS AND EARNINGS DATA ARE DERIVED FROM REPORTS OF PAYROLLS AND HOURS FOR PRODUCTION AND RELATED WORKERS

TABLE 5

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX
ALL URBAN CONSUMERS

				PERCENT CHANGE FROM	
1967=100	March 1981	Feb. 1981	March 1980	LAST MONTH	LAST YEAR
ALL ITEMS	265.1	263.2	239.8	0.7	10.5
FOOD & BEVERAGES	265.0	263.7	241.0	0.5	10.0
HOUSING	282.5	280.9	254.5	0.6	11.0
APPAREL	185.1	182.0	176.0	1.7	5.2
TRANSPORTATION	273.5	270.9	243.7	1.0	12.2
MEDICAL CARE	284.7	282.6	260.2	0.7	9.4
ENTERTAINMENT	218.2	216.7	200.6	0.7	8.8

TABLE 6

LABOR TURNOVER RATES
(per 100 employees)

ACCESSION RATES

	TOTAL			NEW HIRES			RECALLS		
	April 1981	March 1981	April 1980	April 1981	March 1981	April 1980	April 1981	March 1981	April 1980
STATEWIDE									
MANUFACTURING.........	2.4	2.5	2.4	1.2	1.5	1.2	1.1	0.9	1.2
DURABLE GOODS.......	2.7	3.0	2.1	1.6	1.8	1.4	1.0	0.9	0.5
NONDURABLE GOODS....	2.0	2.1	2.7	0.9	1.1	1.0	1.2	0.8	1.6
MINING................	3.4	3.0	3.0	1.3	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.0	1.2
SIOUX FALLS SMSA									
MANUFACTURING.........	3.7	2.1	3.9	1.2	0.8	0.7	2.4	1.1	3.2

SEPARATION RATES

	TOTAL			QUITS			LAYOFFS		
	April 1981	March 1981	April 1980	April 1981	March 1981	April 1980	April 1981	March 1981	April 1980
STATEWIDE									
MANUFACTURING.........	2.2	2.3	4.1	1.0	1.2	1.4	0.6	0.8	1.9
DURABLE GOODS.......	2.1	2.1	6.0	1.0	1.0	1.9	0.2	0.7	2.8
NONDURABLE GOODS....	2.5	2.4	2.4	1.0	1.4	1.0	1.0	0.8	1.1
MINING................	0.9	1.1	2.0	0.3	0.4	1.2	0.3	0.3	0.6
SIOUX FALLS SMSA									
MANUFACTURING.........	2.2	2.7	4.8	0.9	0.7	1.2	0.8	1.9	2.5

TABLE 7

CHARACTERISTICS OF THE INSURED UNEMPLOYED - STATEWIDE

	NUMBER			PERCENT		
	Apr. 81	March 81	Apr. 80	Apr. 81	March 81	Apr. 80
SEX, TOTAL......................	4,071	5,868	4,781	100.0	100.0	100.0
MALE..........................	2,918	4,413	3,474	71.7	75.2	72.7
FEMALE........................	1,153	1,455	1,307	28.3	24.8	27.3
RACE, TOTAL.....................	4,071	5,868	4,781	100.0	100.0	100.0
WHITE.........................	3,244	5,026	3,955	79.7	85.7	82.7
NONWHITE......................	827	842	826	20.3	14.3	17.3
AGE, TOTAL......................	4,071	5,868	4,781	100.0	100.0	100.0
UNDER 45......................	3,076	4,467	3,783	75.6	76.1	79.1
OVER 45.......................	995	1,401	998	24.4	23.9	20.9
INDUSTRY, TOTAL.................	4,071	5,868	4,781	100.0	100.0	100.0
MINING........................	72	149	111	1.8	2.5	2.3
CONSTRUCTION..................	1,519	2,399	1,730	37.3	40.9	36.2
MANUFACTURING.................	632	886	1,070	15.5	15.1	22.4
TRANSPORTATION & P.U.........	171	243	283	4.2	4.1	5.9
TRADE.........................	864	1,162	820	21.2	19.8	17.2
FINANCE, INS. & R.E..........	72	79	77	1.8	1.4	1.6
SERVICES......................	589	711	533	14.4	12.1	11.1
GOVERNMENT....................	156	239	157	3.8	4.1	3.3
OCCUPATION, TOTAL...............	4,071	5,868	4,781	100.0	100.0	100.0
PROF. & MANAGERIAL..........	343	379	304	8.4	6.5	6.4
CLERICAL & SALES..............	587	658	578	14.4	11.2	12.1
SERVICES......................	491	664	395	12.1	11.3	8.3
PROCESSING....................	63	125	202	1.5	2.1	4.2
MACHINE TRADE.................	171	254	187	4.2	4.3	3.9
BENCHWORK.....................	261	361	380	6.4	6.2	7.9
STRUCTURAL WORK...............	1,689	2,681	2,101	41.5	45.7	43.9
OTHER.........................	466	746	634	11.5	12.7	13.3
DURATION OF CURRENT SPELL OF UNEMPLOYMENT-TOTAL..........	4,071	5,868	4,781	100.0	100.0	100.0
1-2 WEEKS.....................	476	537	841	11.7	9.2	17.6
3-4 WEEKS.....................	487	537	453	12.0	9.2	9.5
5-14 WEEKS....................	1,556	3,147	1,995	38.2	53.6	41.7
15 WEEKS & OVER...............	1,552	1,647	1,492	38.1	28.0	31.2

TABLE 8

SELECTED LABOR DEPARTMENT ACTIVITIES--STATEWIDE

	April 1981	March 1981	April 1980	PERCENT CHANGE FROM LAST MONTH	PERCENT CHANGE FROM LAST YEAR
JOB SERVICE					
NEW JOB APPLICANTS	4,106	4,148	4,843	-1.0	-15.2
NEW JOB APPLICANTS OCT. 1 TO DATE	25,394	21,399	27,157	+18.7	-6.5
NONAGRICULTURAL JOB OPENINGS	3,890	3,757	4,920	+3.5	-20.9
JOB PLACEMENTS OCT. 1, TO DATE	20,546	17,254	27,953	+19.1	-26.5
NONAGRICULTURAL	19,731	16,592	27,132	+18.9	-27.3
AGRICULTURAL	815	662	821	+23.1	-.7
APPLICANTS AVAILABLE OCT. 1 TO DATE	57,682	52,700	56,134	+9.5	+2.8
INDIVIDUALS PLACED OCT. 1 TO DATE	13,913	12,146	17,653	+14.5	-21.2
UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE					
STATE PROGRAM					
INITIAL CLAIMS MONTHLY TOTAL	2,415	2,068	2,373	+16.8	+1.8
WEEKS CLAIMED MONTHLY TOTAL	21,830	23,992	18,647	-9.0	+17.1
INITIAL CLAIMS OCT. 1 TO DATE	21,488	19,073	19,181	+12.7	+12.0
WEEKS CLAIMED OCT. 1 TO DATE	159,192	137,362	112,290	+15.9	+41.8
AMOUNT OF BENEFIT PAYMENTS	$1,891,001	$2,252,216	$1,614,095	-16.0	+17.2
AVERAGE WEEKLY BENEFIT AMOUNT	$110.26	$113.54	$104.29	-2.9	+5.7
BENEFIT PAYMENTS OCT. 1 TO DATE	$13,189,984	$11,298,983	$8,869,408	+16.7	+48.7
UNEMPLOYMENT TRUST FUND (IN ooo's)	$6,643.8	$5,809.5	$13,528.5	+14.4	-50.9
FEDERAL PROGRAM					
INITIAL CLAIMS OCT. 1 TO DATE	1,067	958	1,009	+11.4	+5.7
WEEKS CLAIMED OCT. 1 TO DATE	7,056	5,998	5,097	+17.6	+38.4
BENEFIT PAYMENTS OCT. 1 TO DATE	$766,417	$650,682	$553,401	+17.8	+38.5

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TABLE 9

JOB OPENINGS RECEIVED AND FILLED BY AVERAGE WAGE FOR MAJOR OCCUPATIONAL GROUP*

OCCUPATIONAL GROUP	OPENINGS RECEIVED	PERCENT	OPENINGS FILLED	PERCENT	PERCENT FILLED TO OPENINGS	AVERAGE WAGE PLACED
SOUTH DAKOTA STATEWIDE	24,184	100.0	20,546	100.0	85.0	3.64
PROFESSIONAL/TECH./MANAGERIAL.............	2,255	9.3	951	4.6	42.2	5.52
CLERICAL................................	3,525	14.6	2,949	14.3	83.7	3.54
SALES...................................	1,489	6.2	1,129	5.5	75.8	3.62
DOMESTIC................................	3,287	13.6	3,241	15.8	98.6	2.63
OTHER SERVICES..........................	4,497	18.6	3,861	18.8	85.9	3.20
FARMING/FISHERY/FORESTRY................	1,513	6.2	1,367	6.6	90.4	3.47
PROCESSING..............................	272	1.1	297	1.4	109.2	3.96
MACHINE TRADES..........................	487	2.0	361	1.8	74.1	4.15
BENCHWORK...............................	587	2.4	548	2.7	93.4	3.51
STRUCTURAL..............................	2,219	9.2	1,963	9.6	88.5	4.23
MOTOR FREIGHT/TRANSPORTATION............	864	3.6	760	3.7	88.0	4.81
PACKAGING & MATERIALS HANDLING..........	2,904	12.0	2,839	13.8	97.8	4.14
OTHER...................................	285	1.2	280	1.4	98.2	3.84
SIOUX FALLS SMSA	3,791	100.0	3,131	100.0	82.6	3.60
PROFESSIONAL/TECH./MANAGERIAL.............	233	6.2	122	3.9	52.4	4.51
CLERICAL................................	804	21.2	615	19.6	76.5	3.57
SALES...................................	407	10.7	285	9.1	70.0	3.48
DOMESTIC................................	404	10.7	384	12.3	95.0	2.27
OTHER SERVICES..........................	703	18.5	580	18.5	82.5	3.28
FARMING/FISHERY/FORESTRY................	103	2.7	95	3.0	92.2	3.24
PROCESSING..............................	20	0.5	18	0.6	90.0	5.21
MACHINE TRADES..........................	77	2.0	55	1.7	71.4	4.33
BENCHWORK...............................	72	1.9	69	2.2	95.8	3.64
STRUCTURAL..............................	287	7.6	266	8.5	92.7	4.72
MOTOR FREIGHT/TRANSPORTATION............	237	6.3	215	6.9	90.7	4.43
PACKAGING & MATERIALS HANDLING..........	368	9.7	353	11.3	95.9	3.96
OTHER...................................	76	2.0	74	2.4	97.4	3.72
RAPID CITY SMSA	4,351	100.0	3,742	100.0	86.0	3.64
PROFESSIONAL/TECH./MANAGERIAL.............	266	6.1	140	3.7	52.6	4.87
CLERICAL................................	641	14.7	549	14.7	85.6	3.41
SALES...................................	362	8.3	289	7.7	79.8	3.77
DOMESTIC................................	436	10.0	435	11.6	99.8	2.72
OTHER SERVICES..........................	997	22.9	799	21.4	80.1	3.20
FARMING/FISHERY/FORESTRY................	110	2.5	106	2.8	96.4	4.01
PROCESSING..............................	11	0.3	10	0.3	90.9	4.38
MACHINE TRADES..........................	80	1.9	56	1.5	70.0	4.52
BENCHWORK...............................	80	1.9	74	2.0	92.5	3.62
STRUCTURAL..............................	354	8.1	314	8.4	88.7	4.45
MOTOR FREIGHT/TRANSPORTATION............	223	5.1	200	5.4	89.7	4.52
PACKAGING & MATERIALS HANDLING..........	732	16.8	716	19.1	97.8	3.85
OTHER...................................	59	1.4	54	1.4	91.5	3.78

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*ALL FIGURES ARE CUMULATIVE FOR THE PERIOD 10-1-80/4-30-81. Openings filled may include orders from prior fiscal year resulting in a figure greater than 100.0 percent filled to openings.

South Dakota
Labor Bulletin

COMPILED JUNE 24, 1981

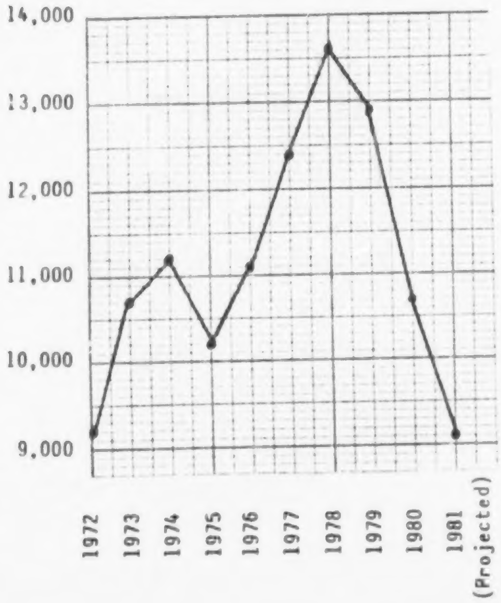
REPORT FOR MAY 1981

CONSTRUCTION INDUSTRY DOWNTURN CONTINUES

Only three years ago Construction employment in South Dakota was at all-time peak levels and home building was in a boom period. This was the result of a combination of factors; during the mid-1970's children of the baby boom were moving into prime home buying ages, the Federal Reserve had made credit terms easy in order to stimulate a recessionary economy and homes were viewed as a hedge against inflation. Since that time, however, speculation and rising interest rates have resulted in high priced homes that are no longer within the reach of young families.

Employment in the Construction industry has steadily declined in South Dakota since 1978 and in 1981 the annual average is projected to drop to a 10-year low as illustrated in the graph below.

ANNUAL AVG. CONSTRUCTION EMPLOYMENT



There are three major sectors in the Construction industry: Building Construction, Heavy Construction (such as Highway and Pipeline) and Special Trade Contractors (such as Plumbing and Electricians). In South Dakota Building Construction and Special Trade Contractors make up the bulk of Construction employment as shown below. These sectors had employment declines in recent years. May 1981 figures for these two sectors show about 2,000 workers less than May 1980 levels. The Heavy Construction sector has approximately 500 more workers than in May 1980 due to short-term employment in the Pipeline segment.

ANNUAL AVERAGE EMPLOYMENT

	1977	1978	1979	1980
Building Construction	4,210	4,787	4,558	3,223
Special Trade Contractors	5,609	6,336	6,049	5,222
Heavy Construction	2,596	2,482	2,324	2,272

Building permits reported and imputed during April 1981 also are evidence of a depressed Construction industry. The table below is a picture of the new residential housekeeping building permits excluding additions and alterations for one or more families for the ten largest South Dakota cities for April of the last five years.

NEW RESIDENTIAL HOUSING PERMITS*
TOP TEN SD CITIES

	Buildings	Units
1977 (April)	209	402
1978 (April)	229	417
1979 (April)	122	167
1980 (April)	91	125
1981 (April)	87	106

*Courtesy of Business Research Bureau, U.S.D.

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A large majority of building permits are for single family dwellings. This majority has grown even larger as explained by the April 1981 figures in Figure 1 on page 4 which show Aberdeen and Watertown as the only large South Dakota cities with any construction permits for housing other than one family homes.

The rate of increase of employment in the Construction industry in South Dakota depends on the price of homes, the direction and speed of movement of the interest rate and the demand for housing. The demand for housing will depend on the in-migration and out-migration of South Dakota's population and the percent of the population that is starting families and looking for housing.

If recent trends of out-migration of South Dakotans age 20 to 30 continues there will not be a growth in the numbers of new families looking for homes.

LABOR FORCE

The unemployment rate in South Dakota appears to be leveling off after rising for three years, but employment continues to run below last year. There were 14,600 South Dakotans unemployed in May or 4.2% of the labor force. That compares with 15,000 or 4.5% in April and 14,700 or 4.2% in May 1980. The total number of people employed in May was 329,100. That represents a seasonal increase over the April figure of 321,500, but it was 0.6% below the year-ago figure of 331,200.

NONAGRICULTURAL WAGE AND SALARY EMPLOYMENT

Total nonfarm payroll employment was 236,700 in May. That was 1.5% ahead of the April figure of 233,200 but 1.9% below the May 1981 figure of 241,400. Among the major industries, finance/insurance/real estate posted the only increase in employment over the past year.

Manufacturing employment increased by 400 jobs to 25,900 in May, but it remained below the year-ago level of 26,200.

Construction employment was up from April to May as road construction and other heavy construction projects, particularly the northern border pipeline, got underway. There was not, however, the usual increase in building construction. The total number of construction workers employed in May was 9,900 compared with 8,800 in April and 11,500 in May 1980.

Retail trade employment was 46,600 in May or 600 jobs more than in April but 1,100 below one year ago. Services was also slightly below the year ago figure.

Government employment was 700 below a year ago as federal employment in the state dropped 400 and state employment was down 300.

HOURS AND EARNINGS

The average production worker in the manufacturing industry in South Dakota worked 41.5 hours a week in May at $6.82 an hour for a gross weekly wage of $283.03. The average hours worked compared with 41.7 a year ago while the average hourly rate was up 6.6% from the year ago average of $6.40.

SIOUX FALLS SMSA

The Sioux Falls unemployment rate dropped to 4.6% in May from 5.2% in April, but was slightly higher than the year-ago May rate of 4.3%. There were 2,964 Sioux Falls residents unemployed in May compared with 2,738 one year ago.

Despite the increase in unemployment over the past year, total employment rose 1,100 to 81,779. Nonfarm payroll employment accounted for about 600 of this increase. The May total of 54,880 was 1.1 per cent ahead of the May 1980 estimate of 54,260. Among the major industries, manufacturing had the largest increase in employment over the past year. The May estimate was 8,050. That was 6.2% higher than the year-ago figure of 7,580. Services was the biggest gainer among the nonmanufacturing industries. Its employment grew 3.5% over the past year to 13,300. Construction employment again registered a large decline from one year previous. The May 1981 figure of 2,180 was 17.7% below the May 1980 estimate of 2,650. Government employment also dropped during the past year. The May 1981 figure of 6,780 compared with 6,970 in May 1980.

During the mid week in May the average manufacturing production worker in the Sioux Falls SMSA worked 45.0 hours a week at $9.40 an hour for a gross weekly wage of $423.00.

RAPID CITY SMSA

Unemployment in the Rapid City SMSA was 5.1% in May. That was unchanged from one year ago. The total number of people unemployed was also unchanged at about 2,100. The May employment figure was 40,150, slightly below the year-ago figure of 40,428.

Total nonfarm payroll employment was estimated at 32,060 in May. That was 1.3% ahead of the April figure of 31,660 but 0.8% below the year-ago figure of 32,310. Among the major industry divisions, construction employment was down 20% at 1,750 from one year ago and finance/insurance/real estate was up 19% at 1,830. There weren't any significant changes in any of the other industries.

The average manufacturing production worker in the Rapid City SMSA worked 34.4 hours a week in May at $6.99 an hour for a gross weekly wage of $240.46.

JOB SERVICE ACTIVITY

South Dakota Job Service offices had 23,500 active work applicants on file at the end of May 1981. That number is an increase of 8.9% over the 21,856 applicants on file one year ago. This is a reflection on the depressed economy in South Dakota and nationwide.

Characteristics of current applicants are as follows: females accounted for 46.0%, veterans 14.6%, minorities 16.4% and economically disadvantaged 25.1%. Those applicants under 22 years of age made up 34.5% of the applicants with 10.1% being 45 years old and over. By educational attainment, 31.8% of the applicants did not complete high school, 37.3% had a high school education and 30.9% had post high school education.

Experienced applicants numbered 22,042. The remaining 1,458 individuals were new entrants to the labor force. The following table shows the number of experienced applicants by primary occupational code with the resultant percentage of total experienced applicants.

EXPERIENCED APPLICANTS MAY 31, 1981

Occupational Group	Number	Percent
Total	22,042	100.0
Prof., Tech., Managerial	3,259	14.8
Clerical	3,487	15.8
Sales	1,486	6.7
Domestic	1,158	5.3
Food & Beverage Prep.	2,122	9.6
Other Service	2,150	9.7
Farming, Fishery, Forestry	924	4.2
Processing	278	1.3
Machine Trades	832	3.8
Bench Work	675	3.1
Structural	3,625	16.4
Motor Freight & Transp.	941	4.3
Pkg. & Material Handling	1,012	4.6
Other Misc.	93	0.4

FIGURE 1*

PERMITS REPORTED & IMPUTED NEW RESIDENTIAL HOUSEKEEPING BUILDINGS EXCLUDING ADDITIONS & ALTERATIONS, ONE OR MORE FAMILIES

	Sioux Falls		Rapid City		Aberdeen		Watertown		Brookings		Mitchell	
	Bldgs.	Units	Bldgs.	Units	Bldgs.	Units	Bldgs.	Units	Bldgs.	Units	Bldgs.	Units
1977 April	73	100	30	66	19	73	11	11	33	62	6	6
1978 April	71	98	45	135	18	18	31	31	7	17	5	5
1979 April	41	69	23	29	11	21	17	18	6	6	1	1
1980 April	47	47	2	2	1	6	9	9	5	5	10	39
1981 April	25	25	16	16	8	25	11	13	10	10	9	9

	Huron		Yankton		Pierre		Vermillion	
	Bldgs.	Units	Bldgs.	Units	Bldgs.	Units	Bldgs.	Units
1977 April	9	9	10	57	15	15	3	3
1978 April	10	32	28	67	9	9	5	5
1979 April	9	9	7	7	6	6	1	1
1980 April	3	3	2	2	6	6	6	6
1981 April	1	1	4	4	2	2	1	1

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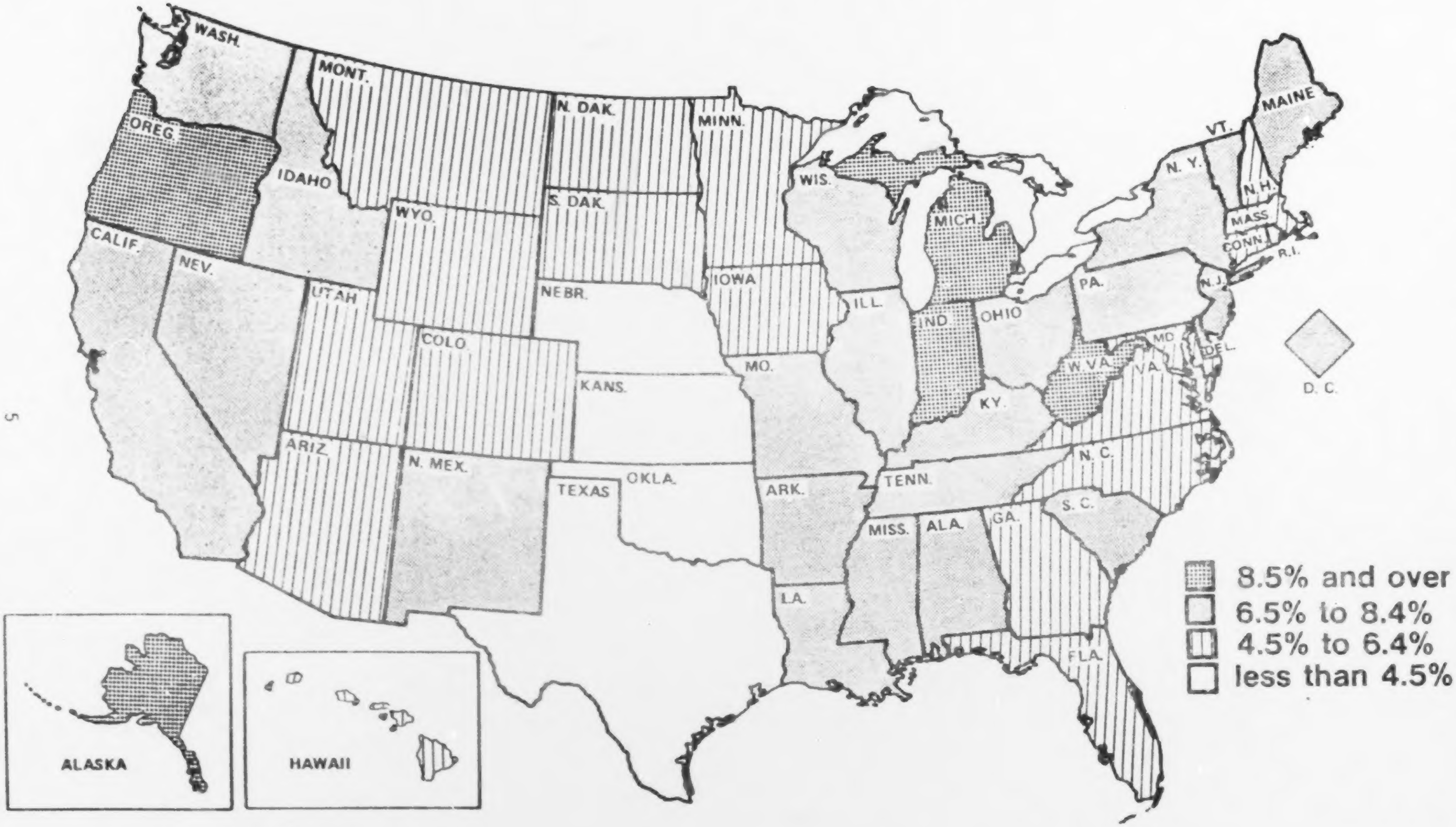
*Courtesy of Business Research Bureau, U.S.D.

Unemployment Rates by State, April 1981


WASH.
MONT.
N. DAK.
MINN.
OREG.
IDAHO
WYO.
S. DAK.
WIS.
MICH.
MAINE
VT.
N. Y.
N. H.
MASS.
CONN.
R. I.
CALIF.
NEV.
UTAH
NEBR.
IOWA
ILL.
IND.
OHIO
PA.
N. J.
MD
DEL.
D. C.
COLO.
KANS.
MO.
W. VA.
VA.
KY.
ARIZ.
N. MEX.
OKLA.
TEXAS
ARK.
TENN.
N. C.
S. C.
MISS.
ALA.
GA.
LA.
FLA.
ALASKA
HAWAII
▦ 8.5% and over
▨ 6.5% to 8.4%
▥ 4.5% to 6.4%
☐ less than 4.5%

Source: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, June 1981

TABLE 1

LABOR FORCE/EMPLOYMENT/UNEMPLOYMENT

	May 1981				May 1980			
	LABOR FORCE 1/	EMPLOY-MENT	UNEMPLOY-MENT	RATE	LABOR FORCE 1/	EMPLOY-MENT	UNEMPLOY-MENT	RATE
UNITED STATES	106,348,000	98,803,000	7,545,000	7.1 2/	104,027,000	96,709,000	7,318,000	7.0 2/
SOUTH DAKOTA	343,700	329,100	14,600	4.2	345,900	331,200	14,700	4.2
SIOUX FALLS SMSA	64,743	61,779	2,964	4.6	63,403	60,665	2,738	4.3
RAPID CITY SMSA	42,266	40,150	2,116	5.1	42,616	40,428	2,188	5.1
AURORA COUNTY	1,696	1,505	191	11.3	1,709	1,673	36	2.1
BEADLE COUNTY	9,929	9,505	424	4.3	10,427	10,026	401	3.8
BENNETT	1,234	1,197	37	3.0	1,285	1,240	45	3.5
BON HOMME	4,100	3,992	108	2.7	4,139	3,900	239	5.8
BROOKINGS	14,165	13,665	500	3.6	14,035	13,219	816	5.8
BROWN	19,196	18,340	856	4.5	20,585	19,632	953	4.6
BRULE	2,950	2,872	78	2.7	3,129	3,038	91	2.9
BUFFALO	526	446	80	15.3	613	535	78	12.7
BUTTE	4,217	4,122	95	2.3	4,097	4,007	90	2.2
CAMPBELL	821	784	37	4.6	909	889	20	2.2
CHARLES MIX	4,151	3,960	191	4.7	4,321	4,191	130	3.0
CLARK	1,796	1,743	53	3.0	2,100	2,046	54	2.6
CLAY	5,966	5,807	159	2.7	6,273	5,969	304	4.8
CODINGTON	9,545	9,010	535	5.7	10,288	9,728	560	5.4
CORSON	1,449	1,254	195	13.5	1,572	1,443	129	8.2
CUSTER	2,504	2,468	36	1.5	2,645	2,532	113	4.3
DAVISON	9,618	9,267	351	3.7	10,357	9,950	407	3.9
DAY	3,146	2,976	170	5.5	3,379	3,269	110	3.3
DEUEL	1,991	1,877	114	5.8	2,195	2,105	90	4.1
DEWEY	1,890	1,693	197	10.5	2,191	2,075	116	5.3
DOUGLAS	2,143	2,067	76	3.6	2,018	1,988	30	1.5
EDMUNDS	2,083	2,016	67	3.3	2,167	2,122	45	2.1
FALL RIVER	3,793	3,632	161	4.3	3,975	3,742	233	5.9
FAULK	1,545	1,521	24	1.6	1,548	1,508	40	2.6

1/ Labor force estimates include employed and unemployed civilians 16 years old and older by place of residence.

2/ The seasonally adjusted rates which were announced by the national government were 7.6 and 7.6 . The data in this table are not seasonally adjusted.

	May 1981				May 1980			
	LABOR FORCE	EMPLOY-MENT	UNEMPLOY-MENT	RATE	LABOR FORCE	EMPLOY-MENT	UNEMPLOY-MENT	RATE
GRANT	4,411	4,253	158	3.6	4,380	4,254	126	2.9
GREGORY	2,582	2,505	77	3.0	2,743	2,679	64	2.3
HAAKON	1,636	1,622	14	0.9	1,682	1,519	163	9.7
HAMLIN	2,474	2,432	42	1.7	2,292	2,234	58	2.5
HAND	2,304	2,245	59	2.6	2,323	2,293	30	1.3
HANSON	1,252	1,219	33	2.7	1,222	1,206	16	1.3
HARDING	773	770	3	0.4	708	677	31	4.4
HUGHES	7,912	7,605	307	3.9	8,035	7,756	279	3.5
HUTCHINSON	4,301	4,201	100	2.4	4,518	4,439	79	1.7
HYDE	832	799	33	4.0	949	921	28	3.0
JACKSON	997	955	42	4.3	1,098	1,057	41	3.7
JERAULD	1,248	1,229	19	1.6	1,391	1,342	49	3.5
JONES	743	726	17	2.3	746	726	20	2.7
KINGSBURY	4,789	4,703	86	1.8	3,637	3,571	66	1.8
LAKE	5,599	5,356	243	4.4	6,026	5,632	394	6.5
LAWRENCE	8,765	8,484	281	3.3	9,419	8,902	517	5.5
LINCOLN	9,243	8,957	286	3.1	6,726	6,468	258	3.8
LYMAN	1,270	1,205	65	5.2	1,586	1,528	58	3.7
MCCOOK	2,859	2,722	137	4.8	2,754	2,606	148	5.4
MCPHERSON	1,615	1,561	54	3.4	1,906	1,868	38	2.0
MARSHALL	2,030	1,901	129	6.4	2,167	2,134	33	1.5
MEADE	8,986	8,686	300	3.3	9,095	8,741	354	3.9
MELLETTE	755	726	29	3.9	866	790	76	8.8
MINER	1,970	1,903	67	3.5	1,893	1,852	41	2.2
MINNEHAHA	64,743	61,779	2,964	4.6	63,403	60,665	2,738	4.3
MOODY	4,189	4,092	97	2.4	3,521	3,428	93	2.6
PENNINGTON	33,280	31,464	1,816	5.5	33,618	31,780	1,838	5.5
PERKINS	2,203	2,149	54	2.5	2,380	2,352	28	1.2
POTTER	2,098	2,054	44	2.1	2,069	2,035	34	1.6
ROBERTS	4,545	4,277	268	5.9	4,809	4,585	224	4.7
SANBORN	1,400	1,338	62	4.5	1,473	1,442	31	2.1
SHANNON	2,760	2,417	343	12.5	3,190	2,927	263	8.2
SPINK	3,970	3,856	114	2.9	4,065	4,005	60	1.5
STANLEY	1,890	1,809	81	4.3	1,404	1,373	31	2.2
SULLY	755	716	39	5.2	828	790	38	4.6
TODD	1,997	1,702	295	14.8	2,315	2,070	245	10.6
TRIPP	3,201	3,093	108	3.4	3,527	3,436	91	2.6
TURNER	5,525	5,380	145	2.7	4,398	4,268	130	3.0
UNION	7,681	7,547	134	1.8	6,252	5,980	272	4.4
WALWORTH	3,387	3,157	230	6.8	3,557	3,394	163	4.6
YANKTON	9,071	8,710	361	4.0	10,322	10,023	299	2.9
ZIEBACH	1,158	1,074	84	7.3	1,072	1,029	43	4.0

TABLE 2

SOUTH DAKOTA NONAGRICULTURAL WAGE AND SALARY EMPLOYMENT*
(in thousands)

	May 1981	April 1981	May 1980	PERCENT CHANGE FROM LAST MONTH	PERCENT CHANGE FROM LAST YEAR
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL	236.7	233.2	241.4	1.5	-1.9
MANUFACTURING	25.9	25.5	26.2	1.6	-1.1
DURABLE GOODS	13.1	13.0	13.4	0.8	-2.2
LUMBER & FURNITURE	1.2	1.1	1.2	9.1	0.0
FABRICATED METALS & MACHINERY	8.5	8.5	8.9	0.0	-4.5
OTHER DURABLE GOODS	3.4	3.4	3.3	0.0	3.0
NONDURABLE GOODS	12.8	12.5	12.8	2.4	0.0
FOOD & KINDRED PRODUCTS	7.4	7.3	7.8	1.4	-5.1
PAPER, PRINTING & PUBLISHING	2.4	2.3	2.4	4.3	0.0
OTHER NONDURABLE GOODS	3.0	2.9	2.6	3.4	15.4
NONMANUFACTURING	210.8	207.7	215.2	1.5	-2.0
MINING	2.8	2.8	2.9	0.0	-3.4
CONSTRUCTION	9.9	8.8	11.5	12.5	-13.9
TRANSPORTATION & PUBLIC UTILITIES	13.3	13.3	13.4	0.0	-0.7
RAILROADS	1.2	1.2	1.1	0.0	9.1
OTHER TRANSPORTATION	6.4	6.4	6.5	0.0	-1.5
COMMUNICATIONS & PUBLIC UTILITIES	5.7	5.7	5.8	0.0	-1.7
TRADE	63.7	63.0	65.4	1.1	-2.6
WHOLESALE TRADE	17.1	17.0	17.7	0.6	-3.4
DURABLE GOODS	7.7	7.7	8.2	0.0	-6.1
NONDURABLE GOODS	9.4	9.3	9.5	1.1	-1.1
RETAIL TRADE	46.6	46.0	47.7	1.3	-2.3
FINANCE, INSURANCE & REAL ESTATE	11.2	11.0	11.1	1.8	0.9
SERVICES	50.6	49.8	50.9	1.6	-0.6
HOTELS, AMUSE., PERS. & BUSINESS	12.6	11.8	13.1	6.8	-3.8
MEDICAL AND HEALTH	21.0	20.8	19.7	1.0	6.6
EDUCATIONAL, MEMBERSHIP & SOCIAL	14.4	14.7	15.3	-2.0	-5.9
OTHER	2.6	2.5	2.8	4.0	-7.1
GOVERNMENT	59.3	59.0	60.0	0.5	-1.2
FEDERAL	10.5	10.5	10.9	0.0	-3.7
STATE	16.5	16.3	16.8	1.2	-1.8
STATE EDUCATION	7.9	8.2	8.2	-3.7	-3.7
OTHER	8.6	8.1	8.6	6.2	0.0
LOCAL	32.3	32.2	32.3	0.3	0.0
LOCAL EDUCATION	18.9	19.3	18.9	-2.1	0.0
OTHER LOCAL	13.4	12.9	13.4	3.9	0.0

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*THIS CATEGORY INCLUDES FULL AND PART-TIME WORKERS ON THE PAYROLLS OF NONAGRICULTURAL ESTABLISHMENTS FOR THE WEEK INCLUDING THE 12TH OF THE MONTH.

TABLE 3

SIOUX FALLS AND RAPID CITY NONAGRICULTURAL WAGE AND SALARY EMPLOYMENT

	May 1981	April 1981	May 1980	PERCENT CHANGE FROM LAST MONTH	PERCENT CHANGE FROM LAST YEAR
SIOUX FALLS SMSA (MINNEHAHA COUNTY)					
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL	54,880	54,400	54,260	0.9	1.1
MANUFACTURING	8,050	7,920	7,580	1.6	6.2
DURABLE GOODS	2,280	2,220	2,170	2.7	5.1
NONDURABLE GOODS	5,770	5,700	5,410	1.2	6.7
FOOD & KINDRED PRODUCTS	4,300	4,240	4,050	1.4	6.2
NONMANUFACTURING	46,830	46,480	46,680	0.8	0.3
CONSTRUCTION AND MINING	2,180	1,940	2,650	12.4	-17.7
TRANSPORTATION & PUBLIC UTILITIES	4,970	4,940	4,830	0.6	2.9
TRADE	16,270	16,300	16,060	-0.2	1.3
WHOLESALE TRADE	4,720	4,750	5,040	-0.6	-6.3
RETAIL TRADE	11,550	11,550	11,020	0.0	4.8
FINANCE, INSURANCE & REAL ESTATE	3,330	3,360	3,320	-0.9	0.3
SERVICES	13,300	13,200	12,850	0.8	3.5
GOVERNMENT	6,780	6,740	6,970	0.6	-2.7
RAPID CITY SMSA (PENNINGTON & MEADE COUNTY)					
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL	32,060	31,660	32,310	1.3	-0.8
MANUFACTURING	3,100	3,090	3,000	0.3	3.3
DURABLE GOODS	2,180	2,190	2,080	-0.5	4.8
NONDURABLE GOODS	920	900	920	2.2	0.0
NONMANUFACTURING	28,960	28,570	29,310	1.4	-1.2
CONSTRUCTION AND MINING	1,750	1,850	2,190	-5.4	-20.1
TRANSPORTATION & PUBLIC UTILITIES	1,860	1,880	1,950	-1.1	-4.6
TRADE	9,140	8,860	9,200	3.2	-0.7
WHOLESALE TRADE	1,680	1,650	1,670	1.8	0.6
RETAIL TRADE	7,460	7,210	7,530	3.5	-1.0
FINANCE, INSURANCE & REAL ESTATE	1,830	1,830	1,540	0.0	18.8
SERVICES	7,030	6,830	7,040	2.9	-0.1
GOVERNMENT	7,350	7,320	7,390	0.4	-0.5

TABLE 4

HOURS AND EARNINGS OF PRODUCTION WORKERS*

	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNINGS			AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS			AVERAGE HOURLY EARNINGS		
	May 1981	April 1981	May 1980	May 1981	April 1981	May 1980	May 1981	April 1981	May 1980
SOUTH DAKOTA STATEWIDE									
MANUFACTURING......................	283.03	296.34	266.88	41.5	42.7	41.7	6.82	6.94	6.40
DURABLE GOODS....................	260.07	260.35	227.30	40.7	41.0	39.6	6.39	6.35	5.74
LUMBER & FURNITURE............	252.23	259.58	229.96	40.1	41.4	40.7	6.29	6.27	5.65
FABRICATED METALS AND MACH.....	259.31	259.90	217.28	40.9	40.8	38.8	6.34	6.37	5.60
NONDURABLE GOODS................	303.42	332.11	305.46	42.2	44.4	43.7	7.19	7.48	6.99
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS......	377.52	411.98	365.95	44.0	47.3	46.5	8.58	8.71	7.87
PAPER, PRINTING, & PUBLISHING..	227.77	229.59	210.86	35.7	36.5	35.8	6.38	6.29	5.89
SIOUX FALLS SMSA									
MANUFACTURING......................	423.00	433.92	386.88	45.0	48.7	48.3	9.40	8.91	8.01
DURABLE GOODS....................	303.00	295.38	272.63	42.2	42.5	42.4	7.18	6.95	6.43
NONDURABLE GOODS.................	450.98	461.08	414.83	45.6	49.9	49.8	9.89	9.24	8.33
RAPID CITY SMSA									
MANUFACTURING.......................	240.46	249.20	216.81	34.4	35.0	32.9	6.99	7.12	6.59

*AVERAGE HOURS AND EARNINGS DATA ARE DERIVED FROM REPORTS OF PAYROLLS AND HOURS FOR PRODUCTION AND RELATED WORKERS

TABLE 5

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX
ALL URBAN CONSUMERS

				PERCENT CHANGE FROM	
1967=100	April 1981	March 1981	April 1980	LAST MONTH	LAST YEAR
ALL ITEMS.............................	266.8	265.1	242.5	0.6	10.0
FOOD & BEVERAGES...................	265.7	265.0	242.8	0.3	9.4
HOUSING.............................	284.8	282.6	257.9	0.8	10.4
APPAREL.............................	186.4	185.1	177.3	0.7	5.1
TRANSPORTATION.....................	275.3	273.5	246.8	0.7	11.5
MEDICAL CARE.......................	287.0	284.7	262.0	0.8	9.5
ENTERTAINMENT......................	219.2	218.2	202.5	0.5	8.2

TABLE 6

LABOR TURNOVER RATES
(per 100 employees)

ACCESSION RATES

	TOTAL			NEW HIRES			RECALLS		
	May 1981	April 1981	May 1980	May 1981	April 1981	May 1980	May 1981	April 1981	May 1980
STATEWIDE									
MANUFACTURING.........	3.9	2.5	3.6	3.0	1.3	1.5	0.6	1.0	1.9
DURABLE GOODS.......	4.7	2.8	4.1	3.9	1.6	1.3	0.4	1.0	2.6
NONDURABLE GOODS....	3.1	2.2	3.2	2.1	1.1	1.8	0.9	1.1	1.4
MINING................	3.2	3.4	4.5	2.6	1.3	2.9	0.6	1.9	1.6
SIOUX FALLS SMSA									
MANUFACTURING.........	1.8	3.7	2.3	1.3	1.2	0.8	0.4	2.4	1.5

SEPARATION RATES

	TOTAL			QUITS			LAYOFFS		
	May 1981	April 1981	May 1980	May 1981	April 1981	May 1980	May 1981	April 1981	May 1980
STATEWIDE									
MANUFACTURING.........	3.1	2.1	4.6	1.4	1.0	1.7	0.8	0.5	2.2
DURABLE GOODS.......	3.2	2.1	5.4	1.6	1.0	2.0	0.6	0.2	2.3
NONDURABLE GOODS....	2.9	2.1	3.9	1.2	0.9	1.5	1.1	0.8	2.1
MINING................	1.4	0.9	1.6	0.4	0.3	1.2	0.1	0.2	0.1
SIOUX FALLS SMSA									
MANUFACTURING.........	3.9	2.2	4.6	0.8	0.9	1.1	2.6	0.8	3.4

TABLE 7

CHARACTERISTICS OF THE INSURED UNEMPLOYED - STATEWIDE

	NUMBER			PERCENT		
	May '81	Apr. '81	May '80	May '81	Apr. '81	May '80
SEX, TOTAL......................	3,163	4,071	4,174	100.0	100.0	100.0
MALE..........................	2,166	2,918	2,884	68.5	71.7	69.1
FEMALE........................	997	1,153	1,290	31.5	28.3	30.9
RACE, TOTAL.....................	3,163	4,071	4,174	100.0	100.0	100.0
WHITE.........................	2,469	3,244	3,556	78.1	79.7	85.2
NONWHITE......................	694	827	618	21.9	20.3	14.8
AGE, TOTAL......................	3,163	4,071	4,174	100.0	100.0	100.0
UNDER 45......................	2,435	3,076	3,271	77.0	75.6	78.4
OVER 45.......................	728	995	903	23.0	24.4	21.6
INDUSTRY, TOTAL.................	3,163	4,071	4,174	100.0	100.0	100.0
MINING........................	43	72	53	1.4	1.8	1.3
CONSTRUCTION..................	1,038	1,519	965	32.8	37.3	23.1
MANUFACTURING.................	480	632	1,038	15.2	15.5	24.9
TRANSPORTATION & P.U..........	137	171	237	4.3	4.2	5.7
TRADE.........................	684	864	870	21.6	21.2	20.8
FINANCE, INS. & R.E...........	66	72	64	2.1	1.8	1.5
SERVICES......................	565	589	505	17.9	14.4	12.1
GOVERNMENT....................	150	156	442	4.7	3.8	10.6
OCCUPATION, TOTAL...............	3,163	4,071	4,174	100.0	100.0	100.0
PROF. & MANAGERIAL............	345	343	328	10.9	8.4	7.9
CLERICAL & SALES..............	517	587	610	16.3	14.4	14.6
SERVICES......................	409	491	389	12.9	12.1	9.3
PROCESSING....................	49	63	171	1.6	1.5	4.1
MACHINE TRADE.................	155	171	213	4.9	4.2	5.1
BENCHWORK.....................	187	261	409	5.9	6.4	9.8
STRUCTURAL WORK...............	1,167	1,689	1,397	36.9	41.5	33.5
OTHER.........................	334	466	657	10.6	11.5	15.7
DURATION OF CURRENT SPELL OF UNEMPLOYMENT-TOTAL..........	3,163	4,071	4,174	100.0	100.0	100.0
1-2 WEEKS.....................	412	476	936	13.0	11.7	22.4
3-4 WEEKS.....................	337	487	592	10.7	12.0	14.2
5-14 WEEKS....................	1,237	1,556	1,617	39.1	38.2	38.7
15 WEEKS & OVER...............	1,177	1,552	1,029	37.2	38.1	24.7

TABLE 8

SELECTED LABOR DEPARTMENT ACTIVITIES -STATEWIDE

JOB SERVICE	May 1981	April 1981	May 1980	PERCENT CHANGE FROM LAST MONTH	PERCENT CHANGE FROM LAST YEAR
NEW JOB APPLICANTS........................	4,195	4,106	4,896	+2.2	-14.3
NEW JOB APPLICANTS OCT. 1 TO DATE........	29,475	25,394	31,963	+16.1	-7.8
NONAGRICULTURAL JOB OPENINGS.............	3,612	3,890	4,971	-7.1	-27.3
JOB PLACEMENTS OCT. 1, TO DATE...........	23,752	20,546	32,344	+15.6	-26.6
NONAGRICULTURAL..........................	22,810	19,731	31,377	+15.6	-27.3
AGRICULTURAL.............................	942	815	967	+15.6	-2.6
APPLICANTS AVAILABLE OCT. 1 TO DATE......	62,639	57,682	62,065	+8.6	+.9
INDIVIDUALS PLACED OCT. 1 TO DATE........	15,582	13,913	19,752	+12.0	-21.1
UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE					
STATE PROGRAM					
INITIAL CLAIMS MONTHLY TOTAL...........	1,857	2,415	3,500	-23.1	-46.9
WEEKS CLAIMED MONTHLY TOTAL............	12,965	21,830	19,838	-40.6	-34.6
INITIAL CLAIMS OCT. 1 TO DATE..........	23,345	21,488	22,681	+8.6	+2.9
WEEKS CLAIMED OCT. 1 TO DATE...........	172,157	159,192	132,137	+8.1	+30.3
AMOUNT OF BENEFIT PAYMENTS.............	$1,163,693	$1,891,001	$1,657,817	-38.5	-29.8
AVERAGE WEEKLY BENEFIT AMOUNT..........	$110.69	$110.26	$99.19	+.4	+11.6
BENEFIT PAYMENTS OCT. 1 TO DATE........	$14,353,677	$13,189,984	$10,527,225	+8.8	+36.3
UNEMPLOYMENT TRUST FUND (IN ooo's).....	$8,223.7	$6,643.8	$13,832.9	+23.8	-40.6
FEDERAL PROGRAM					
INITIAL CLAIMS OCT. 1 TO DATE..........	1,156	1,067	1,183	+8.3	-2.3
WEEKS CLAIMED OCT. 1 TO DATE...........	7,756	7,056	5,894	+9.9	+31.6
BENEFIT PAYMENTS OCT. 1 TO DATE........	$847,785	$766,417	$643,955	+10.6	+31.7

TABLE 9
JOB OPENINGS RECEIVED AND FILLED BY AVERAGE WAGE FOR MAJOR OCCUPATIONAL GROUP*

OCCUPATIONAL GROUP	OPENINGS RECEIVED	PERCENT	OPENINGS FILLED	PERCENT	PERCENT FILLED TO OPENINGS	AVERAGE WAGE PLACED
SOUTH DAKOTA STATEWIDE	27,887	100.0	23,752	100.0	85.2	3.66
PROFESSIONAL/TECH./MANAGERIAL	2,690	9.7	1,118	4.7	41.6	5.62
CLERICAL	3,874	13.9	3,221	13.6	83.1	3.53
SALES	1,652	5.9	1,250	5.3	75.7	3.61
DOMESTIC	4,133	14.8	4,082	17.2	98.8	2.77
OTHER SERVICES	5,067	18.2	4,338	18.3	85.6	3.20
FARMING/FISHERY/FORESTRY	1,786	6.4	1,638	6.9	91.7	3.56
PROCESSING	317	1.1	343	1.4	108.2	4.00
MACHINE TRADES	564	2.0	429	1.8	76.1	4.23
BENCHWORK	691	2.5	641	2.7	92.8	3.53
STRUCTURAL	2,491	8.9	2,231	9.4	89.6	4.26
MOTOR FREIGHT/TRANSPORTATION	1,004	3.6	908	3.8	90.4	4.76
PACKAGING & MATERIALS HANDLING	3,323	11.9	3,266	13.7	98.3	4.12
OTHER	295	1.1	287	1.2	97.3	3.88
SIOUX FALLS SMSA	4,314	100.0	3,540	100.0	82.1	3.63
PROFESSIONAL/TECH./MANAGERIAL	272	6.3	139	3.9	51.1	4.61
CLERICAL	880	20.4	662	18.7	75.2	3.58
SALES	454	10.5	310	8.8	68.3	3.49
DOMESTIC	502	11.6	485	13.7	96.6	2.51
OTHER SERVICES	797	18.5	642	18.1	80.6	3.29
FARMING/FISHERY/FORESTRY	118	2.7	111	3.1	94.1	3.26
PROCESSING	20	0.5	18	0.5	90.0	5.21
MACHINE TRADES	81	1.9	58	1.7	71.6	4.33
BENCHWORK	96	2.2	86	2.4	89.6	3.67
STRUCTURAL	323	7.5	297	8.4	92.0	4.76
MOTOR FREIGHT/TRANSPORTATION	274	6.4	255	7.2	93.1	4.40
PACKAGING & MATERIALS HANDLING	418	9.7	402	11.4	96.2	4.01
OTHER	79	1.8	75	2.1	94.9	3.72
RAPID CITY SMSA	5,075	100.0	4,384	100.0	86.4	3.65
PROFESSIONAL/TECH./MANAGERIAL	310	6.1	169	3.8	54.5	4.88
CLERICAL	722	14.2	613	14.0	84.9	3.41
SALES	394	7.8	311	7.1	78.9	3.76
DOMESTIC	537	10.6	536	12.2	99.8	2.79
OTHER SERVICES	1,181	23.3	955	21.8	80.9	3.20
FARMING/FISHERY/FORESTRY	131	2.6	125	2.8	95.4	4.01
PROCESSING	21	0.4	20	0.5	95.2	4.13
MACHINE TRADES	90	1.8	63	1.4	70.0	4.52
BENCHWORK	118	2.3	112	2.6	94.9	3.64
STRUCTURAL	412	8.1	367	8.4	89.1	4.50
MOTOR FREIGHT/TRANSPORTATION	280	5.5	257	5.9	91.8	4.57
PACKAGING & MATERIALS HANDLING	815	16.0	797	18.2	97.8	3.87
OTHER	64	1.3	59	1.3	92.2	3.96

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*ALL FIGURES ARE CUMULATIVE FOR THE PERIOD 10-1-80/5-31-81. Openings filled may include orders from prior fiscal year resulting in a figure greater than 100.0 percent filled to openings.

South Dakota
Labor Bulletin

COMPILED JULY 27, 1981 REPORT FOR JUNE 1981

MAJOR CPI COMPONENTS: HOUSING, FOOD AND TRANSPORTATION

The Consumer Price Index (CPI) reflected a slowdown in the rise of the cost of living for first quarter 1981. Price increases in housing and food were much lower than in the preceding quarter as the last two columns of Table A below reflects. Transportation costs did not contribute to the slowdown. The 22.2 percent seasonally adjusted compound annual rate of transportation for first quarter 1981 was at the highest level in a year. The compound annual rate of gasoline was 64.2 percent in this period. The actual increase in the price of gasoline was 13.2 percent.

During the first quarter home prices declined at an 8.8 percent annual rate, the largest drop ever recorded by the index.[1] Mortgage interest rates, though, rose considerably.[2] According to the CPI, home ownership costs increased 0.8 percent; home purchase costs declined 2.3 percent. Housing in total increased 1.9 percent.

Table A Changes in selected components of the Consumer and the Producer Price Indexes, 1980–81, seasonally adjusted

Index	Relative importance Dec. 1980	Percent change Dec. 80-Mar. 81	Effect on overall index [1] Dec. 80-Mar. 81	Compound annual rates, seasonally adjusted except as noted, for 3 months ended –			
				1980			1981
				June	Sept.	Dec.	Mar.
Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers (CPI-U) [2]							
All items	100.0	2.3	2.3	11.4	7.8	13.2	9.6
Food and beverages	18.3	0.7	.143	5.9	19.1	12.5	2.9
Food at home	12.0	0.0	-.004	4.7	24.6	13.2	-.1
Food away from home	5.3	2.3	.121	8.1	9.0	12.3	9.5
Alcoholic beverages	1.0	2.6	.025	9.8	8.2	5.2	10.8
Housing	45.5	1.9	.872	19.7	1.7	15.8	8.0
Shelter	31.7	1.1	.313	23.1	-1.4	20.2	4.4
Rent, residential [3]	5.1	1.7	.087	10.0	8.6	9.6	7.0
Homeownership	25.8	0.8	.196	26.4	-3.5	23.1	3.1
Home purchase [3]	10.3	-2.3	-.232	14.9	14.9	9.0	-8.8
Financing, taxes, and insurance [3]	12.0	2.7	.323	43.9	-20.0	41.8	11.4
Maintenance and repairs	3.6	3.0	.105	8.3	8.2	10.1	12.5
Fuel and other utilities	6.6	5.8	.389	17.0	9.8	8.5	25.5
Household furnishings and operation	7.3	2.4	.171	8.4	7.8	5.1	9.8
Apparel and upkeep	4.9	1.6	.076	1.1	8.9	4.3	6.7
Transportation	19.0	5.1	.963	2.6	11.3	13.9	22.2
Private transportation	17.8	5.1	.904	1.8	8.9	13.8	22.0
Gasoline	5.9	13.2	.788	-5.8	-3.3	10.5	64.2
Public transportation [3]	1.2	4.9	.058	18.6	56.7	14.1	21.2
Medical care	4.7	2.9	.134	8.9	9.2	7.9	11.9
Medical care commodities	0.8	3.0	.024	10.7	10.2	8.9	12.4
Medical care services	3.9	2.9	.110	8.4	8.9	7.7	12.0
Entertainment	3.6	2.4	.092	9.1	10.5	5.0	10.1
Other goods and services	4.0	1.9	.082	9.3	11.1	9.0	7.9
All items	100.0	2.3	2.3	11.4	7.8	13.2	9.6
Food	17.3	0.5	.117	5.8	19.7	13.1	2.1
Energy [3]	10.8	10.5	1.135	15.2	2.5	0.3	49.1
Commodities less food and energy	33.7	0.4	.139	7.7	12.9	9.6	1.7
Services less energy	38.1	2.4	.961	20.0	-.4	17.9	10.1
All items	100.0	2.3	2.3	11.4	7.8	13.2	9.6
Services	41.6	2.5	1.075	20.5	.7	16.8	10.3
Commodities	58.4	2.2	1.286	5.4	13.2	11.0	8.9
All items less food, energy, and mortgage interest cost [3]	62.0	1.4	.805	8.6	11.0	9.3	5.8

[1] Amount of overall percentage points increase attributable to each specific item

[2] See "Definitions" and "Notes" preceding tables 22-30 of Current Labor Statistics in this *Review*

[3] Not seasonally adjusted

*This table was taken from an article entitled "Inflation Cross-Currents: Energy, Food & Home Ownership," Monthly Labor Review, BLS, Dept. of Labor, June 1981, p. 15.

Published Monthly by the South Dakota Department of Labor

This publication was printed at a cost of 7.7 cents per copy and contains labor market information. Eight hundred copies were printed.

Increases in food costs slackened due to lower prices for meats and sugar because of large supplies. Prices of vegetables and peanut butter increased significantly.[2] Food and beverage costs rose 0.7 percent the first quarter of 1981.

Categorizing the CPI into food, energy, services and commodities shows graphically the impact of energy price rises. Energy cost increases contributed about half of the total increase in the CPI for first quarter 1981. Energy increases resulted in 1.135 of the 2.3 percent change as presented in Table A. Energy costs for consumers also showed an annual inflation rate of 49 percent; last quarter was 0.3 percent.

Gasoline and fuel oil accounted for much of the rise in energy prices. Imported crude oil prices increased during first quarter 1981 due to the uncertainty of future oil supplies when Iran and Iraq went to war. Decontrol of the prices on domestic crude oil in January also led to a rise in refined product prices.

As demand has decreased gasoline prices have been moderate in the second quarter of 1981. (See Transportation increases in Table Five on page 10). But an article in the July 16, 1981 Wall Street Journal says experts believe the oil glut may be ending and prices rising soon because of cuts in production by Libya, Algeria, Nigeria and Mexico.[3]

For more detailed information on the trends of each CPI category for first quarter 1981 read "Inflation Cross-Currents: Energy, Food, and Homeownership" in the June 1981 Monthly Labor Review published by the Bureau of Labor Statistics, Department of Labor. It is available at many public libraries.

LABOR FORCE

The South Dakota unemployment rate rose to 5.4% in June. That compared with 4.2% in May and 4.9% last year in June. This is a substantial increase, especially in light of the decline that was reported nationally from 7.6% in May to 7.3% in June. But it must be remembered that the South Dakota figure is not seasonally adjusted as the national figure is. A seasonally

labor force.

It should also be pointed out that there was some confusion nationally as to what the figures actually meant. Analysts for the Bureau of Labor Statistics said that the June decline was caused largely by a statistical quirk. In fact, they said, the growth in job opportunities appears to have come to a standstill. The problem was that the seasonal adjustment did not take into account the growing number of high schools and colleges that are closing in May rather than in June. Therefore the May surge in job seekers may have been overstated and the smaller June number understated.

Although the unemployment rate is the most widely observed measure of the labor force, it is not necessarily the most accurate. First of all, it is always an estimate; at the national level, at the state level and at the county level. And the smaller the area the less accurate the estimate is. Secondly, the concept of unemployment is fuzzier than that of employment. For example, there are thousands of people across the country today who do not have a job and who want a job. They are considered "discouraged workers" but are not even counted as part of the labor force, although they will look for work when more jobs become available.

NONAGRICULTURAL WAGE AND SALARY EMPLOYMENT

Being employed is an observable experience which is more concrete and easier to estimate than unemployment. At the state level, and especially at the county level, it is felt that nonfarm payroll employment is the most accurate labor statistic for South Dakota. The current estimate for this group of workers indicates a continuing softness in South Dakota's economy. The June figure of 239,400 represented a seasonal increase over the May figure of 236,200, but it was 3,300 jobs below the year-ago level of 242,700. The construction industry was again the biggest loser during the past year despite the hiring of over 800 pipeline workers. The June estimate of 10,500 construction jobs in the state compared with 9,800 in May and 11,900 in June 1980. Manufacturing was the only major industry with a significant employment increase. The June estimate of 26,700 was 3.1% higher than the May fig-

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[1] Callahan, David and Andrew Clem and John Wetmore. "Inflation Cross-Currents: Energy, Food and Homeownership," Monthly Labor Review, June 1981, p. 19.

[2] Ibid., p. 17.

[3] Ibrahim, Youssef. "Fuel Flip-Flop? Experts Say Oil Glut May Be Ending, Prices May Climb Again Soon," Wall Street Journal, July 16, 1981, p. 1, c. 6.

ure of 25,900 and 4.3% ahead of the year-ago figure of 25,600. A rise in apparel manufacturing employment accounted for most of this increase.

HOURS AND EARNINGS

The average manufacturing production worker in South Dakota worked 41.7 hours a week in June at $6.65 an hour for a gross weekly wage of $277.31. The average hours compared with 40.9 a year ago and the average hourly pay compared with $6.49.

SIOUX FALLS SMSA

June's unemployment rate in Sioux Falls was 5.6%, up 1.0 percentage points from May's rate, and also slightly higher than the statewide June rate of 5.4%. Total unemployment in June was 62,672, 2.7% higher than the year-ago figure of 61,036.

Wage and salary employment increased 270 during the month. The increase was generally spread throughout all industries. Since last year, wage and salary employment increased 0.8% in Sioux Falls. All industries except construction showed increases or very slight declines. Construction employment declined 15.6% to 2,320.

The average manufacturing production worker in Sioux Falls worked 45.9 hours in June at $8.10 an hour for a gross weekly wage of $371.79. The hours were up from 45.6 a year ago, but the hourly wage was down from $8.25.

RAPID CITY SMSA

The Rapid City SMSA unemployment rate rose to 6.0% in June. That compared with 5.1% in May and 5.5% one year ago. The total number of employed was 2,583 in June, up from 2,415 in June 1980. Total employment of 41,054 was slightly below the year ago figure of 41,381.

Wage and salary employment rose to 32,350 in June. That was 520 jobs ahead of the May figure but 540 below one year ago. Manufacturing employment was up 4.4% from one year ago at 3,100, but nonmanufacturing employment was down 2.2% at 29,250. Construction employment had the largest decline in employment of the nonmanufacturing industries during the past year. It dropped 14.5% (330 jobs) to 1,950. Government, services and transportation/utilities also posted declines in employment during the year.

The average manufacturing production worker in Rapid City worked 35.2 hours a week in June at $6.81 an hour for a gross weekly wage of $239.71.

JOB SERVICE ACTIVITY

South Dakota Job Service offices had 24,012 active work applicants on file at the end of June 1981. That number is an increase of 4.8% over the 22,910 active applicants on file one year ago. The following is an analysis of the characteristics of female applicants as a composite segment of the total current active applicants.

The 11,167 female applicants accounted for 46.3 percent of the total current applicants. The table that follows this article shows the horizontal distribution of the female applicants as compared to total applicants. A percentage figure greater than 46.3 percent indicates a larger composition than their male counterparts and, conversely, a lesser percentage figure shows the composition to be smaller. Extreme examples are the veteran and welfare classifications which show males predominating in the veteran category whereas females predominate in the welfare section.

This same table shows the vertical distribution of the various characteristics within the female classification only. Over three-fourths of the female active applicants are below 35 years of age. The educational attainment shows 68.9% to have a high school education or beyond. There were slightly more urban residents than rural. Nearly 25% of the female applicants show a minority background. Recent work experience was shown for 13.3% of the applicants as that percentage of the total female applicants were eligible for unemployment insurance benefits. Thirty-two and one half percent of the female applicants were classified as being economically disadvantaged with 20.6% receiving welfare benefits.

Counting only the experienced active applicants on record as of June 30, the total female applicant ratio to all applicants drops slightly to 46.0%. The female percentage of total applicants ranges from a high of 88.1% for clerical occupations to a low of 2.9% for structural occupations. Other occupations showing a high percentage of female applicants are food and beverage preparation, 73.9%; bench work, 67.6%; domestic, 61.0%; other service occupations, 60.7% & sales, 52.9%. In addition to structural occupations, other low female participating occupational categories include motor freight and transportation, 5.3%; machine trades, 5.4%; packaging and material handling, 8.5% & farming/fishery/forestry, 18.7%. The ratio for processing was 34.1% and professional/technical/managerial 44.8%.

Within female applicants only, 75.6% of those applicants showed a previous attachment to clerical/sales and service occupations. The present trend is for females to move out of the so-called female categorized occupations into higher paying diversified jobs. A movement is also underway to increase salaries for those female oriented occupations that require the same level of education or skill to the salary range of comparative male dominated occupations.

ACTIVE APPLICANTS
SOUTH DAKOTA JOB SERVICE
AS OF 6/30/81

	TOTAL	FEMALE	FEMALE DISTRIBUTION	
			VERTICAL	HORIZONTAL
Total	24,102	11,167	100.0	46.3
Age				
15-19 years	6,036	2,878	25.8	47.7
20-24	6,249	2,866	25.7	45.9
25-34	6,246	2,713	24.3	43.4
35-44	2,757	1,397	12.5	50.7
45-54	1,784	857	7.7	48.0
55 and over	1,030	456	4.1	44.3
Highest School Grade				
0-7	850	314	2.8	36.9
8-11	7,136	3,164	28.3	44.3
12	9,023	4,306	38.6	47.7
Over 12	7,093	3,383	30.3	47.7
Residence				
Urban	12,324	5,674	50.8	46.0
Rural	11,778	5,493	49.2	46.6
Race/Ethnic				
White (Not Hispanic)	18,537	8,606	77.1	46.4
Black (Not Hispanic)	138	36	0.3	26.1
Hispanic	109	38	0.3	34.9
American Indian	4,542	2,137	19.1	47.0
Asian & Pacific Islander	96	46	0.4	47.9
INA	680	304	2.7	44.7
Eligible for U.I. Benefits	3,693	1,485	13.3	40.2
Veteran	3,479	132	1.2	3.8
Handicapped	1,450	502	4.5	34.6
Physically Disabled	1,231	437	3.9	35.5
Mentally Retarded	71	26	0.2	36.6
Econ. Disadvantaged	5,883	3,634	32.5	61.8
Food Stamp Work Registrants	2,752	855	7.7	31.1
Welfare	2,539	2,298	20.6	90.5
Ceta Participant	1,303	738	6.6	56.6

TABLE 1

LABOR FORCE/EMPLOYMENT/UNEMPLOYMENT

	June 1981				June 1980			
	LABOR 1/ FORCE	EMPLOY-MENT	UNEMPLOY-MENT	RATE	LABOR 1/ FORCE	EMPLOY-MENT	UNEMPLOY-MENT	RATE
UNITED STATES	107,621,000	99,341,000	8,279,000	7.7 2/	106,067,000	97,776,000	8,291,000	7.8 2/
SOUTH DAKOTA	355,400	336,100	19,300	5.4	355,130	337,688	17,442	4.9
SIOUX FALLS SMSA	66,372	62,672	3,700	5.6	64,129	61,036	3,093	4.8
RAPID CITY SMSA	43,637	41,054	2,583	6.0	43,796	41,381	2,415	5.5
AURORA COUNTY	1,590	1,555	35	2.3	1,797	1,723	74	4.1
BEADLE COUNTY	10,442	10,025	417	4.0	10,941	10,503	438	4.0
BENNETT	1,380	1,275	105	7.7	1,387	1,273	114	8.2
BON HOMME	4,076	3,949	127	3.2	4,050	3,871	179	4.4
BROOKINGS	14,396	13,802	594	4.2	14,098	13,295	803	5.7
BROWN	19,348	18,284	1,064	5.5	20,963	19,903	1,060	5.1
BRULE	3,074	2,991	83	2.8	3,256	3,156	100	3.1
BUFFALO	579	457	122	21.1	625	535	90	14.4
BUTTE	4,635	4,385	250	5.4	4,200	4,109	91	2.2
CAMPBELL	876	827	49	5.6	969	930	39	4.0
CHARLES MIX	4,360	4,019	341	7.9	4,415	4,241	174	3.9
CLARK	1,935	1,884	51	2.7	2,219	2,036	183	8.2
CLAY	5,811	5,540	271	4.7	6,134	5,758	376	6.1
CODINGTON	9,519	8,921	598	6.3	10,524	9,905	619	5.9
CORSON	1,655	1,325	330	20.0	1,701	1,508	193	11.3
CUSTER	2,921	2,841	80	2.8	2,826	2,718	108	3.8
DAVISON	9,631	9,220	411	4.3	10,407	9,887	520	5.0
DAY	3,342	3,144	198	6.0	3,562	3,409	153	4.3
DEUEL	2,240	2,124	116	5.2	2,393	2,229	164	6.9
DEWEY	2,029	1,697	332	16.4	2,320	2,105	215	9.3
DOUGLAS	2,223	2,141	82	3.7	2,106	2,060	46	2.2
EDMUNDS	2,192	2,117	75	3.5	2,279	2,205	74	3.2
FALL RIVER	4,121	3,927	194	4.8	4,152	3,891	261	6.3
FAULK	1,634	1,583	51	3.2	1,629	1,573	56	3.4

1/ Labor force estimates include employed and unemployed civilians 16 years old and older by place of residence.

2/ The seasonally adjusted rates which were announced by the national government were 7.3 and 7.5. The data in this table are not seasonally adjusted.

	June 1981				June 1980			
	LABOR FORCE	EMPLOY-MENT	UNEMPLOY-MENT	RATE	LABOR FORCE	EMPLOY-MENT	UNEMPLOY-MENT	RATE
GRANT	4,618	4,414	204	4.5	4,582	4,411	171	3.7
GREGORY	2,643	2,550	93	3.6	2,795	2,721	74	2.6
HAAKON	1,644	1,622	22	1.4	1,567	1,523	44	2.8
HAMLIN	2,648	2,590	58	2.2	2,353	2,294	59	2.5
HAND	2,467	2,386	81	3.3	2,475	2,434	41	1.7
HANSON	1,365	1,289	76	5.6	1,327	1,264	63	4.7
HARDING	856	848	8	1.0	793	782	11	1.4
HUGHES	8,144	7,748	396	4.9	8,402	8,086	316	3.8
HUTCHINSON	4,517	4,325	192	4.3	4,655	4,560	95	2.0
HYDE	879	835	44	5.1	986	957	29	2.9
JACKSON	1,126	1,047	79	7.1	1,192	1,118	74	6.2
JERAULD	1,311	1,288	23	1.8	1,429	1,396	33	2.3
JONES	817	791	26	3.2	808	787	21	2.6
KINGSBURY	4,871	4,803	68	1.4	3,730	3,665	65	1.7
LAKE	5,666	5,359	307	5.5	5,970	5,616	354	5.9
LAWRENCE	9,467	9,091	376	4.0	9,652	9,054	598	6.2
LINCOLN	9,433	9,049	384	4.1	6,887	6,591	296	4.3
LYMAN	1,383	1,277	106	7.7	1,713	1,607	106	6.2
MCCOOK	3,032	2,762	270	9.0	2,835	2,645	190	6.7
MCPHERSON	1,775	1,688	87	5.0	2,022	1,942	80	4.0
MARSHALL	2,062	1,946	116	5.7	2,267	2,177	90	4.0
MEADE	9,242	8,881	361	3.9	9,331	8,952	379	4.1
MELLETTE	808	724	84	10.4	947	826	121	12.8
MINER	2,074	1,967	107	5.2	1,975	1,916	59	3.0
MINNEHAHA	66,372	62,672	3,700	5.6	64,129	61,036	3,093	4.8
MOODY	4,350	4,188	162	3.8	3,594	3,509	85	2.4
PENNINGTON	34,395	32,173	2,222	6.5	34,465	32,429	2,036	5.9
PERKINS	2,271	2,180	91	4.1	2,487	2,416	71	2.9
POTTER	2,182	2,080	102	4.7	2,221	2,103	118	5.3
ROBERTS	4,659	4,303	356	7.7	4,908	4,603	305	6.2
SANBORN	1,439	1,383	56	3.9	1,537	1,488	49	3.2
SHANNON	3,242	2,452	790	24.4	3,266	2,830	436	13.3
SPINK	4,158	4,047	111	2.7	4,255	4,175	80	1.9
STANLEY	1,769	1,677	92	5.3	1,407	1,344	63	4.5
SULLY	757	726	31	4.1	874	836	38	4.3
TODD	1,912	1,531	381	20.0	2,304	2,034	270	11.7
TRIPP	3,178	3,052	126	4.0	3,607	3,502	105	2.9
TURNER	5,617	5,451	166	3.0	4,468	4,364	104	2.3
UNION	8,242	7,842	400	4.9	6,578	6,230	348	5.3
WALWORTH	3,446	3,144	302	8.8	3,628	3,422	206	5.7
YANKTON	9,408	8,881	527	5.7	10,610	10,174	436	4.1
ZIEBACH	1,157	1,000	157	13.6	1,150	1,046	104	9.0

TABLE 2

SOUTH DAKOTA NONAGRICULTURAL WAGE AND SALARY EMPLOYMENT*
(in thousands)

	June 1981	May 1981	June 1980	PERCENT CHANGE FROM LAST MONTH	PERCENT CHANGE FROM LAST YEAR
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL	239.4	236.2	242.7	1.4	-1.4
MANUFACTURING	26.7	25.9	25.6	3.1	4.3
DURABLE GOODS	13.5	13.0	12.9	3.8	4.7
LUMBER & FURNITURE	1.1	1.1	1.1	0.0	0.0
FABRICATED METALS & MACHINERY	8.7	8.5	8.5	2.4	2.4
OTHER DURABLE GOODS	3.7	3.4	3.3	8.8	12.1
NONDURABLE GOODS	13.2	12.9	12.7	2.3	3.9
FOOD & KINDRED PRODUCTS	7.5	7.4	7.7	1.4	-2.6
PAPER, PRINTING & PUBLISHING	2.4	2.4	2.4	0.0	0.0
OTHER NONDURABLE GOODS	3.3	3.1	2.6	6.5	26.9
NONMANUFACTURING	212.7	210.3	217.1	1.1	-2.0
MINING	2.8	2.8	2.9	0.0	-3.4
CONSTRUCTION	10.5	9.8	11.9	7.1	-11.8
TRANSPORTATION & PUBLIC UTILITIES	13.3	13.3	13.5	0.0	-1.5
RAILROADS	1.2	1.2	1.2	0.0	0.0
OTHER TRANSPORTATION	6.3	6.4	6.4	-1.6	-1.6
COMMUNICATIONS & PUBLIC UTILITIES	5.8	5.7	5.9	1.8	-1.7
TRADE	63.5	63.1	65.6	0.6	-3.2
WHOLESALE TRADE	17.1	17.0	17.6	0.6	-2.8
DURABLE GOODS	7.7	7.7	8.1	0.0	-4.9
NONDURABLE GOODS	9.4	9.3	9.5	1.1	-1.1
RETAIL TRADE	46.4	46.1	48.0	0.7	-3.3
FINANCE, INSURANCE & REAL ESTATE	11.3	11.2	11.2	0.9	0.9
SERVICES	51.0	50.7	51.9	0.6	-1.7
HOTELS, AMUSE., PERS. & BUSINESS	13.7	12.7	14.3	7.8	-4.2
MEDICAL AND HEALTH	21.3	21.0	20.0	1.4	6.5
EDUCATIONAL, MEMBERSHIP & SOCIAL	13.3	14.4	14.7	-7.6	-9.5
OTHER	2.7	2.6	2.9	3.8	-6.9
GOVERNMENT	60.3	59.4	60.1	1.5	0.3
FEDERAL	10.7	10.5	10.9	1.9	-1.8
STATE	16.8	16.6	16.5	1.2	1.8
STATE EDUCATION	6.5	8.0	6.4	-18.8	1.6
OTHER	10.3	8.6	10.1	19.8	2.0
LOCAL	32.8	32.3	32.7	1.5	0.3
LOCAL EDUCATION	18.2	19.0	18.0	-4.2	1.1
OTHER LOCAL	14.6	13.3	14.7	9.8	-0.7

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*THIS CATEGORY INCLUDES FULL AND PART-TIME WORKERS ON THE PAYROLLS OF NONAGRICULTURAL ESTABLISHMENTS FOR THE WEEK INCLUDING THE 12TH OF THE MONTH.

TABLE 3

SIOUX FALLS AND RAPID CITY NONAGRICULTURAL WAGE AND SALARY EMPLOYMENT

	June 1981	May 1981	June 1980	PERCENT CHANGE FROM LAST MONTH	PERCENT CHANGE FROM LAST YEAR
SIOUX FALLS SMSA (MINNEHAHA COUNTY)					
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL	54,790	54,520	54,380	0.5	0.8
MANUFACTURING	8,190	8,100	7,630	1.1	7.3
DURABLE GOODS	2,340	2,280	2,150	2.6	8.8
NONDURABLE GOODS	5,850	5,820	5,480	0.5	6.8
FOOD & KINDRED PRODUCTS	4,310	4,300	4,120	0.2	4.6
NONMANUFACTURING	46,600	46,420	46,750	0.4	-0.3
CONSTRUCTION AND MINING	2,320	2,170	2,750	6.9	-15.6
TRANSPORTATION & PUBLIC UTILITIES	4,860	4,940	4,900	-1.6	-0.8
TRADE	15,920	15,870	15,990	0.3	-0.4
WHOLESALE TRADE	4,830	4,710	5,010	2.5	-3.6
RETAIL TRADE	11,090	11,160	10,980	-0.6	1.0
FINANCE, INSURANCE & REAL ESTATE	3,390	3,340	3,340	1.5	1.5
SERVICES	13,160	13,320	12,600	-1.2	4.4
GOVERNMENT	6,950	6,780	7,170	2.5	-3.1
RAPID CITY SMSA (PENNINGTON & MEADE COUNTY)					
TOTAL NONAGRICULTURAL	32,350	31,830	32,890	1.6	-1.6
MANUFACTURING	3,100	3,100	2,970	0.0	4.4
DURABLE GOODS	2,180	2,180	2,030	0.0	7.4
NONDURABLE GOODS	920	920	940	0.0	-2.1
NONMANUFACTURING	29,250	28,730	29,920	1.8	-2.2
CONSTRUCTION AND MINING	1,950	1,750	2,280	11.4	-14.5
TRANSPORTATION & PUBLIC UTILITIES	1,880	1,880	1,920	0.0	-2.1
TRADE	9,850	9,140	9,530	7.8	3.4
WHOLESALE TRADE	1,750	1,680	1,690	4.2	3.6
RETAIL TRADE	8,100	7,460	7,840	8.6	3.3
FINANCE, INSURANCE & REAL ESTATE	1,560	1,560	1,530	0.0	2.0
SERVICES	7,180	7,040	7,400	2.0	-3.0
GOVERNMENT	6,830	7,360	7,260	-7.2	-5.9

TABLE 4

HOURS AND EARNINGS OF PRODUCTION WORKERS*

	AVERAGE WEEKLY EARNINGS			AVERAGE WEEKLY HOURS			AVERAGE HOURLY EARNINGS		
	June 1981	May 1981	June 1980	June 1981	May 1981	June 1980	June 1981	May 1981	June 1980
SOUTH DAKOTA STATEWIDE									
MANUFACTURING..................	277.31	284.60	265.49	41.7	41.2	40.9	6.65	6.91	6.49
DURABLE GOODS..................	253.97	261.06	226.55	40.7	40.6	39.4	6.24	6.43	5.75
LUMBER & FURNITURE..............	261.02	252.86	242.57	41.3	40.2	39.7	6.32	6.29	6.11
FABRICATED METALS AND MACH......	252.63	259.67	220.79	40.1	40.7	38.6	6.30	6.38	5.72
NONDURABLE GOODS................	301.74	308.38	304.01	42.8	41.9	42.4	7.05	7.36	7.17
FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS......	365.12	374.98	368.55	44.8	43.2	45.5	8.15	8.60	8.10
PAPER, PRINTING, & PUBLISHING..	242.85	227.84	214.17	36.3	35.6	35.4	6.69	6.40	6.05
SIOUX FALLS SMSA									
MANUFACTURING..................	371.79	392.37	376.20	45.9	45.1	45.6	8.10	8.70	8.25
DURABLE GOODS..................	275.40	300.12	261.14	40.5	41.8	40.3	6.80	7.18	6.48
NONDURABLE GOODS................	391.98	411.28	402.01	47.0	45.8	46.8	8.34	8.98	8.59
RAPID CITY SMSA									
MANUFACTURING..................	239.71	240.46	195.89	35.2	34.4	31.8	6.81	6.99	6.16

*AVERAGE HOURS AND EARNINGS DATA ARE DERIVED FROM REPORTS OF PAYROLLS AND HOURS FOR PRODUCTION AND RELATED WORKERS

TABLE 5

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX
ALL URBAN CONSUMERS

1967=100	May 1981	Apr. 1981	May 1980	PERCENT CHANGE FROM LAST MONTH	PERCENT CHANGE FROM LAST YEAR
ALL ITEMS...........................	269.0	266.8	244.9	0.8	9.8
FOOD & BEVERAGES....................	265.4	265.7	244.1	-0.1	8.7
HOUSING.............................	288.5	284.8	261.7	1.3	10.2
APPAREL.............................	186.4	186.4	177.5	0.0	5.0
TRANSPORTATION......................	277.8	275.3	249.0	0.9	11.6
MEDICAL CARE........................	289.0	287.0	263.4	0.7	9.7
ENTERTAINMENT.......................	220.3	219.2	204.0	0.5	8.0

TABLE 6

LABOR TURNOVER RATES
(per 100 employees)

ACCESSION RATES

	TOTAL			NEW HIRES			RECALLS		
	June 1981	May 1981	June 1980	June 1981	May 1981	June 1980	June 1981	May 1981	June 1980
STATEWIDE									
MANUFACTURING.........	3.4	3.9	2.6	2.4	3.0	1.5	0.6	0.6	0.9
DURABLE GOODS.......	3.4	4.7	2.4	2.8	3.9	1.3	0.2	0.4	0.9
NONDURABLE GOODS....	3.4	3.1	2.7	1.9	2.1	1.8	1.1	0.9	0.9
MINING...............	5.0	3.2	4.8	4.3	2.6	3.3	0.6	0.6	1.5
SIOUX FALLS SMSA									
MANUFACTURING.........	3.8	1.8	3.3	1.7	1.3	1.2	2.1	0.4	2.1

SEPARATION RATES

	TOTAL			QUITS			LAYOFFS		
	June 1981	May 1981	June 1980	June 1981	May 1981	June 1980	June 1981	May 1981	June 1980
STATEWIDE									
MANUFACTURING.........	3.1	3.0	3.3	1.3	1.4	1.3	1.0	0.8	1.4
DURABLE GOODS.......	2.5	3.2	4.6	1.3	1.6	1.5	0.4	0.6	2.0
NONDURABLE GOODS....	3.8	2.9	2.2	1.4	1.2	1.1	1.7	1.1	0.8
MINING...............	1.6	1.4	2.2	0.8	0.4	1.2	0.4	0.1	0.4
SIOUX FALLS SMSA									
MANUFACTURING.........	4.5	3.9	2.2	0.9	0.8	0.7	3.2	2.6	1.3

TABLE 7

CHARACTERISTICS OF THE INSURED UNEMPLOYED - STATEWIDE

	NUMBER			PERCENT		
	June 81	May 81	June 80	June 81	May 81	June 80
SEX, TOTAL......................	3,408	3,163	4,422	100.0	100.0	100.0
MALE........................	2,020	2,166	2,720	59.3	68.5	61.5
FEMALE......................	1,388	997	1,702	40.7	31.5	38.5
RACE, TOTAL.....................	3,408	3,163	4,422	100.0	100.0	100.0
WHITE.......................	2,538	2,469	3,706	74.5	78.1	83.8
NONWHITE....................	870	694	716	25.5	21.9	16.2
AGE, TOTAL......................	3,408	3,163	4,422	100.0	100.0	100.0
UNDER 45....................	2,537	2,435	3,380	74.4	77.0	76.4
OVER 45.....................	871	728	1,042	25.6	23.0	23.6
INDUSTRY, TOTAL.................	3,408	3,163	4,422	100.0	100.0	100.0
MINING......................	37	43	48	1.1	1.4	1.1
CONSTRUCTION................	822	1,038	882	24.1	32.8	20.0
MANUFACTURING...............	517	480	1,169	15.2	15.2	26.4
TRANSPORTATION & P.U.........	124	137	208	3.6	4.3	4.7
TRADE.......................	780	684	1,014	22.9	21.6	22.9
FINANCE, INS. & R.E..........	75	66	80	2.2	2.1	1.8
SERVICES....................	784	565	719	23.0	17.9	16.3
GOVERNMENT..................	269	150	302	7.9	4.7	6.8
OCCUPATION, TOTAL...............	3,408	3,163	4,422	100.0	100.0	100.0
PROF. & MANAGERIAL..........	460	345	483	13.5	10.9	10.9
CLERICAL & SALES............	673	517	776	19.8	16.3	17.5
SERVICES....................	586	409	496	17.2	12.9	11.2
PROCESSING..................	52	49	193	1.5	1.6	4.4
MACHINE TRADE...............	167	155	260	4.9	4.9	5.9
BENCHWORK...................	183	187	357	5.4	5.9	8.1
STRUCTURAL WORK.............	989	1,167	1,345	29.0	36.9	30.4
OTHER.......................	298	334	512	8.7	10.6	11.6
DURATION OF CURRENT SPELL OF UNEMPLOYMENT-TOTAL..........	3,408	3,163	4,422	100.0	100.0	100.0
1-2 WEEKS...................	674	412	899	19.8	13.0	20.3
3-4 WEEKS...................	509	337	667	14.9	10.7	15.1
5-14 WEEKS..................	1,253	1,237	1,881	36.8	39.1	42.5
15 WEEKS & OVER.............	972	1,177	975	28.5	37.2	22.1

TABLE 8

SELECTED LABOR DEPARTMENT ACTIVITIES--STATEWIDE

	June	May	June	PERCENT CHANGE FROM	
JOB SERVICE	1981	1981	1980	LAST MONTH	LAST YEAR
NEW JOB APPLICANTS........................	4,971	4,195	5,833	+18.5	-14.8
NEW JOB APPLICANTS OCT. 1 TO DATE........	34,446	29,475	37,671	+16.9	-8.6
NONAGRICULTURAL JOB OPENINGS.............	5,887	3,612	6,993	+63.0	-15.8
JOB PLACEMENTS OCT. 1, TO DATE...........	29,241	23,752	38,902	+23.1	-24.8
NONAGRICULTURAL.........................	28,204	22,810	37,816	+23.6	-25.4
AGRICULTURAL............................	1,037	942	1,086	+10.1	-4.5
APPLICANTS AVAILABLE OCT. 1 TO DATE......	69,117	62,639	69,278	+10.3	-0.2
INDIVIDUALS PLACED OCT. 1 TO DATE........	19,217	15,582	23,729	+23.3	-19.0
UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE					
STATE PROGRAM					
INITIAL CLAIMS MONTHLY TOTAL...........	2,057	1,857	2,655	+10.8	-22.5
WEEKS CLAIMED MONTHLY TOTAL............	13,207	12,965	17,443	+1.9	-24.3
INITIAL CLAIMS OCT. 1 TO DATE..........	25,402	23,345	25,336	+8.8	+0.3
WEEKS CLAIMED OCT. 1 TO DATE...........	185,364	172,157	149,580	+7.7	+23.9
AMOUNT OF BENEFIT PAYMENTS.............	$1,123,190	$1,163,693	$1,317,713	-3.5	-14.8
AVERAGE WEEKLY BENEFIT AMOUNT..........	$109.53	$110.69	$100.54	-1.0	+8.9
BENEFIT PAYMENTS OCT. 1 TO DATE........	$15,476,867	$14,353,677	$11,839,938	+7.8	+30.7
UNEMPLOYMENT TRUST FUND (IN ooo's).....	$7,721.8	$8,233.7	$12,884.6	-6.1	-40.1
FEDERAL PROGRAM					
INITIAL CLAIMS OCT. 1 TO DATE..........	1,339	1,156	1,377	+15.8	-2.8
WEEKS CLAIMED OCT. 1 TO DATE...........	8,459	7,756	6,781	+9.1	+24.7
BENEFIT PAYMENTS OCT. 1 TO DATE........	$914,324	$847,785	$679,517	+7.8	+34.6

TABLE 9
JOB OPENINGS RECEIVED AND FILLED BY AVERAGE WAGE FOR MAJOR OCCUPATIONAL GROUP*

OCCUPATIONAL GROUP	OPENINGS RECEIVED	PERCENT	OPENINGS FILLED	PERCENT	PERCENT FILLED TO OPENINGS	AVERAGE WAGE PLACED
SOUTH DAKOTA STATEWIDE	33,776	100.0	29,241	100.0	86.6	3.66
PROFESSIONAL/TECH./MANAGERIAL............	3,323	9.9	1,601	5.5	48.2	5.63
CLERICAL..................................	4,623	13.7	3,868	13.2	83.7	3.52
SALES.....................................	1,826	5.4	1,371	4.7	75.1	3.61
DOMESTIC..................................	5,236	15.5	5,172	17.7	98.8	2.83
OTHER SERVICES............................	6,246	18.5	5,469	18.7	87.6	3.22
FARMING/FISHERY/FORESTRY..................	2,787	8.3	2,617	8.9	93.9	3.51
PROCESSING................................	348	1.0	370	1.3	106.3	4.01
MACHINE TRADES............................	619	1.8	469	1.6	75.8	4.23
BENCHWORK.................................	836	2.5	786	2.7	94.0	3.59
STRUCTURAL................................	2,678	7.9	2,486	8.5	92.8	4.28
MOTOR FREIGHT/TRANSPORTATION..............	1,160	3.4	1,023	3.5	88.2	4.74
PACKAGING & MATERIALS HANDLING............	3,785	11.2	3,711	12.7	98.0	4.11
OTHER.....................................	309	0.9	298	1.0	96.4	3.87
SIOUX FALLS SMSA	4,836	100.0	3,948	100.0	81.6	3.64
PROFESSIONAL/TECH./MANAGERIAL............	310	6.4	153	3.9	49.4	4.69
CLERICAL..................................	984	20.3	715	18.1	72.7	3.59
SALES.....................................	496	10.3	333	8.4	67.1	3.51
DOMESTIC..................................	615	12.7	596	15.1	96.9	2.61
OTHER SERVICES............................	870	18.0	703	17.8	80.8	3.30
FARMING/FISHERY/FORESTRY..................	126	2.6	118	3.0	93.7	3.29
PROCESSING................................	21	0.4	18	0.5	85.7	5.21
MACHINE TRADES............................	91	1.9	67	1.7	73.6	4.21
BENCHWORK.................................	103	2.1	100	2.5	97.1	3.64
STRUCTURAL................................	356	7.4	328	8.3	92.1	4.75
MOTOR FREIGHT/TRANSPORTATION..............	300	6.2	274	6.9	91.3	4.44
PACKAGING & MATERIALS HANDLING............	484	10.0	466	11.8	96.3	3.98
OTHER.....................................	80	1.7	77	2.0	96.3	3.72
RAPID CITY SMSA	5,966	100.0	5,183	100.0	86.9	3.62
PROFESSIONAL/TECH./MANAGERIAL............	387	6.5	224	4.3	57.9	4.60
CLERICAL..................................	812	13.6	692	13.4	85.2	3.41
SALES.....................................	432	7.2	336	6.5	77.8	3.74
DOMESTIC..................................	761	12.8	760	14.7	99.9	2.72
OTHER SERVICES............................	1,383	23.2	1,117	21.5	80.8	3.21
FARMING/FISHERY/FORESTRY..................	198	3.3	191	3.7	96.5	3.77
PROCESSING................................	22	0.4	20	0.4	90.9	4.13
MACHINE TRADES............................	100	1.7	69	1.3	69.0	4.56
BENCHWORK.................................	138	2.3	132	2.5	95.7	3.65
STRUCTURAL................................	461	7.7	416	8.0	90.2	4.59
MOTOR FREIGHT/TRANSPORTATION..............	327	5.5	304	5.9	93.0	4.61
PACKAGING & MATERIALS HANDLING............	879	14.7	861	16.6	98.0	3.87
OTHER..	66	1.1	61	1.2	92.4	3.95

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*ALL FIGURES ARE CUMULATIVE FOR THE PERIOD 10-1-80/6-30-81. Openings filled may include orders from prior fiscal year resulting in a figure greater than 100.0 percent filled to openings.

South Dakota
Labor Bulletin

Compiled August 26, 1981 REPORT FOR JULY 1981

SOUTH DAKOTA WAGE SURVEY FOR JUNE 1981 RELEASED

The Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS) has completed a June 1981 wage survey of occupations common to a variety of industries in South Dakota. Hourly earnings data for various office and plant workers is reprinted, with the permission of BLS, on page 3.

To get the best indication of the wage being paid for a particular occupation one may look at the hourly earnings received by the largest numbers of workers in that occupation. This and the column showing the middle range paid may provide more specific information than the mean and median figures.

The 1981 survey covered 100 establishments each employing 50 or more workers for a total sample of 22,188 workers. The sample represents a universe of 326 firms employing 43,473 workers in manufacturing; transportation, communication, and other public utilities; wholesale trade; retail trade; finance, insurance and real estate; and selected services.

"Designations for all multilevel occupations have been changed from alphabetic to numberic, e.g., in a 3-level occupation, I is the lowest level and III is the highest; in the past, C was the lowest level and A the highest."[1]

This is the last Area Wage Survey that will be conducted for the Employment Standards Administration of the U. S. Department of Labor according to the BLS Regional Commissioner Elliott Browar. He says the survey will be dropped because of budget cuts.

LABOR FORCE

Following the national trend, unemployment in South Dakota dropped more than expected in July. The estimated rate of 4.8% compared with 5.4% in June and 5.0% one year ago. The total number of unemployed was 16,845 compared with 17,692 last year. The decline probably means that many of the students who were looking for work in June found jobs in July.

Over the past year the estimate of total employment (which includes payroll employment, ag employment and self-employed people) rose slightly, by about 1,100, to 337,275. Although it was ahead of the 1980 July figure, it was below the 1979 and 1978 figures of 345,592 and 338,121.

NONAGRICULTURAL WAGE AND SALARY EMPLOYMENT

Nonfarm payroll employment dropped by about 1,700 jobs during the past year. A gain of 1,000 jobs in the manufacturing sector was more than offset by losses among the nonmanufacturing industries. Despite a slight seasonal increase from June to July, construction employment was 11.5% below the year ago level. The July figure was 10,800 compared with 10,600 in June and 12,200 in July 1980. Trade employment was 3.2% below a year ago at 63,500 and mining employment was unchanged at 2,900. Finance/Insurance/Real Estate, services, and government all had moderate increases of less than 1.0% during the past year.

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[1] Area Wage Survey South Dakota Summary, U.S. Department of Labor, BLS, June 1981.

Published Monthly by the South Dakota Department of Labor

This publication was printed at a cost of 7.7 cents per copy and contains labor market information. Eight hundred copies were printed.

HOURS AND EARNINGS

The average manufacturing production worker in South Dakota worked 41.1 hours a week in July at $6.93 and hour for a gross weekly wage of $284.82. The hours worked was up from 39.4 one year ago and the hourly rate was $.17 higher than last year. The best paid group of workers was in the food and kindred products manufacturing sector. They averaged $389.84 a week in July.

The average manufacturing production worker in Sioux Falls worked 47.1 hours a week in July at $8.63 an hour for a gross weekly wage of $406.47. The hours figure compared with 44.7 one year ago and the hourly rate compared with $8.46.

SIOUX FALLS SMSA

The Sioux Falls unemployment rate was 5.0% in July compared with 4.9% one year earlier. Total unemployment was practically unchanged from a year earlier at 3,164, but a slight drop in the number of employed (60,701 to 60,582) caused the 0.1% rise in the unemployment rate.

Total nonagricultural wage and salary employment in Sioux Falls dropped to 53,650 in July from 54,800 in June. This was primarily a result of the seasonal drop in local education employment. The July figure was higher than the year-ago figure of 53,350, however. Manufacturing employment increased 4.8% over the past year from 7,740 to 8,110 while the nonmanufacturing total dropped slightly from 45,610 to 45,540. Among the major nonmanufacturing industries, construction, trade and government showed employment declines during the past year. Construction was the biggest loser with a drop in employment of 10.3% from 2,730 to 2,450. Services and finance/insurance/real estate had employment increases of 4.8% and 1.8% respectively.

RAPID CITY SMSA

Unemployment in the Rapid City SMSA declined during the past year. The July 1981 rate of 4.5% compared with 5.0% in July 1980. The total number of unemployed dropped from 2,194 to 1,927 while total employment was unchanged at 41,385.

Total nonagricultural wage and salary employment showed a modest increase last month. The July figure of 32,770 was up 1.0% from the June figure of 32,430 and 1.5% from the year-ago figure of 32,300. Construction was again the big loser in employment over the past year. It was down 16.2% at 1,920 in July. Transportation and public utilities was off 3.1% at 1,880 and services declined 1.9% to 7,340. Trade employment posted a healthy 6.7% increase over the past year growing to 10,210.

The average manufacturing production worker in Rapid City worked 35.7 hours a week in July at $7.08 an hour for a gross weekly wage of $252.76.

HOURLY EARNINGS[1] OF SELECTED OCCUPATIONS IN SOUTH DAKOTA, JUNE 1981

	Number of Workers			Hourly Earnings (all workers)			Number of workers receiving straight-time hourly earnings (in dollars) of-																			
	All	Men	Women	Mean	Median	Middle Range	3.25 and Under 3.50	3.50 - 3.75	3.75 - 4.00	4.00 - 4.25	4.25 - 4.50	4.50 - 4.75	4.75 - 5.00	5.00 - 5.50	5.50 - 6.00	6.00 - 6.50	6.50 - 7.00	7.00 - 7.50	7.50 - 8.00	8.00 - 8.50	8.50 - 9.00	9.00 - 9.50	9.50 - 10.00	10.00 - 10.50	10.50 - 11.00	11.00 and Over
Secretaries	125	-	125	5.50	5.20	4.75- 6.25	-	1	3	13	10	3	19	17	10	22	15	4	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Secretaries I	9	-	9	5.63	6.00	- -	-	-	1	-	-	2	-	-	-	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Secretaries II	55	-	55	5.31	5.14	4.75- 6.01	-	-	-	9	3	-	10	16	1	6	8	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Secretaries III	23	-	23	5.83	5.85	4.30- 7.50	-	1	1	3	3	-	-	-	4	1	3	-	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Secretaries IV	19	-	19	5.31	4.97	4.88- 6.25	-	-	1	1	1	-	8	1	-	6	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Secretaries V	19	-	19	5.81	5.87	5.37- 6.06	-	-	-	-	3	1	1	-	5	6	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Stenographers	78	-	78	4.99	4.56	3.92- 5.30	5	5	10	5	10	10	4	11	7	-	-	7	-	1	2	-	1	-	-	-
Stenographers I	59	-	59	4.52	4.46	3.85- 4.56	5	5	10	5	10	10	4	6	1	-	-	-	-	1	2	-	-	-	-	-
Stenographers II	19	-	19	6.43	5.80	5.42- 7.49	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	6	-	-	7	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-
Typists	113	1	112	4.98	4.45	3.75- 5.88	6	15	15	14	7	1	17	6	4	9	1	13	1	1	3	-	-	-	-	-
Typists I	87	1	86	4.61	4.15	3.75- 4.99	6	15	15	14	7	1	10	3	1	8	1	3	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-
Typists II	24	-	24	6.22	6.40	4.99- 7.11	-	-	-	-	-	-	7	3	2	-	-	10	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
File Clerks	73	-	73	3.96	3.83	3.35- 4.08	20	11	18	16	3	-	-	-	-	3	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
File Clerks I	35	-	35	3.64	3.70	3.35- 3.84	14	6	12	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
File Clerks II	33	-	33	3.88	3.88	3.57- 4.16	6	5	6	13	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Switchboard Operators	38	-	38	4.82	4.32	3.94- 5.47	4	5	1	9	4	3	-	5	-	3	-	-	1	-	3	-	-	-	-	-
Key Entry Operators	166	1	165	5.25	4.60	4.13- 5.45	-	6	23	16	26	17	18	19	9	1	-	6	-	3	21	1	-	-	-	-
Key Entry Operators I	127	1	126	4.58	4.38	4.00- 4.88	-	6	23	15	26	17	12	18	4	-	-	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Key Entry Operators II	39	-	39	7.44	8.75	5.50- 8.75	-	-	-	1	-	-	6	1	5	1	-	-	-	3	21	1	-	-	-	-
Computer Operators	76	35	41	6.01	5.50	4.86- 7.15	-	-	-	5	4	5	11	12	7	7	4	6	8	-	-	7	-	-	-	-
Computer Operators I	20	5	15	5.08	4.85	4.21- 5.50	-	-	-	5	3	1	3	2	3	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Computer Operators II	49	23	26	6.21	5.81	4.99- 7.38	-	-	-	-	1	4	8	10	4	6	2	2	5	-	-	7	-	-	-	-
Drafters	78	64	14	6.45	5.95	5.51- 7.00	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	16	23	12	4	9	3	3	1	-	6	-	-	-
Drafters I	8	4	4	6.15	6.06	- -	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	2	1	1	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Drafters II	19	16	3	5.79	5.55	5.33- 5.63	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7	9	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Drafters III	34	27	7	6.07	6.08	5.57- 6.35	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	10	10	4	3	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
Electronics Technicians	170	155	15	7.99	7.46	7.20- 8.61	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	8	7	76	14	6	20	5	9	11	2	7
Electronics Technicians I	75	70	5	7.08	7.20	7.03- 7.20	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	8	4	48	2	-	8	-	-	-	-	-
Electronics Technicians III	38	36	2	9.57	9.70	8.93-10.38	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	2	8	5	9	11	2	-
Maintenance Machinists	67	67	-	9.60	9.95	9.05-11.07	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	7	4	1	-	-	-	12	12	-	-	30[2]
Maintenance Mechanics (Mach)	200	200	-	8.02	7.81	7.14- 9.50	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8	4	8	26	44	18	34	-	-	44	7	7	-
Maintenance Mechanics (Motor Vehicles)	97	97	-	8.91	7.62	7.60-11.07	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7	-	3	5	4	31	1	8	1	12	-	-	25[3]
Tool and Die Makers	32	32	-	7.62	7.45	7.20- 7.65	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	4	15	6	-	-	6	-	-	-	-
Stationary Engineers	29	29	-	8.61	7.60	7.60-11.12	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	4	-	1	12	-	-	-	-	2	-	9[4]
Truckdrivers	282	273	9	7.84	7.57	5.25-10.00	6	8	-	7	1	5	4	63	17	6	3	21	39	7	20	4	-	8	-	63
Truckdrivers, Light Truck	33	25	8	4.73	4.60	3.65- 5.89	6	8	-	-	1	4	-	-	8	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Truckdrivers, Medium Truck	89	88	1	9.53	12.74	5.40-12.74	-	-	-	6	-	-	4	17	17	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	8	-	46
Truckdrivers, Heavy Truck	84	84	-	6.60	7.00	5.00- 8.35	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	36	-	-	-	20	3	4	20	-	-	-	-	-
Truckdrivers, Tractor-Trailer	75	75	-	8.64	7.73	7.73- 9.33	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10	2	3	-	-	36	3	-	4	-	-	-	17
Heavy Equipment Operators	29	29	-	8.69	8.16	7.65- 9.54	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	9	7	1	1	4	2	-	3[6]
Shipping Packers	132	54	72	5.27	5.33	4.09- 6.13	-	3	26	8	-	3	14	28	14	10	21	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Material Handling Laborers	271	262	9	7.20	6.39	4.65- 9.82	-	1	12	12	34	15	6	15	15	29	24	1	12	15	-	6	6	38	-	30[7]
Forklift Operators	88	82	6	6.38	5.85	4.90- 6.33	-	-	1	-	7	10	9	6	15	19	3	-	-	-	-	-	2	16	-	-
Guards	31	31	-	6.85	6.38	4.38-10.12	-	5	-	3	-	-	6	1	-	1	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	12	-	-
Guards I	29	29	-	6.61	5.10	4.00-10.12	-	5	-	3	-	-	6	1	-	1	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	10	-	-
Janitors, Porters, Cleaners	344	279	65	5.01	4.67	3.90- 5.70	36	17	48	28	23	23	23	32	53	18	3	18	10	-	-	-	-	12	-	-

[1] Excludes premium pay for overtime and for work on weekends, holidays, and late shifts. Incentive payments, such as those resulting from piecework, production bonuses, and commission systems, are included in the wages reported; non-production bonuses are excluded. Cost-of-living allowances are considered as part of the workers' regular pay. Hourly earnings reported for salaried workers are derived from regular salaries divided by the corresponding standard hours of work. The wages of learners, apprentices, and handicapped workers are excluded. The mean is computed for each job by totaling the earnings of all workers and dividing by the number of workers. The median designates position-half of the workers receive the same or more and half receive the same or less than the rate shown. The middle range is defined by two rates of pay; a fourth of the workers earn the same or less than the lower of these rates and a fourth earn the the same or more than the higher rate.

[2] All workers were at $11.00 to $11.50.

[3] Workers were distributed as follows: 9 at $11.00 to $11.50; 13 at $1 to $13.00; and 3 at $13.00 to $13.50.

[4] All workers were at $11.00 to $11.50.

[5] Workers were distributed as follows: 49 at $12.50 to $13.00; and 14 $13.00 to $13.50.

[6] All workers were at $11.00 to $11.50.

[7] All workers were at $12.50 to $13.00.

JOB SERVICE ACTIVITY

There were 23,024 active work applicants registered at South Dakota Job Service offices as of July 31. That number is an increase of 7.7% over the 21,368 applicants registered on that date one year ago. Last month's analysis dealt with the composition of female applicants. This article will provide information relative to the veteran composition as a share of total work applicants.

The 3,371 veteran applicants accounted for a 14.6% share of the total applicants on record. Vietnam era veterans numbered 1,424 translated to a 42.2 percentage share of the veteran applicants. There were 1,080 Vietnam era veteran applicants under the age of 35 years. The 344 surplus of Vietnam era veterans over the age of 35 indicates this segment of the veteran population to be aging as those veteran's service ranged from August 5, 1964 through May 7, 1975. By age distribution, 3.7% of all veterans were under the age of 21 years, 48.9% were between the age of 22 and 34, 36.9% were between 35 and 54 years and 10.5% were 55 years and older.

There are very few veteran applicants below the age of 20 years. That group includes many persons who are new entrants to the labor force or those who do not have sufficient wage credits to qualify for unemployment insurance benefits. It follows that 24.5% of all veterans are eligible to draw those benefits whereas the non-veteran ratio drops to 16.1%.

When a comparison is made between veterans and non-veterans, several facts stand out. The racial distribution is nearly equal with slightly over three-fourths of the applicants in each group to be white. The minority apportion, consequently, is a disproportionate share of total applicants as the 1980 census shows minorities accounting for only 7.4% of South Dakota's population.

The educational attainment of veterans averages considerably higher than non-veterans. The availability of post service educational benefits would, alone, account for that difference. In addition, attendance at in-service schools categorizes many veterans as having post high school education. Many servicemen have received their high school equivalent degree through the general educational development (GED) program offered in the service.

Another area where veteran characteristics show a large variance over non-veterans is the handicap status. Non-veteran applicants show a 5.0% handicap composition whereas this ratio surged to 13.6% for veterans. Physical ailments comprise the majority share of the handicap status for all applicants. In addition mental and neuropsychiatric problems, including alcoholism and drug addiction, are classified as a handicap to the applicant.

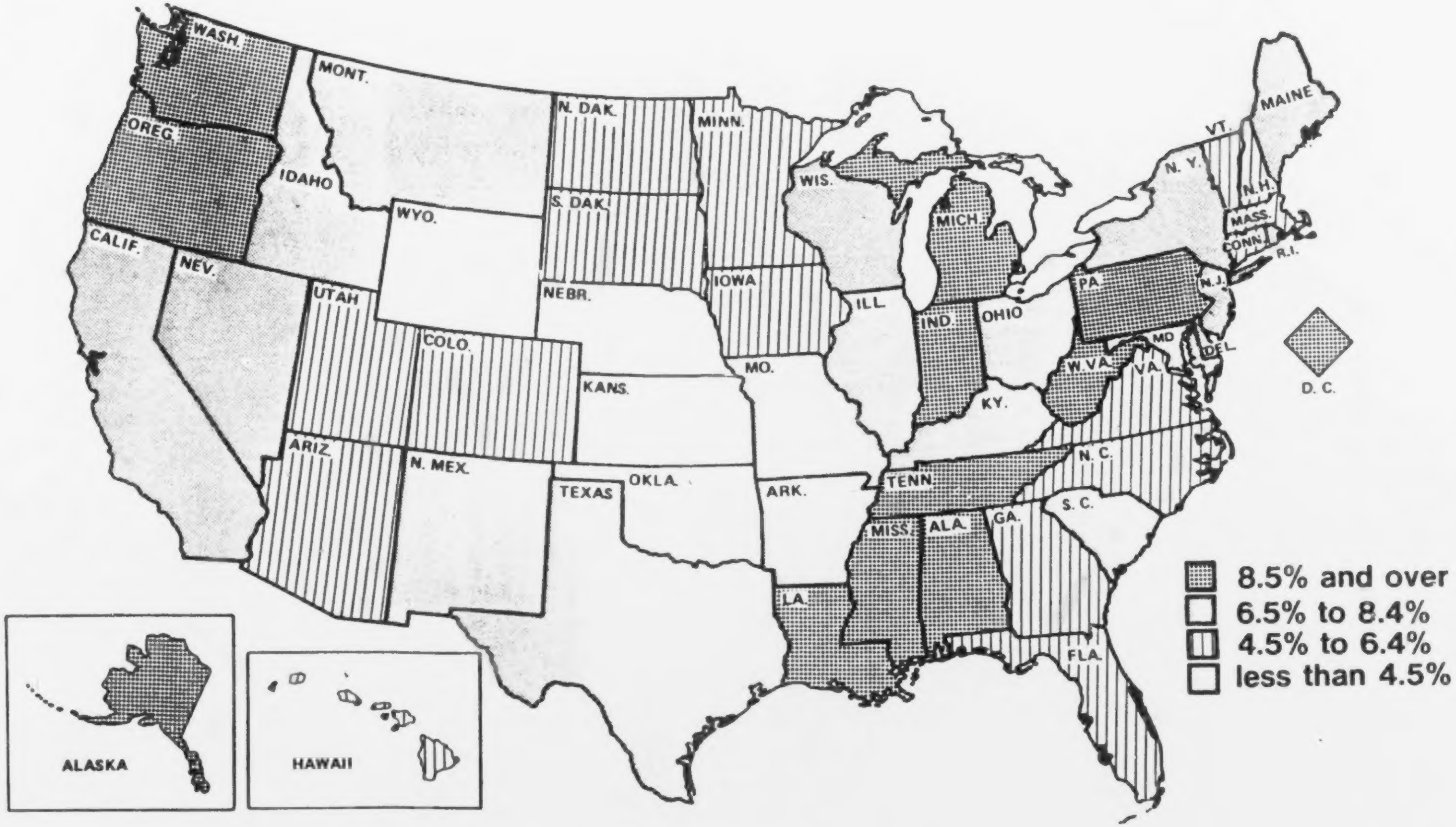
The following table summarizes the preceding information.

SOUTH DAKOTA JOB SERVICE
ACTIVE APPLICANTS ON FILE
AS OF JULY 31, 1981

	NON-VETERAN		VETERAN	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
TOTAL	19653	100.0	3371	100.0
RACE/ETHNIC				
White	14991	76.3	2582	76.6
Other	4662	23.7	789	23.4
AGE				
21 and Under	7754	39.5	124	3.7
22-34	7885	40.1	1648	48.9
35-54	3358	17.1	1244	36.9
55 and Over	656	3.3	355	10.5
HIGHEST SCHOOL GRADE				
0-7	898	4.6	47	1.4
8-11	6244	31.7	589	17.5
12	7132	36.3	1654	49.1
Over 12	5379	27.3	1081	32.1
HANDICAPPED	979	5.0	457	13.6
ELIGIBLE CLAIMANT	3166	16.1	826	24.5
ECON. DISADVANTAGED	5059	25.7	690	20.5

Note: Percentages may not add due to rounding.

Unemployment Rates by State, June 1981


WASH.
OREG.
CALIF.
NEV.
IDAHO
MONT.
WYO.
UTAH
ARIZ.
COLO.
N. MEX.
N. DAK.
S. DAK.
NEBR.
KANS.
OKLA.
TEXAS
MINN.
IOWA
MO.
ARK.
LA.
WIS.
ILL.
MICH.
IND.
OHIO
KY.
TENN.
MISS.
ALA.
GA.
FLA.
S. C.
N. C.
VA.
W.VA.
PA.
N. Y.
VT.
MAINE
N.H.
MASS.
CONN.
R.I.
N.J.
MD
DEL.
D. C.
ALASKA
HAWAII
8.5% and over
6.5% to 8.4%
4.5% to 6.4%
less than 4.5%

Source: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, August 1981

TABLE 1
LABOR FORCE / EMPLOYMENT / UNEMPLOYMENT

	July 1981				July 1980			
	LABOR FORCE[1]	EMPLOYMENT	UNEMPLOYMENT	RATE	LABOR FORCE[1]	EMPLOYMENT	UNEMPLOYMENT	RATE
United States	108,408,000	100,474,000	7,934,000	7.3[2]	106,997,000	98,587,000	8,410,000	7.9[2]
South Dakota	354,120	337,275	16,845	4.8	353,841	336,149	17,692	5.0
Sioux Falls SMSA	63,746	60,582	3,164	5.0	63,861	60,701	3,160	4.9
Rapid City SMSA	43,312	41,385	1,927	4.5	43,584	41,390	2,194	5.0
Aurora	1,831	1,778	53	2.9	1,896	1,867	29	1.5
Beadle	10,123	9,753	370	3.7	10,395	9,931	464	4.5
Bennett	1,344	1,262	82	6.1	1,298	1,228	70	5.4
Bon Homme	4,064	3,934	130	3.2	4,073	3,851	222	5.5
Brookings	14,406	13,911	495	3.4	14,734	13,886	848	5.8
Brown	20,573	19,550	1,023	5.0	20,231	19,168	1,063	5.3
Brule	3,108	2,997	111	3.6	3,216	3,076	140	4.4
Buffalo	642	555	87	13.6	628	535	93	14.8
Butte	4,055	3,915	140	3.5	3,958	3,897	61	1.5
Campbell	849	818	31	3.7	844	819	25	3.0
Charles Mix	4,393	4,084	309	7.0	4,331	4,079	252	5.8
Clark	2,194	2,035	159	7.2	2,101	1,912	189	9.0
Clay	6,454	6,241	213	3.3	5,958	5,627	331	5.6
Codington	10,854	10,286	568	5.2	10,885	10,233	652	6.0
Corson	1,570	1,324	246	15.7	1,497	1,322	175	11.7
Custer	3,133	2,687	446	14.2	2,835	2,706	129	4.6
Davison	10,363	9,962	401	3.9	10,083	9,565	518	5.1
Day	3,206	3,037	169	5.3	3,460	3,326	134	3.9
Deuel	2,299	2,228	71	3.1	2,310	2,228	82	3.5
Dewey	2,189	1,891	298	13.6	2,249	2,024	225	10.0
Douglas	2,271	2,103	168	7.4	2,150	2,087	63	2.9
Edmunds	2,204	2,094	110	5.0	2,195	2,088	107	4.9
Fall River	4,148	4,039	109	2.6	4,218	3,935	283	6.7
Faulk	1,503	1,436	67	4.5	1,535	1,478	57	3.7
Grant	4,827	4,644	183	3.8	4,798	4,639	159	3.3
Gregory	2,799	2,732	67	2.4	2,733	2,663	70	2.6
Haakon	1,505	1,489	16	1.1	1,562	1,516	46	2.9
Hamlin	2,253	2,183	70	3.1	2,300	2,248	52	2.3
Hand	2,382	2,322	60	2.5	2,599	2,456	143	5.5
Hanson	1,238	1,194	44	3.6	2,044	1,948	96	4.7

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[1] Labor Force estimates include employed and unemployed civilians 16 years old and older by place of residence.

[2] The seasonally adjusted rates which were announced by the national government were 7.0 and 7.6. The data in this table are not seasonally adjusted.

TABLE 1 (Continued)
LABOR FORCE / EMPLOYMENT / UNEMPLOYMENT

	July 1981				July 1980			
	LABOR FORCE[1]	EMPLOYMENT	UNEMPLOYMENT	RATE	LABOR FORCE[1]	EMPLOYMENT	UNEMPLOYMENT	RATE
Harding	656	651	5	0.8	742	732	10	1.3
Hughes	8,428	8,076	352	4.2	8,363	7,964	399	4.8
Hutchinson	4,898	4,735	163	3.3	4,718	4,657	61	1.3
Hyde	889	848	41	4.6	874	853	21	2.4
Jackson	1,083	1,019	64	5.9	1,247	1,182	65	5.2
Jerauld	1,455	1,438	17	1.2	1,404	1,378	26	1.9
Jones	717	705	12	1.7	771	756	15	1.9
Kingsbury	3,861	3,804	57	1.5	3,933	3,845	88	2.2
Lake	6,148	5,936	212	3.4	6,256	5,800	456	7.3
Lawrence	10,142	9,703	439	4.3	9,595	9,072	523	5.5
Lincoln	7,361	7,079	282	3.8	7,282	6,977	305	4.2
Lyman	1,594	1,491	103	6.5	1,573	1,492	81	5.1
McCook	3,075	2,875	200	6.5	2,792	2,644	148	5.3
McPherson	2,003	1,967	36	1.8	1,964	1,903	61	3.1
Marshall	2,164	2,067	97	4.5	2,195	2,113	82	3.7
Meade	9,194	8,953	241	2.6	9,283	8,954	329	3.5
Mellette	767	690	77	10.0	781	687	94	12.0
Miner	1,995	1,942	53	2.7	2,022	1,948	74	3.7
Minnehaha	63,746	60,582	3,164	5.0	63,861	60,701	3,160	4.9
Moody	3,934	3,820	114	2.9	3,756	3,621	135	3.6
Pennington	34,118	32,432	1,686	4.9	34,301	32,436	1,865	5.4
Perkins	2,475	2,430	45	1.8	2,541	2,399	142	5.6
Potter	2,144	2,091	53	2.5	2,386	2,161	225	9.4
Roberts	4,818	4,517	301	6.2	4,778	4,522	256	5.4
Sanborn	1,393	1,367	26	1.9	1,433	1,387	46	3.2
Shannon	2,976	2,222	754	25.3	2,645	2,242	403	15.2
Spink	3,995	3,901	94	2.4	4,174	4,071	103	2.5
Stanley	1,259	1,202	57	4.5	1,326	1,275	51	3.8
Sully	764	743	21	2.7	790	765	25	3.2
Todd	2,220	1,850	370	16.7	2,050	1,807	243	11.9
Tripp	3,509	3,396	113	3.2	3,478	3,359	119	3.4
Turner	4,522	4,384	138	3.1	4,597	4,433	164	3.6
Union	7,965	7,718	247	3.1	7,580	7,268	312	4.1
Walworth	3,514	3,278	236	6.7	3,461	3,262	199	5.7
Yankton	10,312	9,779	533	5.2	10,525	9,997	528	5.0
Ziebach	1,246	1,100	146	11.7	1,254	1,148	106	8.5

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[1] Labor Force estimates include employed and unemployed civilians 16 years old and older by place of residence.

TABLE 2

SOUTH DAKOTA NONAGRICULTURAL WAGE AND SALARY EMPLOYMENT*

(In thousands)

	July 1981	June 1981	July 1980	Percent Change From Last Month	Percent Change From Last Year
Total Nonagricultural	235.0	240.0	236.7	-2.1	-0.7
Manufacturing	26.3	26.6	25.3	-1.1	4.0
Durable Goods	13.1	13.4	12.7	-2.2	3.1
Lumber & Furniture	1.2	1.1	1.1	9.1	9.1
Fabricated Metals & Machinery	8.4	8.7	8.3	-3.4	1.2
Other Durable Goods	3.5	3.6	3.3	-2.8	6.1
Nondurable Goods	13.2	13.2	12.6	0.0	4.8
Food & Kindred Products	7.4	7.5	7.6	-1.3	-2.6
Paper, Printing & Publishing	2.4	2.4	2.3	0.0	4.3
Other Nondurable Goods	3.4	3.3	2.7	3.0	25.9
Nonmanufacturing	208.7	213.4	211.4	-2.2	-1.3
Mining	2.9	2.9	2.9	0.0	0.0
Construction	10.8	10.6	12.2	1.9	-11.5
Transportation & Public Utilities	13.1	13.1	13.3	0.0	-1.5
Railroads	1.2	1.2	1.1	0.0	9.1
Other Transportation	6.2	6.2	6.3	0.0	-1.6
Communications & Public Utilities	5.7	5.7	5.9	0.0	-3.4
Trade	63.5	63.6	65.6	-0.2	-3.2
Wholesale Trade	17.3	17.2	17.5	0.6	-1.1
Durable Goods	7.9	7.8	8.1	1.3	-2.5
Nondurable Goods	9.4	9.4	9.4	0.0	0.0
Retail Trade	46.2	46.4	48.1	-0.4	-4.0
Finance, Insurance & Real Estate	11.3	11.2	11.2	0.9	0.9
Services	51.5	51.4	51.1	0.2	0.8
Hotels, Amuse., Pers. & Business	14.1	13.8	14.0	2.2	0.7
Medical and Health	21.2	21.2	20.2	0.0	5.0
Educational, Membership & Social	13.6	13.7	14.2	-0.7	-4.2
Other	2.6	2.7	2.7	-3.7	-3.7
Government	55.6	60.6	55.1	-8.3	0.9
Federal	11.0	10.9	11.0	0.9	0.0
State	15.7	16.7	15.4	-6.0	1.9
State Education	5.5	6.4	5.2	-14.1	5.8
Other State	10.2	10.3	10.2	-1.0	0.0
Local	28.9	33.0	28.7	-12.4	0.7
Local Education	13.5	18.3	13.4	-26.2	0.7
Other Local	15.4	14.7	15.3	4.8	0.7

*This category includes full and part-time workers on the payrolls of nonagricultural establishments for the week including the 12th of the month.

TABLE 3
SIOUX FALLS AND RAPID CITY NONAGRICULTURAL WAGE AND SALARY EMPLOYMENT

SIOUX FALLS SMSA (MINNEHAHA COUNTY)

	July 1981	June 1981	July 1980	Percent Change From Last Month	Percent Change From Last Year
Total Nonagricultural	53,650	54,800	53,350	-2.1	0.6
Manufacturing	8,110	8,200	7,740	-1.1	4.8
Durable Goods	2,330	2,350	2,230	-0.9	4.5
Nondurable Goods	5,780	5,850	5,510	-1.2	4.9
Food & Kindred Products	4,210	4,310	4,170	-2.3	1.0
Nonmanufacturing	45,540	46,600	45,610	-2.3	-0.2
Construction and Mining	2,450	2,320	2,730	5.6	-10.3
Transportation & Public Utilities	4,770	4,800	4,770	-0.6	0.0
Trade	15,700	15,990	16,080	-1.8	-2.4
Wholesale Trade	4,930	4,890	4,960	0.8	-0.6
Retail Trade	10,770	11,100	11,120	-3.0	-3.1
Finance, Insurance & Real Estate	3,420	3,400	3,360	0.6	1.8
Services	13,190	13,080	12,590	0.8	4.8
Government	6,010	7,010	6,080	-14.3	-1.2

RAPID CITY SMSA (PENNINGTON & MEADE COUNTY)

	July 1981	June 1981	July 1980	Percent Change From Last Month	Percent Change From Last Year
Total Nonagricultural	32,770	32,430	32,300	1.0	1.5
Manufacturing	3,110	3,070	3,100	1.3	0.3
Durable Goods	2,150	2,150	2,140	0.0	0.5
Nondurable Goods	960	920	960	4.3	0.0
Nonmanufacturing	29,660	29,360	29,200	1.0	1.6
Construction and Mining	1,920	1,940	2,290	-1.0	-16.2
Transportation & Public Utilities	1,880	1,890	1,940	-0.5	-3.1
Trade	10,210	9,890	9,570	3.2	6.7
Wholesale Trade	1,850	1,760	1,660	5.1	11.4
Retail Trade	8,360	8,130	7,910	2.8	5.7
Finance, Insurance & Real Estate	1,580	1,550	1,570	1.9	0.6
Services	7,340	7,270	7,480	1.0	-1.9
Government	6,730	6,820	6,350	-1.3	6.0

TABLE 4
HOURS AND EARNINGS PRODUCTION WORKERS*

	Average Weekly Earnings			Average Weekly hours			Average Hourly Earnings		
	July 1981	June 1981	July 1980	July 1981	June 1981	July 1980	July 1981	June 1981	July 1980
South Dakota Statewide									
Manufacturing.....................	284.82	278.56	266.34	41.1	41.7	39.4	6.93	6.68	6.76
Durable Goods...................	253.13	257.07	227.79	39.8	41.0	37.1	6.36	6.27	6.14
Lumber & Furniture............	236.06	263.33	235.39	37.0	41.6	40.1	6.38	6.33	5.87
Fabricated Metals & Mach......	256.00	254.34	220.00	40.0	40.5	37.8	6.40	6.28	5.82
Nondurable Goods................	315.46	299.06	301.71	42.4	42.3	41.5	7.44	7.07	7.27
Food & Kindred Products.......	389.84	360.80	361.48	44.1	44.0	43.5	8.84	8.20	8.31
Paper, Printing & Publishing..	239.22	242.36	213.31	36.3	36.5	35.2	6.59	6.64	6.06
Sioux Falls SMSA									
Manufacturing.....................	406.47	370.98	378.16	47.1	45.8	44.7	8.63	8.10	8.46
Durable Goods...................	275.78	273.64	257.52	41.1	40.3	40.3	6.71	6.79	6.39
Nondurable Goods................	436.02	391.98	405.36	48.5	47.0	45.7	8.99	8.34	8.87
Rapid City SMSA									
Manufacturing.....................	252.76	248.14	199.84	35.7	34.9	32.6	7.08	7.11	6.13

*Average hours and earnings data are derived from reports of payrolls and hours for production and related workers.

TABLE 5
CONSUMER PRICE INDEX
ALL URBAN CONSUMERS

	June 1981	May 1981	June 1980	Percent Change From Last Month	Percent Change From Last Year
1967-100					
All Items..............	271.3	269.0	247.6	0.9	9.6
Food & Beverages....	266.5	265.4	245.7	0.4	8.5
Housing..............	292.2	288.5	266.7	1.3	9.6
Apparel.............	185.8	186.4	177.2	-0.3	4.9
Transportation......	279.9	277.8	249.7	0.8	12.1
Medical Care........	291.5	289.0	264.7	0.9	10.1
Entertainment.......	220.8	220.3	205.3	0.2	7.6

TABLE 6
LABOR TURNOVER RATES
(per 100 employees)

ACCESSION RATES

	Total			New Hires			Recalls		
	July 1981	June 1981	July 1980	July 1981	June 1981	July 1980	July 1981	June 1981	July 1980
Statewide									
Manufacturing..............	3.5	3.4	1.5	2.4	2.3	0.8	1.0	0.7	0.5
Durable Goods............	4.0	3.3	1.5	3.3	2.7	0.5	0.5	0.2	0.8
Nondurable Goods.........	3.0	3.6	1.4	1.4	2.0	1.1	1.6	1.3	0.3
Mining....................	3.1	4.2	2.1	2.5	3.8	2.1	0.6	0.5	*
Sioux Falls SMSA									
Manufacturing	3.0	3.9	1.3	0.7	1.6	0.5	2.3	2.1	0.9

* Less than 0.05%.

SEPARATION RATES

	Total			Quits			Layoffs		
	July 1981	June 1981	July 1980	July 1981	June 1981	July 1980	July 1981	June 1981	July 1980
Statewide									
Manufacturing..............	3.8	3.3	2.8	1.2	1.2	1.2	2.1	1.4	0.8
Durable Goods............	3.9	2.7	3.8	1.6	1.2	1.5	1.6	0.7	1.0
Nondurable Goods.........	3.6	3.8	1.9	0.8	1.3	1.0	2.5	2.0	0.6
Mining....................	1.7	1.6	2.9	0.5	0.8	1.2	0.6	0.3	1.2
Sioux Falls SMSA									
Manufacturing..............	5.4	4.6	1.6	0.8	0.7	0.6	4.3	3.5	0.8

TABLE 7
CHARACTERISTICS OF THE INSURED UNEMPLOYED - STATEWIDE

	Number			Percent		
	July 1981	June 1981	July 1980	July 1981	June 1981	July 1980
Sex, Total	3,671	3,408	4,889	100.0	100.0	100.0
Male	1,997	2,020	2,902	54.4	59.3	59.4
Female	1,674	1,388	1,987	45.6	40.7	40.6
Race, Total	3,671	3,408	4,889	100.0	100.0	100.0
White	2,732	2,538	4,085	74.4	74.5	83.6
Nonwhite	939	870	804	25.6	25.5	16.4
Age, Total	3,671	3,408	4,889	100.0	100.0	100.0
Under 45	2,768	2,537	3,816	75.4	74.4	78.1
Over 45	903	871	1,073	24.6	25.6	21.9
Industry, Total	3,671	3,408	4,889	100.0	100.0	100.0
Mining	33	37	51	0.9	1.1	1.0
Construction	707	822	861	19.3	24.1	17.6
Manufacturing	648	517	1,474	17.6	15.2	30.2
Transportation & Public Utilities	111	124	205	3.0	3.6	4.2
Trade	858	780	1,112	23.4	22.9	22.7
Finance, Insurance & Real Estate	76	75	98	2.1	2.2	2.0
Services	914	784	797	24.9	23.0	16.3
Government	324	269	291	8.8	7.9	6.0
Occupation, Total	3,671	3,408	4,889	100.0	100.0	100.0
Professional & Managerial	525	460	488	14.3	13.5	10.0
Clerical and Sales	813	673	887	22.2	19.8	18.1
Services	604	586	586	16.5	17.2	12.0
Processing	163	52	224	4.4	1.5	4.6
Machine Trade	155	167	318	4.2	4.9	6.5
Benchwork	216	183	523	5.9	5.4	10.7
Structural Work	831	989	1,370	22.6	29.0	28.0
Other	364	298	493	9.9	8.7	10.1
Duration of Current Spell of Unemployment - Total	3,671	3,408	4,889	100.0	100.0	100.0
1-2 Weeks	706	674	1,141	19.2	19.8	23.3
3-4 Weeks	641	509	564	17.5	14.9	11.5
5-14 Weeks	1,509	1,253	2,203	41.1	36.8	45.1
15 Weeks & Over	815	972	981	22.2	28.5	20.1

TABLE 8
SELECTED LABOR DEPARTMENT ACTIVITIES - STATEWIDE

				Percent Change From	
	July 1981	June 1981	July 1980	Last Month	Last Year
JOB SERVICE					
New Job Applicants	5049	4971	4633	+1.6	+9.0
New Job Applicants October 1 to Date	39230	34446	42183	+13.9	-7.0
Nonagricultural Job Openings	5633	5887	5791	-4.3	-2.7
Job Placements October 1 to Date	34276	29241	44530	+17.2	-23.0
Nonagricultural	32962	28204	43104	+16.9	-23.5
Agricultural	1314	1037	1426	+26.7	-7.9
Applicants Available October 1 to Date	74271	69117	74141	+7.5	+0.2
Individuals Placed October 1 to Date	21855	19217	26522	+13.7	-17.6
UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE					
State Program					
Initial Claims Monthly Total	2767	2057	2973	+34.5	-6.9
Weeks Claimed Monthly Total	17051	13207	23283	+29.1	-26.8
Initial Claims October 1 to Date	28169	25402	28309	+10.9	-0.5
Weeks Claimed October 1 to Date	202415	185364	172863	+9.2	+17.1
Amount of Benefit Payments	$1,342,081	$1,123,190	$1,744,295	+19.5	-23.1
Average Weekly Benefit Amount	$104.03	$109.53	$98.54	-5.0	+5.6
Benefit Payments October 1 to Date	$16,818,948	$15,476,867	$13,584,233	+8.7	+23.8
Unemployment Trust Fund (In 000's)	$9,019.3	$7,721.8	$13,058.0	+16.8	-30.9
Federal Program					
Initial Claims October 1 to Date	1516	1339	1609	+13.2	-5.8
Weeks Claimed October 1 to Date	9505	8459	7990	+12.4	+19.0
Benefit Payments October 1 to Date	$996,611	$914,324	$825,705	+9.0	+20.7

TABLE 9
JOB OPENINGS RECEIVED AND FILLED BY AVERAGE WAGE FOR MAJOR OCCUPATIONAL GROUP*

Occupational Group	Openings Received	Percent	Openings Filled	Percent	Percent Filled To Openings	Average Wage Placed
SOUTH DAKOTA STATEWIDE	39670	100.0	34276	100.0	86.4	3.68
Professional/Technical/Managerial........	3812	9.6	1929	5.6	50.6	5.84
Clerical................................	5231	13.2	4329	12.6	82.8	3.54
Sales...................................	2075	5.2	1512	4.4	72.9	3.62
Domestic................................	6596	16.6	6529	19.1	99.0	2.84
Other Services..........................	7306	18.4	6262	18.3	85.7	3.22
Farming/Fishery/Forestry................	3404	8.6	3228	9.4	94.8	3.51
Processing..............................	393	1.0	398	1.2	101.3	4.03
Machine Trades..........................	699	1.8	520	1.5	74.4	4.24
Benchwork...............................	938	2.4	899	2.6	95.8	3.61
Structural..............................	3111	7.8	2869	8.4	92.2	4.31
Motor Freight/Transportation............	1342	3.4	1191	3.5	88.7	4.70
Packaging & Materials Handling..........	4396	11.1	4288	12.5	97.5	4.13
Other...................................	367	0.9	322	0.9	87.7	3.84
SIOUX FALLS SMSA	5989	100.0	4898	100.0	81.8	3.67
Professional/Technical/Managerial........	372	6.2	187	3.8	50.3	4.69
Clerical................................	1175	19.6	872	17.8	74.2	3.65
Sales...................................	587	9.8	385	7.9	65.6	3.57
Domestic................................	846	14.1	821	16.8	97.0	2.83
Other Services..........................	1053	17.6	846	17.3	80.3	3.30
Farming/Fishery/Forestry................	220	3.7	212	4.3	96.4	3.24
Processing..............................	25	0.4	21	0.4	84.0	4.97
Machine Trades..........................	105	1.8	77	1.6	73.3	4.12
Benchwork...............................	112	1.9	107	2.2	95.5	3.65
Structural..............................	433	7.2	399	8.1	92.1	4.64
Motor Freight/Transportation............	337	5.6	315	6.4	93.5	4.45
Packaging & Materials Handling..........	606	10.1	575	11.7	94.9	4.15
Other...................................	118	2.0	81	1.7	68.6	3.72
RAPID CITY SMSA	7063	100.0	6106	100.0	86.5	3.59
Professional/Technical/Managerial........	453	6.4	264	4.3	58.3	4.66
Clerical................................	950	13.4	803	13.1	84.5	3.44
Sales...................................	477	6.8	352	5.8	73.8	3.73
Domestic................................	977	13.8	975	16.0	99.8	2.63
Other Services..........................	1709	24.2	1375	22.5	80.5	3.21
Farming/Fishery/Forestry................	230	3.3	223	3.6	97.0	3.73
Processing..............................	23	0.3	20	0.3	87.0	4.13
Machine Trades..........................	111	1.6	78	1.3	70.3	4.74
Benchwork...............................	166	2.3	159	2.6	95.8	3.66
Structural..............................	530	7.5	475	7.8	89.6	4.66
Motor Freight/Transportation............	374	5.3	342	5.6	91.4	4.61
Packaging & Materials Handling..........	987	14.0	969	15.9	98.2	3.8[illegible]
Other...................................	76	1.1	71	1.2	93.4	3.87

*All figures are cumulative for the period 10-1-80/7-31-81. Openings filled may include orders from prior fiscal years resulting in a figure greater than 100.0 percent filled to openings.

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South Dakota
Labor Bulletin

Compiled September 18, 1981

Report for August 1981

SOUTH DAKOTA ECONOMETRIC MODEL BUILT AT USD

The South Dakota Labor Market (SDLM) Econometric Model being developed by the University of South Dakota Business Research Bureau for the Department of Labor should be ready for forecasting in early 1982. The model will be used to forecast the state's economy for time periods up to ten years and for various situations such as a statewide drought or a national recession.

Officials of the Department of Labor, other units of government, private firms and industrial development groups may be interested in many of the 260 variables of the model output. Some of the variables to be forecasted include employment by selected industry, income by selected industry, unemployment, population and migration. Labor force variables will be projected for the statewide area and for six planning districts of the state. Other variables to be forecasted include hires and separations for manufacturing and mining, transfer payments, contributions for social insurance, sales tax remittances, wage and salary disbursements, taxable sales, unemployment claims and payments, Job Service applicants and openings. Labor Department administrators of the divisions of Unemployment Insurance, Job Service, and Administrative Services intend to use the projected figures for program planning.

According to Dr. Ralph Brown, designer of the model, 42 of the variables are exogenous. Exogenous variables are "outside" variables. They are estimated before being entered into the model. They are not projected by the model but influence the projected values of certain remaining variables. The national interest rate for 1985 would be an exogenous variable and it would have an effect on the model's projection for the variable of South Dakota construction employment. For example, the estimate of a low interest rate may result in a projection of high employment in the construction industry. The SDLM model contains other exogenous national variables such as real GNP, industrial production and inflation. It contains exogenous policy variables for monetary policy, fiscal policy, and social insurance programs. Accurate projections of fundamental exogenous variables will be important for a correct forecast.

Also important to an accurate forecast are assumptions about historical national and state patterns of employment. An historical positive growth pattern nationwide and statewide in an industry such as services would suggest continued positive growth barring unforeseen circumstances. This type of relationship is built into the model's equations.

The model also uses export base theory to make industry employment predictions. An export industry has employment in excess of the employment needed to provide a good or service for the state. The income earned in this industry may be spent in buying goods and services from other industries in the state, therefore helping to sustain employment in those industries. Import industries' income can also be important to other industries, but to a lesser degree. The SDLM can make assumptions on the impact of a shock to either an export or import industry on the entire state economy.

LABOR FORCE

South Dakota labor market statistics moved contrary to national trends in August as unemployment in the state showed a small increase and employment was slightly below the year-ago figure. The state unemployment rate of 4.4% compared with 4.3% last year while the national rate of 7.2% was down from 7.5%. The state rate for August was below the July rate of 4.8%. That is a usual seasonal occurrence, however, and is not indicative of a general improvement in the South Dakota labor market, which has been sluggish since early 1980.

Published Monthly by the South Dakota Department of Labor

*his publication was printed at a cost of 7.7 cents per copy and contains labor market information.
Eight hundred copies were printed.*

NONAGRICULTURAL WAGE AND SALARY EMPLOYMENT

Nonfarm payroll employment was down slightly from July to August. An aggregate loss of 800 jobs was attributed to small declines in manufacturing and construction, and a sizable seasonal decrease of 1,100 government jobs. The government decline was almost exclusively centered in the state government sector where the summer youth program was wrapped up for another year.

Comparing the nonfarm payroll employment situation to one year ago, South Dakota had 4,400 fewer jobs than in August 1980. The manufacturing industry gain of 700 jobs over the year made it the only major industry with a gain in employment. The bulk of this increase was in garment manufacturing.

All major nonmanufacturing industries either remained unchanged or were below year-ago employment levels in August. Construction was again the big loser with a drop in employment of 13.7%. Trade and government were the other losers with declines of 3.0% and 2.0% respectively.

HOURS AND EARNINGS

The average manufacturing production worker in South Dakota worked 40.8 hours a week in August at $7.20 an hour for a gross weekly wage of $293.76. The hourly rate compared with $6.75 one year ago.

SIOUX FALLS SMSA

The unemployment rate in Sioux Falls dropped to 4.5% in August from 5.0% in July but remained ahead of the year-ago rate of 4.2%. The total number of Sioux Falls residents unemployed in August was 2,875 compared with 2,634 one year ago. Total employment of 60,497 was about the same as the August 1980 figure of 60,576.

Nonfarm payroll employment in Sioux Falls was virtually unchanged in August at 53,750. The only significant (over 2%) changes in employment among the major industry divisions were in construction

SIOUX FALLS SMSA CONTINUED

and transportation/public utilities. Construction employment went down 10% since last year while transportation/public utilities was up 3%. There were 2,420 construction employees in Sioux Falls in August compared with 2,700 last year. Transportation/public utilities employment increased from 4,740 to 4,880.

The average manufacturing production worker in Sioux Falls worked 45.1 hours a week in August at $8.94 an hour for a gross weekly wage of $403.19.

RAPID CITY SMSA

The unemployment rate in Rapid City was 4.3% in August compared with 4.5% in July and in August one year ago. The total number of unemployed dropped from 1,964 one year ago to 1,853 this August. At the same time, total employment dropped from 41,487 to 40,785. This indicates that people are dropping out of the labor force, either because they don't want to work or they don't think there is any work available.

Nonfarm payroll employment in Rapid City was 32,310 in August. That was about the same as the July figure but slightly lower than the August 1980 estimate of 32,680. Among the major industries, trade had the only significant increase in employment during the past year. It increased by 710 (7.3%) to 10,380. Construction employment was down 11.6%, government dropped 6.3% and manufacturing was off 6.0%.

The average manufacturing production worker in Rapid City worked 33.7 hours a week in August at $7.28 an hour for a gross weekly wage of $245.34.

JOB SERVICE ACTIVITY

There were 22,263 active work applicants registered at South Dakota Job Service offices as of August 31. That number is an increase of 12.5% over the 19,791 applicants registered on that date one year ago. Previous articles dealt with the composition of female and veteran applicants. This analysis will provide information relative to the minority composition as a share of total work applicants on record as of August 31, 1981.

The 4,055 minority applicants accounted for a 18.2% share of the total current work applicants. That percentage share is a significant increase over the 16.6% share recorded last year on the same date. The 1981 increased unemployment rate has more than likely had a greater detrimental impact on the minority population.

Males made up 52.6% of the current minority applicants. American Indians accounted for 92.3% of the minority applicants. Blacks and Hispanics recorded nearly equal 2.9% and 2.8% ratios with Asian and Pacific Islanders slightly lower with a 2.0% composition.

Veterans accounted for 16.7% of the minority applicants with Vietnam era veterans accounting for 39.0% of the 679 veteran total. Sixteen of the veterans were classified as being disabled. For all applicants, males accounted for 95.8% of the veteran total and it can be assumed that the great majority of the minority veteran applicants are male also. There were 1,905 minority applicants classified as being economically disadvantaged. That figure translates to a 47.0% ratio compared to a much lower rate of 20.2% for non-minority applicants.

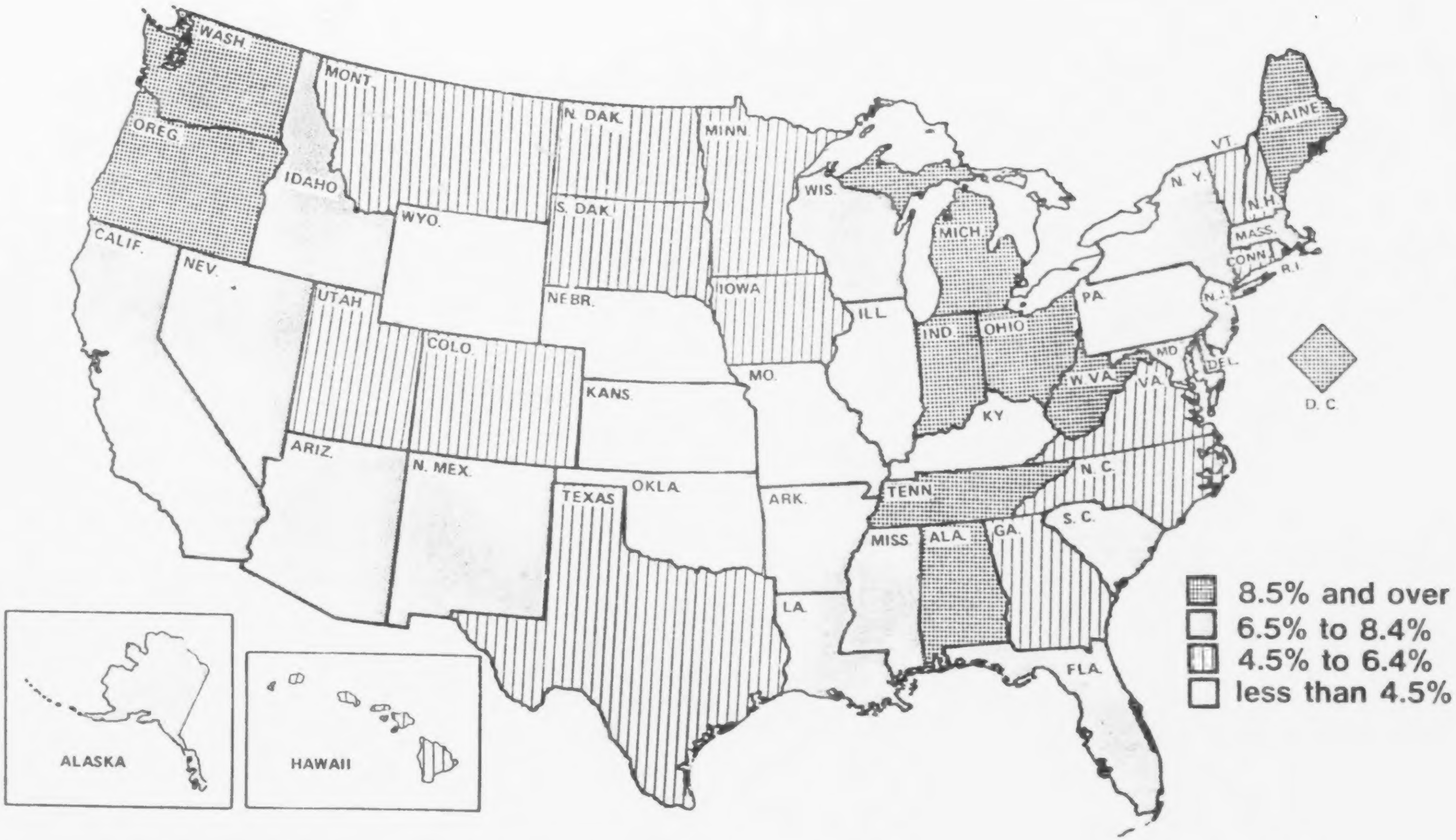
By age grouping, 21.0% of the minority applicants were 21 years old and under, 44.8% were between the ages of 22 and 34 years, 30.2% were between 35 and 54 years and 4.0% were 55 years old and over. By educational attainment, 46.0% of the minority applicants did not finish high school, 38.8% were high school graduates and 15.2% had post high school education.

The following table summarizes the preceding information.

SOUTH DAKOTA APPLICANTS ON FILE
AS OF AUGUST 31, 1981

	NON-MINORITY		MINORITY	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
TOTAL	18,208	100.0	4,055	100.0
SEX				
MALE	9,618	52.8	2,132	52.6
FEMALE	8,590	47.2	1,923	47.4
AGE				
21 AND UNDER	5,833	32.0	851	21.0
22-34	7,982	43.8	1,815	44.8
35-54	3,508	19.3	1,226	30.2
55 AND OVER	885	4.9	163	4.0
HIGHEST SCHOOL GRADE				
0-7	659	3.6	197	4.9
8-11	4,307	23.7	1,667	41.1
12	7,628	41.9	1,574	38.8
OVER 12	5,614	30.8	617	15.2
HANDICAPPED	1,229	6.7	220	5.4
ELIGIBLE CLAIMANT	2,945	16.2	1,002	24.7
ECON. DISADVANTAGED	3,673	20.2	1,905	47.0
VETERAN	2,683	14.7	679	16.7
VIETNAM ERA	1,168	6.4	265	6.5
DISABLED	155	0.9	16	0.4

Unemployment Rates by State, July 1981


WASH.
OREG.
CALIF.
NEV.
IDAHO
MONT.
WYO.
UTAH
COLO.
ARIZ.
N. MEX.
N. DAK.
S. DAK.
NEBR.
KANS.
OKLA.
TEXAS
MINN.
IOWA
MO.
ARK.
LA.
WIS.
ILL.
MICH.
IND.
OHIO
KY.
TENN.
MISS.
ALA.
GA.
FLA.
S. C.
N. C.
VA.
W. VA.
MD.
DEL.
PA.
N. J.
N. Y.
VT.
N.H.
MAINE
MASS.
CONN.
R.I.
D. C.
ALASKA
HAWAII
▨ 8.5% and over
☐ 6.5% to 8.4%
▥ 4.5% to 6.4%
☐ less than 4.5%

Source U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, September 1981

TABLE 1
LABOR FORCE / EMPLOYMENT / UNEMPLOYMENT

	August 1981				August 1980			
	LABOR FORCE[1]	EMPLOYMENT	UNEMPLOYMENT	RATE	LABOR FORCE[1]	EMPLOYMENT	UNEMPLOYMENT	RATE
United States	107,771,000	100,013,000	7,758,000	7.2[2]	106,126,000	98,115,000	8,011,000	7.5[2]
South Dakota	350,440	334,935	15,505	4.4	350,706	335,759	14,947	4.3
Sioux Falls SMSA	63,372	60,499	2,875	4.5	63,210	60,576	2,634	4.2
Rapid City SMSA	42,638	40,785	1,853	4.3	43,451	41,487	1,964	4.5
Aurora	1,824	1,725	99	5.4	1,866	1,842	24	1.3
Beadle	10,000	9,690	310	3.1	10,301	9,880	421	4.1
Bennett	1,305	1,229	76	5.8	1,224	1,174	50	4.1
Bon Homme	3,982	3,856	126	3.2	4,024	3,861	163	4.1
Brookings	14,464	13,997	467	3.2	14,871	14,156	715	4.8
Brown	19,915	19,090	825	4.1	19,969	19,011	958	4.8
Brule	2,990	2,918	72	2.4	3,125	3,019	106	3.4
Buffalo	648	567	81	12.5	618	534	84	13.6
Butte	4,031	3,985	46	1.1	4,138	4,021	117	2.8
Campbell	842	823	19	2.3	824	807	17	2.1
Charles Mix	4,303	4,016	287	6.7	4,195	3,999	196	4.7
Clark	2,449	2,311	138	5.6	2,021	1,932	89	4.4
Clay	6,441	6,179	262	4.1	6,217	5,813	404	6.5
Codington	11,039	10,495	544	4.9	10,937	10,435	502	4.6
Corson	1,561	1,317	244	15.6	1,445	1,295	150	10.4
Custer	2,603	2,546	57	2.2	2,766	2,691	75	2.7
Davison	10,499	9,782	717	6.8	9,850	9,499	351	3.6
Day	3,240	3,090	150	4.6	3,435	3,329	106	3.1
Deuel	2,503	2,441	62	2.5	2,384	2,257	127	5.3
Dewey	2,199	1,896	303	13.8	2,208	2,038	170	7.7
Douglas	2,119	2,050	69	3.3	2,112	2,053	59	2.8
Edmunds	2,162	2,101	61	2.8	2,144	2,093	51	2.4
Fall River	4,147	3,999	148	3.6	4,236	3,954	282	6.7
Faulk	1,529	1,492	37	2.4	1,528	1,501	27	1.8
Grant	4,684	4,554	130	2.8	4,791	4,621	170	3.5
Gregory	2,740	2,670	70	2.6	2,768	2,688	80	2.9
Haakon	1,485	1,470	15	1.0	1,520	1,489	31	2.0
Hamlin	2,463	2,412	51	2.1	2,273	2,216	57	2.5
Hand	2,350	2,299	51	2.2	2,458	2,422	36	1.5
Hanson	1,260	1,197	63	5.0	1,223	1,183	40	3.3

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[1] Labor Force estimates include employed and unemployed civilians 16 years old and older by place of residence.

[2] The seasonally adjusted rates which were announced by the national government were 7.2 and 7.6. The data in this table are not seasonally adjusted.

TABLE 1 (Continued)
LABOR FORCE / EMPLOYMENT / UNEMPLOYMENT

	August 1981				August 1980			
	LABOR FORCE[1]	EMPLOYMENT	UNEMPLOYMENT	RATE	LABOR FORCE[1]	EMPLOYMENT	UNEMPLOYMENT	RATE
Harding	706	701	5	0.7	761	752	9	1.2
Hughes	8,361	8,040	321	3.8	8,331	8,020	311	3.7
Hutchinson	4,765	4,549	216	4.5	4,777	4,630	147	3.1
Hyde	880	847	33	3.8	863	846	17	2.0
Jackson	930	865	65	7.0	1,194	1,130	64	5.4
Jerauld	1,380	1,359	21	1.5	1,395	1,360	35	2.5
Jones	717	707	10	1.4	782	742	40	5.1
Kingsbury	3,968	3,886	82	2.1	3,902	3,866	36	0.9
Lake	5,885	5,660	225	3.8	6,098	5,735	363	6.0
Lawrence	9,907	9,485	422	4.3	9,668	9,175	493	5.1
Lincoln	7,339	7,079	260	3.5	7,381	7,088	293	4.0
Lyman	1,538	1,454	84	5.5	1,525	1,465	60	3.9
McCook	2,797	2,696	101	3.6	2,819	2,674	145	5.1
McPherson	1,938	1,916	22	1.1	1,954	1,887	67	3.4
Marshall	2,180	2,069	111	5.1	2,160	2,099	61	2.8
Meade	9,053	8,823	230	2.5	9,254	8,975	279	3.0
Mellette	780	708	72	9.2	812	721	91	11.2
Miner	1,998	1,944	54	2.7	2,024	1,939	85	4.2
Minnehaha	63,372	60,499	2,875	4.5	63,210	60,576	2,634	4.2
Moody	3,979	3,868	111	2.8	3,655	3,558	97	2.7
Pennington	33,584	31,962	1,622	4.8	34,197	32,512	1,685	4.9
Perkins	2,412	2,363	49	2.0	2,376	2,342	34	1.4
Potter	2,133	2,087	46	2.2	2,190	2,129	61	2.8
Roberts	4,672	4,413	259	5.5	4,665	4,445	220	4.7
Sanborn	1,485	1,389	96	6.5	1,460	1,433	27	1.8
Shannon	3,118	2,437	681	21.8	2,883	2,494	389	13.5
Spink	4,107	4,009	98	2.4	4,142	4,085	57	1.4
Stanley	1,246	1,197	49	3.9	1,315	1,261	54	4.1
Sully	804	779	25	3.1	792	772	20	2.5
Todd	2,231	1,829	402	18.0	2,032	1,796	236	11.6
Tripp	3,535	3,436	99	2.8	3,558	3,429	129	3.6
Turner	4,705	4,591	114	2.4	4,622	4,522	100	2.2
Union	7,481	7,205	276	3.7	7,433	7,175	258	3.5
Walworth	3,486	3,286	200	5.7	3,437	3,287	150	4.4
Yankton	10,075	9,616	459	4.6	10,337	9,906	431	4.2
Ziebach	1,115	986	129	11.6	1,235	1,125	110	8.9

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[1] Labor Force estimates include employed and unemployed civilians 16 years old and older by place of residence.

TABLE 2
SOUTH DAKOTA NONAGRICULTURAL WAGE AND SALARY EMPLOYMENT*

(In thousands)

	Aug. 1981	July 1981	Aug. 1980	Percent Change From Last Month	Percent Change From Last Year
Total Nonagricultural	233.3	234.1	237.7	-0.3	-1.8
Manufacturing	26.1	26.3	25.4	-0.8	2.8
Durable Goods	13.2	13.1	12.9	0.8	2.3
Lumber & Furniture	1.0	1.1	1.1	-9.1	-9.1
Fabricated Metals & Machinery	8.7	8.5	8.5	2.4	2.4
Other Durable Goods	3.5	3.5	3.3	0.0	6.1
Nondurable Goods	12.9	13.2	12.5	-2.3	3.2
Food & Kindred Products	7.4	7.4	7.5	0.0	-1.3
Paper, Printing & Publishing	2.4	2.4	2.4	0.0	0.0
Other Nondurable Goods	3.1	3.4	2.6	-8.8	19.2
Nonmanufacturing	207.2	207.8	212.3	-0.3	-2.4
Mining	2.9	2.9	2.9	0.0	0.0
Construction	10.7	10.8	12.4	-0.9	-13.7
Transportation & Public Utilities	13.2	13.2	13.3	0.8	-0.8
Railroads	1.2	1.2	1.2	0.0	0.0
Other Transportation	6.2	6.2	6.3	0.0	-1.6
Communications & Public Utilities	5.8	5.7	5.8	1.8	0.0
Trade	63.7	63.6	65.7	0.2	-3.0
Wholesale Trade	17.0	17.2	17.4	-1.2	-2.3
Durable Goods	7.6	7.8	8.0	-2.6	-5.0
Nondurable Goods	9.4	9.4	9.4	0.0	0.0
Retail Trade	46.7	46.4	48.3	0.6	-3.3
Finance, Insurance & Real Estate	11.3	11.3	11.3	0.0	0.0
Services	51.7	51.3	51.9	0.8	-0.4
Hotels, Amuse., Pers. & Business	14.2	14.1	14.3	0.7	-0.7
Medical and Health	21.1	21.0	20.5	0.5	2.9
Educational, Membership & Social	13.7	13.4	14.4	2.2	-4.9
Other	2.7	2.8	2.7	-3.6	0.0
Government	53.7	54.8	54.8	-2.0	-2.0
Federal	10.6	10.8	11.0	-1.9	-3.6
State	14.5	15.4	15.1	-5.8	-4.0
State Education	5.9	5.2	6.4	13.5	-7.8
Other State	8.6	10.2	8.7	-15.7	-1.1
Local	28.6	28.6	28.7	0.0	-0.3
Local Education	13.6	13.2	13.4	3.0	1.5
Other Local	15.0	15.4	15.3	-2.6	-2.0

*This category includes full and part-time workers on the payrolls of nonagricultural establishments for the week including the 12th of the month.

TABLE 3
SIOUX FALLS AND RAPID CITY NONAGRICULTURAL WAGE AND SALARY EMPLOYMENT

SIOUX FALLS SMSA (MINNEHAHA COUNTY)

	Aug. 1981	July 1981	Aug. 1980	Percent Change From Last Month	Percent Change From Last Year
Total Nonagricultural	53,750	53,650	53,630	0.2	0.2
Manufacturing	8,020	8,120	7,900	-1.2	1.5
Durable Goods	2,240	2,340	2,260	-4.3	-0.9
Nondurable Goods	5,780	5,780	5,640	0.0	2.5
Food & Kindred Products	4,230	4,210	4,290	0.5	-1.4
Nonmanufacturing	45,730	45,530	45,730	0.4	0.0
Construction and Mining	2,420	2,490	2,700	-2.8	-10.4
Transportation & Public Utilities	4,880	4,820	4,740	1.2	3.0
Trade	15,820	15,820	15,870	0.0	-0.3
Wholesale Trade	4,870	4,910	4,920	-0.8	-1.0
Retail Trade	10,950	10,910	10,950	0.4	0.0
Finance, Insurance & Real Estate	3,450	3,420	3,400	0.9	1.5
Services	13,070	13,010	13,040	0.5	0.2
Government	6,090	5,970	5,980	2.0	1.8

RAPID CITY SMSA (PENNINGTON & MEADE COUNTY)

	Aug. 1981	July 1981	Aug. 1980	Percent Change From Last Month	Percent Change From Last Year
Total Nonagricultural	32,310	32,290	32,680	0.1	-1.1
Manufacturing	2,970	3,090	3,160	-3.9	-6.0
Durable Goods	2,020	2,140	2,180	-5.6	-7.3
Nondurable Goods	950	950	980	0.0	-3.1
Nonmanufacturing	29,340	29,200	29,520	0.5	-0.6
Construction and Mining	1,990	1,920	2,250	3.6	-11.6
Transportation & Public Utilities	1,890	1,900	1,890	-0.5	0.0
Trade	10,380	10,240	9,670	1.4	7.3
Wholesale Trade	1,860	1,840	1,670	1.1	11.4
Retail Trade	8,520	8,400	8,000	1.4	6.5
Finance, Insurance & Real Estate	1,560	1,580	1,550	-1.3	0.6
Services	7,310	7,250	7,530	0.8	-2.9
Government	6,210	6,310	6,630	-1.6	-6.3

TABLE 4
HOURS AND EARNINGS PRODUCTION WORKERS*

	Average Weekly Earnings			Average Weekly Hours			Average Hourly Earnings		
	Aug. 1981	July 1981	Aug. 1980	Aug. 1981	July 1981	Aug. 1980	Aug. 1981	July 1981	Aug. 1980
South Dakota Statewide									
Manufacturing......................	293.76	285.10	272.02	40.8	41.2	40.3	7.20	6.92	6.75
Durable Goods....................	271.88	253.76	234.55	40.1	39.9	40.3	6.78	6.36	5.82
Lumber & Furniture............	246.33	235.25	240.49	34.5	36.7	40.9	7.14	6.41	5.88
Fabricated Metals & Mach......	267.07	255.60	220.40	41.6	40.0	38.0	6.42	6.39	5.80
Nondurable Goods................	315.82	314.61	309.10	41.5	42.4	40.3	7.61	7.42	7.67
Food & Kindred Products.......	396.03	392.50	366.66	43.0	44.4	42.0	9.21	8.84	8.73
Paper, Printing & Publishing..	230.10	230.62	215.78	35.4	35.7	35.2	6.50	6.46	6.13
Sioux Falls SMSA									
Manufacturing......................	403.19	406.94	383.59	45.1	47.1	43.1	8.94	8.64	8.90
Durable Goods....................	279.07	277.30	260.43	41.1	40.9	39.7	6.79	6.78	6.56
Nondurable Goods................	427.33	436.02	411.28	45.9	48.5	43.8	9.31	8.99	9.39
Rapid City SMSA									
Manufacturing......................	245.34	244.27	204.51	33.7	33.6	33.2	7.28	7.27	6.16

*Average hours and earnings data are derived from reports of payrolls and hours for production and related workers.

TABLE 5
CONSUMER PRICE INDEX
ALL URBAN CONSUMERS

	July 1981	June 1981	July 1980	Percent Change From Last Month	Percent Change From Last Year
1967-100					
All Items.............	274.4	271.3	247.8	1.1	10.7
Food & Beverages....	268.9	266.5	248.3	0.4	8.3
Housing.............	297.0	292.2	265.1	1.6	12.0
Apparel.............	184.7	185.8	176.2	-0.6	4.8
Transportation......	282.6	279.9	251.0	1.0	12.6
Medical Care........	295.6	291.5	266.6	1.4	10.9
Entertainment.......	221.1	220.8	206.6	0.1	7.0

TABLE 6
LABOR TURNOVER RATES
(per 100 employees)

ACCESSION RATES

	Total			New Hires			Recalls		
	Aug. 1981	July 1981	Aug. 1980	Aug. 1981	July 1981	Aug. 1980	Aug. 1981	July 1981	Aug. 1980
Statewide									
Manufacturing...............	2.6	3.3	2.3	1.7	2.2	1.4	0.7	1.0	0.7
Durable Goods............	3.4	3.6	2.4	2.2	2.9	1.7	0.8	0.5	0.2
Nondurable Goods.........	1.7	3.0	2.3	1.1	1.4	1.1	0.5	1.6	1.1
Mining.....................	1.7	3.1	0.7	1.4	2.5	0.7	0.3	0.6	*
Sioux Falls SMSA									
Manufacturing...............	1.5	3.0	2.1	0.7	0.6	0.9	0.7	2.3	1.2

* Less than 0.05%.

SEPARATION RATES

	Total			Quits			Layoffs		
	Aug. 1981	July 1981	Aug. 1980	Aug. 1981	July 1981	Aug. 1980	Aug. 1981	July 1981	Aug. 1980
Statewide									
Manufacturing...............	5.2	3.7	4.7	3.0	1.2	2.5	1.7	2.0	0.2
Durable Goods............	7.4	3.7	6.1	4.0	1.6	3.0	2.8	1.5	1.4
Nondurable Goods.........	3.0	3.6	3.4	2.1	0.8	2.1	0.6	2.5	1.0
Mining.....................	5.4	1.7	4.4	1.6	0.5	1.1	3.2	0.6	3.0
Sioux Falls SMSA									
Manufacturing...............	2.2	5.4	2.7	1.4	0.8	1.3	0.6	4.3	1.1

TABLE 7
CHARACTERISTICS OF THE INSURED UNEMPLOYED - STATEWIDE

	Number			Percent		
	Aug. 1981	July 1981	Aug. 1980	Aug. 1981	July 1981	Aug. 1980
Sex, Total	3,091	3,671	4,041	100.0	100.0	100.0
Male	1,672	1,997	2,371	54.1	54.4	58.7
Female	1,419	1,674	1,670	45.9	45.6	41.3
Race, Total	3,091	3,671	4,041	100.0	100.0	100.0
White	2,233	2,732	3,354	72.2	74.4	83.0
Nonwhite	858	939	687	27.8	25.6	17.0
Age, Total	3,091	3,671	4,041	100.0	100.0	100.0
Under 45	2,317	2,768	3,126	75.0	75.4	77.4
Over 45	774	903	915	25.0	24.6	22.6
Industry, Total	3,091	3,671	4,041	100.0	100.0	100.0
Mining	26	33	47	0.8	0.9	1.2
Construction	539	707	709	17.4	19.3	17.5
Manufacturing	481	648	1,072	15.6	17.6	26.5
Transportation & Public Utilities	110	111	182	3.6	3.0	4.5
Trade	726	858	979	23.5	23.4	24.2
Finance, Insurance & Real Estate	66	76	88	2.1	2.1	2.2
Services	859	914	703	27.8	24.9	17.4
Government	284	324	261	9.2	8.8	6.5
Occupation, Total	3,091	3,671	4,041	100.0	100.0	100.0
Professional & Managerial	474	525	454	15.3	14.3	11.2
Clerical and Sales	681	813	807	22.0	22.2	20.0
Services	540	604	504	17.5	16.5	12.5
Processing	122	163	166	4.0	4.4	4.1
Machine Trade	131	155	287	4.3	4.2	7.1
Benchwork	152	216	329	4.9	5.9	8.1
Structural Work	678	831	1,065	21.9	22.6	26.4
Other	313	364	429	10.1	9.9	10.6
Duration of Current Spell of Unemployment - Total	3,091	3,671	4,041	100.0	100.0	100.0
1-2 Weeks	399	706	473	12.9	19.2	11.7
3-4 Weeks	339	641	438	11.0	17.5	10.8
5-14 Weeks	1,610	1,509	2,090	52.1	41.1	51.7
15 Weeks & Over	743	815	1,040	24.0	22.2	25.8

TABLE 8
SELECTED LABOR DEPARTMENT ACTIVITIES - STATEWIDE

	Aug. 1981	July 1981	Aug. 1980	Percent Change From	
				Last Month	Last Year
JOB SERVICE					
New Job Applicants	4,480	5,049	4,296	-11.3	4.3
New Job Applicants October 1 to Date	43,555	39,230	46,380	11.0	-6.1
Nonagricultural Job Openings	4,681	5,633	4,834	-16.9	-3.2
Job Placements October 1 to Date	38,596	34,276	49,090	12.6	-21.4
Nonagricultural	36,757	32,962	47,358	11.5	-22.4
Agricultural	1,839	1,314	1,732	40.0	6.2
Applicants Available October 1 to Date	78,630	74,271	78,476	5.9	0.2
Individuals Placed October 1 to Date	23,840	21,855	28,651	9.1	-16.8
UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE					
State Program					
Initial Claims Monthly Total	1,697	2,767	1,808	-38.7	-6.1
Weeks Claimed Monthly Total	12,460	17,051	16,571	-26.9	-24.8
Initial Claims October 1 to Date	29,860	28,169	30,117	6.0	-0.9
Weeks Claimed October 1 to Date	214,875	202,415	188,866	6.2	13.8
Amount of Benefit Payments	$1,015,085	$1,342,081	$1,330,520	-24.4	-23.7
Average Weekly Benefit Amount	$103.56	$104.03	$98.05	-0.5	5.6
Benefit Payments October 1 to Date	$17,834,033	$16,818,948	$14,914,753	6.0	19.6
Unemployment Trust Fund (in ooo's)	$10,632.7	$9,019.3	$13,349.6	17.9	-20.4
Federal Program					
Initial Claims October 1 to Date	1,627	1,516	1,772	7.3	-8.2
Weeks Claimed October 1 to Date	9,844	9,505	8,960	3.6	9.9
Benefit Payments October 1 to Date	$1,068,499	$996,611	$934,869	7.2	14.3

TABLE 9
JOB OPENINGS RECEIVED AND FILLED BY AVERAGE WAGE FOR MAJOR OCCUPATIONAL GROUP*

Occupational Group	Openings Received	Percent	Openings Filled	Percent	Percent Filled To Openings	Average Wage Placed
SOUTH DAKOTA STATEWIDE	44,876	100.0	38,596	100.0	86.0	3.73
Professional/Technical/Managerial........	4,084	9.1	2,122	5.5	52.0	5.90
Clerical.................................	5,699	12.7	4,677	12.1	82.1	3.56
Sales....................................	2,395	5.4	1,721	4.5	71.9	3.60
Domestic.................................	7,548	16.8	7,470	19.3	99.0	2.89
Other Services...........................	8,219	18.3	6,840	17.7	83.2	3.23
Farming/Fishery/Forestry.................	4,188	9.3	3,890	10.1	92.9	3.93
Processing...............................	459	1.0	456	1.2	99.3	4.03
Machine Trades...........................	796	1.8	586	1.5	73.6	4.24
Benchwork................................	1,123	2.5	1,032	2.7	91.9	3.62
Structural...............................	3,486	7.8	3,213	8.3	92.2	4.30
Motor Freight/Transportation.............	1,532	3.4	1,356	3.5	88.5	4.72
Packaging & Materials Handling...........	4,946	11.0	4,856	12.6	98.2	4.12
Other....................................	401	0.9	377	1.0	94.0	3.85
SIOUX FALLS SMSA	6,672	100.0	5,492	100.0	82.3	3.69
Professional/Technical/Managerial........	398	6.0	212	3.9	53.3	4.77
Clerical.................................	1,341	20.1	1,004	18.3	74.9	3.69
Sales....................................	642	9.6	411	7.5	64.0	3.57
Domestic.................................	979	14.7	955	17.4	97.5	2.89
Other Services...........................	1,164	17.4	915	16.6	78.6	3.30
Farming/Fishery/Forestry.................	235	3.5	226	4.1	96.2	3.25
Processing...............................	28	0.4	24	0.4	85.7	4.82
Machine Trades...........................	117	1.8	82	1.5	70.1	4.10
Benchwork................................	127	1.9	114	2.1	89.8	3.68
Structural...............................	460	6.9	422	7.7	91.7	4.65
Motor Freight/Transportation.............	369	5.5	340	6.2	92.1	4.52
Packaging & Materials Handling...........	691	10.4	671	12.2	97.1	4.16
Other....................................	121	1.8	116	2.1	95.9	3.72
RAPID CITY SMSA	7,981	100.0	6,847	100.0	85.8	3.60
Professional/Technical/Managerial........	499	6.3	289	4.2	57.9	4.63
Clerical.................................	1,024	12.8	856	12.5	83.6	3.46
Sales....................................	531	6.7	393	5.7	74.0	3.71
Domestic.................................	1,200	15.0	1,198	17.5	99.8	2.62
Other Services...........................	1,931	24.2	1,510	22.1	78.2	3.22
Farming/Fishery/Forestry.................	258	3.2	248	3.6	96.1	3.86
Processing...............................	25	0.3	22	0.3	88.0	4.14
Machine Trades...........................	121	1.5	83	1.2	68.6	4.74
Benchwork................................	183	2.3	174	2.6	95.1	3.64
Structural...............................	621	7.8	550	8.0	88.6	4.64
Motor Freight/Transportation.............	443	5.6	409	6.0	92.3	4.74
Packaging & Materials Handling...........	1,065	13.3	1,042	15.2	97.8	3.89
Other....................................	80	1.0	73	1.1	91.3	3.89

*All figures are cumulative for the period 10-1-80/8-31-81. Openings filled may include orders from prior fiscal years resulting in a figure greater than 100.0 percent filled to openings.

11/2/81 S7355-1 A

South Dakota

Labor Bulletin

Compiled October 20, 1981

Report for September 1981

ALTERNATIVE INFLATION METERS

The economist's definition of inflation is "a rising general level of prices."[1] The most generally accepted measuring device used to gauge inflation is the Consumer Price Index (CPI). Over the long term this measuring device and other inflation measuring devices are good indicators of the rising general level of prices. David Callahan, an economist in the Office of Prices and Living Conditions, Bureau of Labor Statistics has written an article on the different inflation-measuring devices and the search for one that can show what the general inflation trend is excluding sudden price changes that distort the picture of "general" price level increases.[2] That is, a measure that can be viewed as reliable in the short term.

His article "Defining the Rate of Underlying Inflation" says there are two basic ideas on the way to measure the underlying or basic inflation rate in the short term. One school of thought believes in excluding all external "shocks" such as OPEC price increases or severe weather conditions. Others believe the underlying inflation rate can be equated to the "long run trend in the costs of the factors of production".

The first school of thought uses a modified CPI to measure general inflation as shown in Charts 1 and 2 beginning on page 2. CPI 1 excludes food and energy. CPI 2 excludes financing, taxes, insurance; home purchase; food; energy; and used cars. Alternatives include the Producer Price Index (PPI), personal consumption expenditures, and unit labor costs. Callahan says "the common element among all of these is the exclusion from some existing comprehensive measure of inflation of all of the items whose prices are considered to be uncontrollable in the short run." In different periods of time the items excluded could theoretically differ depending on which items were presenting a shock to the economy.

The other school of thought used to estimate true inflation is based on a "building block" approach. The Data Resources Inc. Model (DRI), also in Chart 1, is an example of the production costs philosophy. It is a combination of the estimates of unit labor cost trend (with a weight of 0.65) and capital cost trend (with a weight of 0.35). Labor costs are dependent on the unemployment rate, price expectations, and productivity. Callahan writes that capital costs depend on the prime interest rate, current high-grade corporate bond rates, and price expectations.

Callahan points out that shocks in today's inflation do become part of tomorrow's underlying inflation rate because of the circular nature of our economy. An increase in one component price will have an eventual effect on all prices.

The choice of which barometer best measures CPI fluctuations depends on an individual user's needs. Callahan states that each of the measures in Chart 1 has been called "'the' underlying rate of inflation at one time or another by such groups as the Cost of Living Council, the Council of Economic Advisors, the Council on Wage and Price Stability, analysts preparing the Economic Report of the President, and various other policy makers."

The September 1981 Monthly Labor Review features Callahan's article and two other articles on inflation. One article is entitled "Reconciling the CPI and the PCE Deflator" and the other is "Some Proposals to Improve the CPI."

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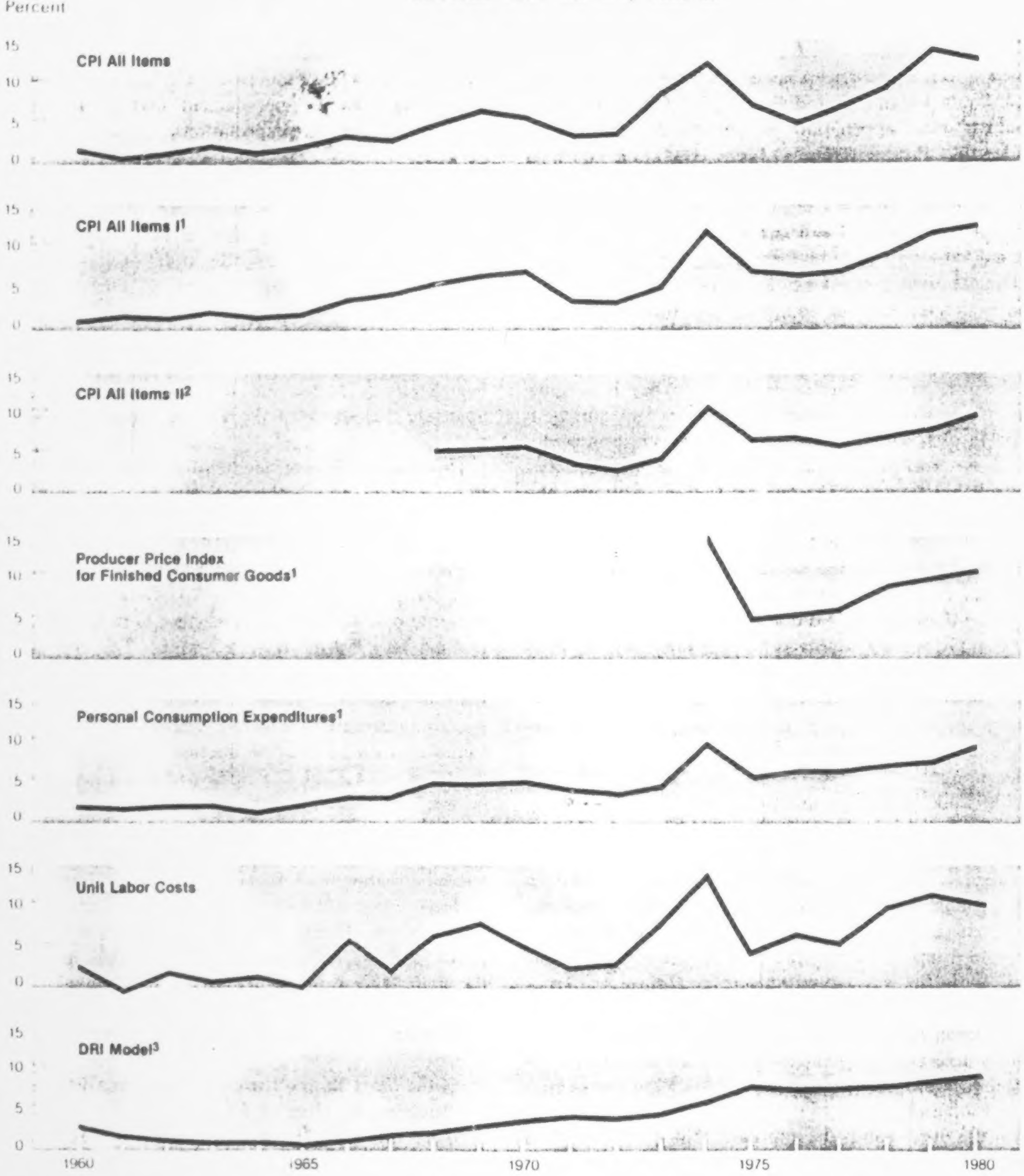
[1] McConnell, Campbell. Economics, Sixth Edition, p.197.

[2] Callahan, David. "Defining the Rate of Underlying Inflation," Monthly Labor Review, Sept. 1981, p. 16-19.

Published Monthly by the South Dakota Department of Labor

This publication was printed at a cost of 7.7 cents per copy and contains labor market information. Eight hundred copies were printed.

*CHART 1
SOME ALTERNATIVE MEASURES OF THE UNDERLYING INFLATION RATE COMPARED WITH THE CPI, 1960-80



[1] Excludes food and energy
[2] Excludes financing, taxes, and insurance, home purchase, food, energy, and used cars
[3] Data Resources, Inc. model

Note: A more complete description of each of the above measures may be found in the footnotes to table 1.

* This chart reproduced from the September 1981 Monthly Labor Review, p.18.

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CHART 2
ANNUAL PERCENT CHANGE IN ALTERNATIVE MEASURES OF THE UNDERLYING RATE OF INFLATION AND IN THE CPI, 1960-80

Year	CPI All Items	CPI All Items[1]	CPI All Items II[2]	Producer Price Index For Finished Consumer Goods[1]	Personal Consumption tion Expenditures[3]	Unit Labor Costs[4]	DRI Model[5]
1960	1.5	0.8	----	----	1.6	2.2	2.8
1961	0.7	1.5	----	----	1.3	-1.0	1.7
1962	1.2	1.1	----	----	1.6	1.1	1.0
1963	1.6	1.8	----	----	1.8	0.3	0.8
1964	1.2	1.2	----	----	1.1	1.0	0.7
1965	1.9	1.5	----	----	1.8	-0.2	0.5
1966	3.4	3.3	----	----	2.8	5.7	0.9
1967	3.0	3.9	----	----	3.1	1.7	1.4
1968	4.7	5.1	5.0	----	4.6	6.0	1.7
1969	6.1	6.1	5.1	----	4.5	7.8	2.7
1970	5.5	6.6	5.6	----	4.7	5.0	3.8
1971	3.4	3.1	3.7	----	4.0	2.0	4.0
1972	3.4	3.0	2.7	----	3.2	2.7	3.9
1973	8.8	4.7	4.2	----	4.3	7.6	4.2
1974	12.2	11.3	10.7	14.9	9.5	13.7	5.7
1975	7.0	6.7	6.2	4.9	5.6	4.0	7.5
1976	4.8	6.1	6.4	5.1	6.0	6.3	7.4
1977	6.8	6.4	5.9	5.7	6.0	5.1	7.4
1978	9.0	8.5	6.5	8.5	6.8	9.5	7.8
1979	13.3	11.3	7.8	9.7	7.1	10.9	8.1
1980	12.4	12.1	9.4	10.4	9.1	10.3	8.9

[1] Excludes food and energy. Covers the period December to December.

[2] Excludes financing, taxes, and insurance; home purchase; food; energy; and used cars. Covers the period December to December.

[3] Excludes food and energy. Covers the fourth quarter to fourth quarter period.

[4] Data are for the private business sector, on all all-persons basis. Covers the fourth quarter to fourth quarter period.

[5] Data are from the Data Resources, Inc. model, and represent the weighted combination of estimated trends in unit labor costs and capital costs.

Note: Dash indicates data not available.

LABOR FORCE

The South Dakota unemployment rate for September dipped to 4.2%, which matches the previous low for this year set in May. The rate hasn't been lower since December 1979. The estimate for August was 4.4% and one year ago in September it was 4.3%.

Despite the current decline, it looks like the annual average unemployment rate for 1981 will be 4.9%. That will be the highest annual average rate recorded in South Dakota since records have been kept, surpassing the 1980 figure of 4.7%. If the latest downward jiggles in the interest rate become a trend, however, unemployment should continue to fall. This, of course, assumes no unforeseen events, such as the closing of a major manufacturing plant, which could disrupt the states economy and have a devastating effect on the Unemployment Insurance system.

Total employment, which posted a seasonal decline from August to September, was virtually unchanged from one year ago at 330,500. Total unemployment in September dropped by about 1,000 to 14,500. It was also below the year-ago estimate of 14,700.

NONAGRICULTURAL WAGE AND SALARY EMPLOYMENT

The only employment increases from August to September in the nonfarm sector were related to the fall school openings. Transportation, other than railroads, which includes school buses, increased by 400 jobs, and state colleges and local education were up 900 and 2,600 respectively.

During the past year, manufacturing was the only major industry to show an overall increase in employment. The 2.4% rise, representing 600 jobs, reflected increased levels of employment in the garment manufacturing industry.

Construction employment was down 12% (1,400 jobs) at 10,300 in September. The October figure for this industry will, no doubt, look even worse as the pipe line workers move out of state.

Government showed the second largest decline in employment among the major industries during the past year. State government was down 4.4% (700 jobs) at 15,100, while local government dropped 2.6% (800 jobs) to 30,000 and federal government was off 1.8% (200 jobs) at 10,700.

HOURS AND EARNINGS

During the midweek of September, the average manufacturing production worker in South Dakota worked 41.5 hours a week at $7.17 an hour for a gross weekly wage of $297.56. The weekly wage was 7.3% higher than the year-ago figure of $277.44.

SIOUX FALLS SMSA

The unemployment rate in Sioux Falls bouncd back up to 5.0% in September from 4.5% in August as 3,090 Sioux Falls residents were out of jobs and looking for work. One year ago in September 2,783 Sioux Falls residents or 4.4% of the labor force were looking for work. The total number employed in September was 59,021 compared with 60,499 in August and 60,420 a year ago.

Nonfarm payroll employment was virtually unchanged from August to September at 53,270, but was slightly lower than the year-ago figure of 54,210. Manufacturing, which dipped from August to September, was the only major industry with a gain in employment since one year ago. The September estimate of 7,940 compared with 8,030 in August and 7,840 in September 1980. Construction employment declined from 2,440 in August to 2,350 in September and was almost 9% below the year ago figure of 2,580.

The average manufacturing production worker in Sioux Falls worked 40.8 hours a week in September at $7.15 an hour for a gross weekly wage of $291.72.

RAPID CITY SMSA

The unemployment rate for Rapid City posted a seasonal jump to 5.0% in September from 4.3% in August. It was also slightly ahead of the year-ago figure of 4.9%. The total number of unemployed was 2,210 in September compared with 2,112 one year ago. Total employment increased 2.9%, from 40,635 to 41,811, over the past year.

Nonfarm payroll employment dipped to 33,200 in September from 33,340 in August, but it was up almost 2% from the year-ago figure of 32,590. Manufacturing employment was down slightly at 3,100 in September compared with the previous year, but nonmanufacturing increased 2.1% to 30,100. Trade employment was up 7.6% from last year at 10,140 and finance/insurance/real estate advanced 5.2% to 1,610. Construction employment, on the other hand, continued to run below the year ago level. It was down almost 11% at 1,960.

The average manufacturing production worker in Rapid City worked 37.3 hours a week in September at $6.91 an hour for a gross weekly wage of $257.74.

JOB SERVICE ACTIVITY

There were 19,737 active work applicants registered at South Dakota Job Service offices as of September 30. For the same period one year ago, 17,995 persons were registered at Job Service offices. The 9.7% increase over the previous period reflects, no doubt, diminished activity in the construction, trade and government sectors of the state's economy. Past articles dealt with the female, veteran and minority characteristics of the registered applicants. This month's article will discuss the economically disadvantaged characteristics of current applicants.

The 5,262 work applicants classified as being economically disadvantaged made up 26.7% of the total applicants. Paradoxically, one year ago that figure was 29.7%. A plausible explanation may be that the increase in the number of work applicants are persons who are simply out of work because of the current economic downturn and not economically disadvantaged in the short run.

Females accounted for nearly two-thirds of the economically disadvantaged applicants. American Indian or Alaskan native applicants accounted for a 32.8% share of the disadvantaged group. Whites recorded a 64.9% share with other ethnic groups each showing less than one percent each.

There were 610 veterans classified as being economically disadvantaged. This number was 23.5% of the total veteran applicants. Of the total 610 veterans classified, 111 were female, an extra-ordinary high ratio of female veterans to male. In actuality, that number involved all of the female veterans registered whereas a total of 2,487 male veterans were on file.

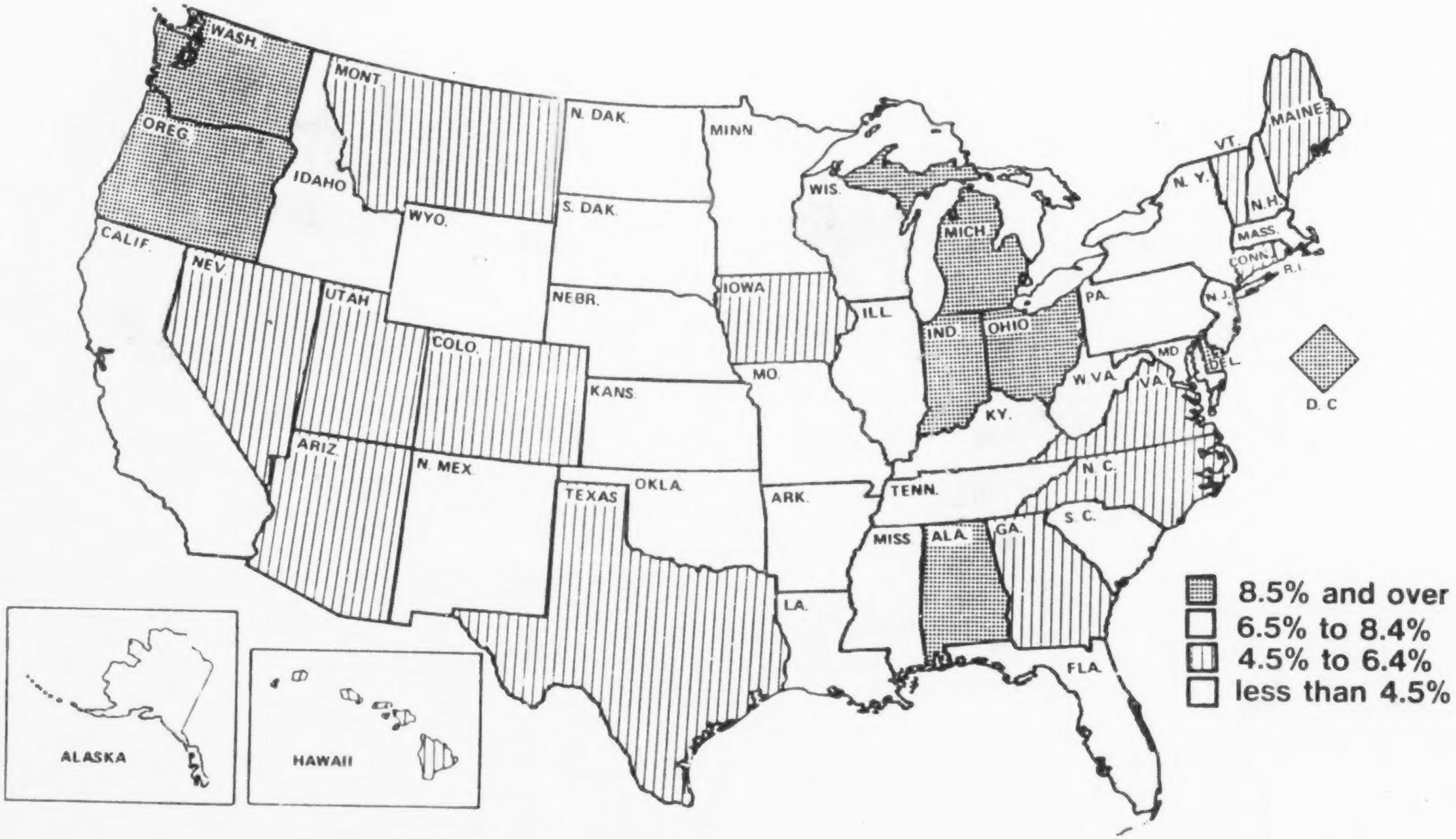
The economically disadvantaged applicants showed a lesser degree of education and a higher level of aging. Handicapped economically disadvantaged applicants accounted for a 11.5% share of the total disadvantaged applicants.

The following table summarizes the preceding information.

SOUTH DAKOTA APPLICANTS ON FILE
AS OF SEPTEMBER 30, 1981

	NOT ECONOMICALLY DISADVANTAGED		ECONOMICALLY DISADVANTAGED	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
TOTAL	14,475	100.0	5,262	100.0
SEX				
MALE	8,226	56.8	1,871	35.6
FEMALE	6,249	43.2	3,391	64.4
AGE				
21 AND UNDER	4,295	29.7	1,469	27.9
22-34	6,483	44.8	2,326	44.2
35-54	2,920	20.2	1,320	25.1
55 AND OVER	777	5.4	147	2.8
HIGHEST SCHOOL GRADE				
0-7	516	3.6	193	3.7
8-11	3,217	22.2	1,911	36.3
12	6,328	43.7	2,181	41.4
OVER 12	4,414	30.5	977	18.6
MINORITY				
WHITE	12,379	85.5	3,416	64.9
AMERICAN INDIAN	1,678	11.6	1,725	32.8
OTHER	418	2.9	121	2.3
HANDICAPPED	668	4.6	603	11.5
ELIGIBLE CLAIMANT	2,976	20.6	412	7.8
VETERAN	1,988	13.7	610	11.6
VIETNAM ERA	819	5.7	242	4.6
DISABLED	91	0.6	35	0.7

Unemployment Rates by State, August 1981


WASH.
OREG.
CALIF.
IDAHO
NEV.
MONT.
WYO.
UTAH
COLO.
ARIZ.
N. MEX.
N. DAK.
S. DAK.
NEBR.
KANS.
OKLA.
TEXAS
MINN.
IOWA
MO.
ARK.
LA.
WIS.
ILL.
MICH.
IND.
OHIO
KY.
TENN.
MISS.
ALA.
GA.
FLA.
S. C.
N. C.
VA.
W. VA.
MD.
DEL.
N. J.
PA.
N. Y.
VT.
N. H.
MAINE
MASS.
CONN.
R. I.
D. C.
ALASKA
HAWAII
8.5% and over
6.5% to 8.4%
4.5% to 6.4%
less than 4.5%

Source: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, October 1981

TABLE 1
LABOR FORCE / EMPLOYMENT / UNEMPLOYMENT

	September 1981				September 1980			
	LABOR FORCE[1]	EMPLOYMENT	UNEMPLOYMENT	RATE	LABOR FORCE[1]	EMPLOYMENT	UNEMPLOYMENT	RATE
United States	105,964,000	98,277,000	7,687,000	7.3[2]	104,720,000	97,256,000	7,464,000	7.1[2]
South Dakota	345,000	330,500	14,500	4.2	345,000	330,300	14,700	4.3
Sioux Falls SMSA	62,109	59,021	3,088	5.0	63,203	60,420	2,783	4.4
Rapid City SMSA	44,021	41,811	2,210	5.0	42,747	40,635	2,112	4.9
Aurora	1,737	1,666	71	4.1	1,824	1,800	24	1.3
Beadle	10,431	10,042	389	3.7	10,343	9,912	431	4.2
Bennett	1,331	1,279	52	4.0	1,227	1,192	35	2.9
Bon Homme	3,984	3,901	83	2.1	3,932	3,788	144	3.7
Brookings	14,665	14,229	436	3.0	14,965	14,265	700	4.7
Brown	19,660	18,949	711	3.6	19,781	18,834	947	4.8
Brule	3,119	3,026	93	3.0	3,087	2,995	92	3.0
Buffalo	567	500	67	11.8	570	503	67	11.8
Butte	4,215	4,082	133	3.2	4,055	4,003	52	1.3
Campbell	930	912	18	1.9	815	785	30	3.7
Charles Mix	4,317	4,052	265	6.1	4,111	3,946	165	4.0
Clark	2,337	2,308	29	1.2	1,951	1,891	60	3.1
Clay	6,184	5,966	218	3.5	6,195	5,794	401	6.5
Codington	10,220	9,713	507	5.0	10,924	10,259	665	6.1
Corson	1,635	1,464	171	10.5	1,501	1,377	124	8.3
Custer	2,461	2,391	70	2.8	2,514	2,440	74	2.9
Davison	9,933	9,572	361	3.6	9,719	9,372	347	3.6
Day	3,382	3,266	116	3.4	3,326	3,227	99	3.0
Deuel	2,411	2,354	57	2.4	2,262	2,167	95	4.2
Dewey	2,258	1,984	274	12.1	2,066	1,950	116	5.6
Douglas	2,083	2,023	60	2.9	2,039	1,986	53	2.6
Edmunds	2,197	2,113	84	3.8	2,097	2,049	48	2.3
Fall River	3,591	3,451	140	3.9	3,870	3,724	146	3.8
Faulk	1,479	1,452	27	1.8	1,469	1,446	23	1.6
Grant	4,613	4,490	123	2.7	4,712	4,516	196	4.2
Gregory	2,719	2,658	61	2.2	2,700	2,615	85	3.1
Haakon	1,501	1,485	16	1.1	1,491	1,468	23	1.5
Hamlin	2,483	2,438	45	1.8	2,237	2,147	90	4.0
Hand	2,291	2,239	52	2.3	2,356	2,318	38	1.6
Hanson	1,245	1,187	58	4.7	1,203	1,143	60	5.0

[1] Labor Force estimates include employed and unemployed civilians 16 years old and older by place of residence.

[2] The seasonally adjusted rates which were announced by the national government were 7.5 and 7.4. The data in this table are not seasonally adjusted.

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TABLE 1 (Continued)
LABOR FORCE / EMPLOYMENT / UNEMPLOYMENT

	September 1981				September 1980			
	LABOR FORCE[1]	EMPLOYMENT	UNEMPLOYMENT	RATE	LABOR FORCE[1]	EMPLOYMENT	UNEMPLOYMENT	RATE
Harding	729	724	5	0.7	752	743	9	1.2
Hughes	8,017	7,727	290	3.6	8,170	7,825	345	4.2
Hutchinson	4,484	4,383	101	2.3	4,633	4,463	170	3.7
Hyde	911	870	41	4.5	875	845	30	3.4
Jackson	1,106	1,044	62	5.6	1,084	1,039	45	4.2
Jerauld	1,328	1,314	14	1.1	1,343	1,322	21	1.6
Jones	709	692	17	2.4	686	672	14	2.0
Kingsbury	3,816	3,779	37	1.0	3,842	3,745	97	2.5
Lake	5,504	5,328	176	3.2	5,938	5,636	302	5.1
Lawrence	9,299	8,838	461	5.0	9,292	8,867	425	4.6
Lincoln	7,048	6,819	229	3.2	7,203	6,949	254	3.5
Lyman	1,522	1,443	79	5.2	1,476	1,435	41	2.8
McCook	2,691	2,583	108	4.0	2,797	2,610	187	6.7
McPherson	1,826	1,776	50	2.7	1,829	1,808	21	1.1
Marshall	2,173	2,093	80	3.7	2,119	2,049	70	3.3
Meade	9,343	9,045	298	3.2	9,071	8,790	281	3.1
Mellette	784	745	39	5.0	829	761	68	8.2
Miner	1,871	1,826	45	2.4	1,947	1,860	87	4.5
Minnehaha	62,109	59,201	3,088	5.0	63,203	60,420	2,783	4.4
Moody	3,679	3,585	94	2.6	3,455	3,382	73	2.1
Pennington	34,678	32,766	1,912	5.5	33,676	31,845	1,831	5.4
Perkins	2,372	2,331	41	1.7	2,321	2,263	58	2.5
Potter	2,095	2,051	44	2.1	2,087	2,018	69	3.3
Roberts	4,684	4,461	223	4.8	4,529	4,314	215	4.7
Sanborn	1,416	1,367	49	3.5	1,398	1,368	30	2.1
Shannon	3,104	2,609	495	15.9	3,015	2,731	284	9.4
Spink	3,957	3,917	40	1.0	4,018	3,972	46	1.1
Stanley	1,274	1,240	34	2.7	1,317	1,272	45	3.4
Sully	805	763	42	5.2	768	729	39	5.1
Todd	2,321	1,980	341	14.7	2,276	2,040	236	10.4
Tripp	3,313	3,234	79	2.4	3,389	3,299	90	2.7
Turner	4,634	4,505	129	2.8	4,476	4,343	133	3.0
Union	6,730	6,533	197	2.9	7,216	6,965	251	3.5
Walworth	3,365	3,170	195	5.8	3,376	3,193	183	5.4
Yankton	10,109	9,692	417	4.1	10,031	9,659	372	3.7
Ziebach	1,172	1,050	122	10.4	1,201	1,133	68	5.7

[1] Labor Force estimates include employed and unemployed civilians 16 years old and older by place of residence.

TABLE 2
SOUTH DAKOTA NONAGRICULTURAL WAGE AND SALARY EMPLOYMENT*
(In thousands)

	Sept. 1981	Aug. 1981	Sept. 1980	Percent Change From	
				Last Month	Last Year
Total Nonagricultural	233.5	234.3	238.1	-0.3	-1.9
Manufacturing	25.8	26.0	25.2	-0.8	2.4
Durable Goods	12.8	13.0	12.7	-1.5	0.8
Lumber & Furniture	1.0	1.1	1.1	-9.1	-9.1
Fabricated Metals & Machinery	8.4	8.4	8.3	0.0	1.2
Other Durable Goods	3.4	3.5	3.3	-2.9	3.0
Nondurable Goods	13.0	13.0	12.5	0.0	4.0
Food & Kindred Products	7.3	7.3	7.5	0.0	-2.7
Paper, Printing & Publishing	2.4	2.4	2.3	0.0	4.3
Other Nondurable Goods	3.3	3.3	2.7	0.0	-10.8
Nonmanufacturing	207.7	208.3	212.9	-0.3	-2.4
Mining	2.9	2.9	2.9	0.0	0.0
Construction	10.3	10.8	11.7	-4.6	-12.0
Transportation & Public Utilities	13.5	13.1	13.6	3.1	-0.7
Railroads	1.2	1.2	1.2	0.0	0.0
Other Transportation	6.6	6.2	6.6	6.5	0.0
Communications & Public Utilities	5.7	5.7	5.8	0.0	-1.7
Trade	63.1	63.8	64.9	-1.1	-2.8
Wholesale Trade	16.6	17.1	17.0	-2.9	-2.4
Durable Goods	7.4	7.7	7.9	-3.9	-6.3
Nondurable Goods	9.2	9.4	9.1	-2.1	1.1
Retail Trade	46.5	46.7	47.9	-0.4	-2.9
Finance, Insurance & Real Estate	11.1	11.3	11.1	-1.8	0.0
Services	51.0	51.9	51.2	-1.7	-0.4
Hotels, Amuse., Pers. & Business	13.5	14.3	13.4	-5.6	0.7
Medical and Health	21.5	21.4	20.5	0.5	4.9
Educational, Membership & Social	13.4	13.5	14.7	-0.7	-8.8
Other	2.6	2.7	2.6	-3.7	0.0
Government	55.8	54.5	57.5	2.3	-3.0
Federal	10.7	10.8	10.9	-0.9	-1.8
State	15.1	14.6	15.8	3.4	-4.4
State Education	7.0	6.1	7.4	14.8	-5.4
Other State	8.1	8.5	8.4	-4.7	-3.6
Local	30.0	29.1	30.8	3.1	-2.6
Local Education	16.4	13.8	17.2	18.8	-4.7
Other Local	13.6	15.3	13.6	-11.1	0.0

*This category includes full and part-time workers on the payrolls of nonagricultural establishments for the week including the 12th of the month.

TABLE 3
SIOUX FALLS AND RAPID CITY NONAGRICULTURAL WAGE AND SALARY EMPLOYMENT

SIOUX FALLS SMSA (MINNEHAHA COUNTY)

				Percent Change From	
	Sept. 1981	Aug. 1981	Sept. 1980	Last Month	Last Year
Total Nonagricultural	53,270	53,260	54,210	0.0	-1.7
Manufacturing	7,940	8,030	7,840	-1.1	1.3
Durable Goods	2,130	2,240	2,250	-4.9	-5.3
Nondurable Goods	5,810	5,790	5,590	0.3	3.9
Food & Kindred Products	4,230	4,230	4,230	0.0	0.0
Nonmanufacturing	45,330	45,230	46,370	0.2	-2.2
Construction and Mining	2,350	2,440	2,580	-3.7	-8.9
Transportation & Public Utilities	4,780	4,790	4,780	-0.3	0.0
Trade	15,140	15,630	15,800	-3.1	-4.2
Wholesale Trade	4,620	4,900	4,880	-5.7	-5.3
Retail Trade	10,520	10,730	10,920	-2.0	-3.7
Finance, Insurance & Real Estate	3,380	3,440	3,400	-1.7	-0.6
Services	13,100	13,020	13,130	0.6	-0.2
Government	6,580	5,910	6,680	11.3	-1.5

RAPID CITY SMSA (PENNINGTON & MEADE COUNTY)

				Percent Change From	
	Sept. 1981	Aug. 1981	Sept. 1980	Last Month	Last Year
Total Nonagricultural	33,200	33,340	32,590	-0.4	1.9
Manufacturing	3,100	3,120	3,120	-0.6	-0.6
Durable Goods	2,190	2,180	2,160	0.5	1.4
Nondurable Goods	910	940	960	-3.2	-5.2
Nonmanufacturing	30,100	30,220	29,470	-0.4	2.1
Construction and Mining	1,960	1,950	2,200	0.5	-10.9
Transportation & Public Utilities	1,890	1,880	1,890	0.5	0.0
Trade	10,140	10,480	9,420	-3.2	7.6
Wholesale Trade	1,830	1,910	1,660	-4.2	10.2
Retail Trade	8,310	8,570	7,760	-3.0	7.1
Finance, Insurance & Real Estate	1,610	1,570	1,530	2.5	5.2
Services	7,040	7,330	7,250	-4.0	-2.9
Government	7,460	7,010	7,180	6.4	3.9

TABLE 4
HOURS AND EARNINGS PRODUCTION WORKERS*

	Average Weekly Earnings			Average Weekly Hours			Average Hourly Earnings		
	Sept. 1981	Aug. 1981	Sept. 1980	Sept. 1981	Aug. 1981	Sept. 1980	Sept. 1981	Aug. 1981	Sept. 1980
South Dakota Statewide									
Manufacturing......................	297.56	291.72	277.44	41.5	40.8	40.8	7.17	7.15	6.80
Durable Goods..................	271.93	270.27	247.80	41.9	40.1	41.3	6.49	6.74	6.00
Lumber & Furniture............	270.72	246.75	261.88	38.4	35.2	41.9	7.05	7.01	6.25
Fabricated Metals & Mach......	273.26	266.48	227.33	42.3	41.9	38.4	6.46	6.36	5.92
Nondurable Goods...............	321.36	312.57	306.23	41.2	41.4	40.4	7.80	7.55	7.58
Food & Kindred Products.......	399.53	394.31	360.64	42.1	43.0	41.5	9.49	9.17	8.69
Paper, Printing & Publishing..	242.42	229.80	219.30	36.4	35.3	34.7	6.66	6.51	6.32
Sioux Falls SMSA									
Manufacturing......................	421.36	402.74	382.34	44.4	45.1	43.3	9.49	8.93	8.83
Durable Goods..................	286.12	277.71	274.39	40.7	40.9	41.7	7.03	6.79	6.58
Nondurable Goods...............	445.05	427.80	404.17	45.0	46.0	43.6	9.89	9.30	9.27
Rapid City SMSA									
Manufacturing......................	257.74	250.92	218.75	37.3	36.0	32.6	6.91	6.97	6.71

*Average hours and earnings data are derived from reports of payrolls and hours for production and related workers.

TABLE 5
CONSUMER PRICE INDEX
ALL URBAN CONSUMERS

	Aug. 1981	July 1981	Aug. 1980	Percent Change From Last Month	Percent Change From Last Year
1967=100					
All Items..............	276.5	274.4	249.4	0.8	10.9
Food & Beverages....	270.1	268.9	252.0	0.4	7.2
Housing.............	299.7	297.0	265.8	0.9	12.8
Apparel.............	187.4	184.7	178.6	1.5	4.9
Transportation......	283.7	282.6	252.7	0.4	12.3
Medical Care........	299.3	295.6	268.4	1.3	11.5
Entertainment.......	222.3	221.1	208.0	0.5	6.9

TABLE 6
LABOR TURNOVER RATES
(per 100 employees)

ACCESSION RATES

	Total			New Hires			Recalls		
	Sept. 1981	Aug. 1981	Sept. 1980	Sept. 1981	Aug. 1981	Sept. 1980	Sept. 1981	Aug. 1981	Sept. 1980
Statewide									
Manufacturing	2.4	2.7	2.4	1.3	1.9	1.4	0.9	0.6	0.9
Durable Goods	1.9	3.7	2.2	1.1	2.7	1.1	0.4	0.7	0.8
Nondurable Goods	2.9	1.8	2.6	1.5	1.1	1.6	1.3	0.6	0.9
Mining	2.3	1.7	2.1	1.4	1.4	2.0	0.9	0.3	0.1
Sioux Falls SMSA									
Manufacturing	1.4	1.5	2.3	0.7	0.7	1.0	0.7	0.7	1.3

SEPARATION RATES

	Total			Quits			Layoffs		
	Sept. 1981	Aug. 1981	Sept. 1980	Sept. 1981	Aug. 1981	Sept. 1980	Sept. 1981	Aug. 1981	Sept. 1980
Statewide									
Manufacturing	2.6	5.4	3.6	1.4	3.0	1.5	0.6	2.0	1.7
Durable Goods	2.2	7.8	3.3	1.5	4.0	1.8	0.1	3.2	0.8
Nondurable Goods	2.9	3.0	3.8	1.4	2.1	1.1	1.2	0.7	2.4
Mining	1.8	5.4	3.5	0.6	1.6	1.2	0.3	3.2	1.8
Sioux Falls SMSA									
Manufacturing	1.9	3.6	4.1	0.8	1.7	1.3	0.8	1.7	2.6

TABLE 7
CHARACTERISTICS OF THE INSURED UNEMPLOYED - STATEWIDE

	Number			Percent		
	Sept. 1981	Aug. 1981	Sept. 1980	Sept. 1981	Aug. 1981	Sept. 1980
Sex, Total	2,389	3,091	3,454	100.0	100.0	100.0
Male	1,447	1,672	2,093	60.6	54.1	60.6
Female	942	1,419	1,361	39.4	45.9	39.4
Race, Total	2,389	3,091	3,454	100.0	100.0	100.0
White	1,792	2,233	2,841	75.0	72.2	82.3
Nonwhite	597	858	613	25.0	27.8	17.7
Age, Total	2,389	3,091	3,454	100.0	100.0	100.0
Under 45	1,782	2,317	2,671	74.6	75.0	77.3
Over 45	607	774	783	25.4	25.0	22.7
Industry, Total	2,389	3,091	3,454	100.0	100.0	100.0
Mining	13	26	41	0.5	0.8	1.2
Construction	426	539	651	17.8	17.4	18.9
Manufacturing	486	481	972	20.4	15.6	28.1
Transportation & Public Utilities	100	110	163	4.2	3.6	4.7
Trade	534	726	788	22.4	23.5	22.8
Finance, Insurance & Real Estate	57	66	80	2.4	2.1	2.3
Services	569	859	545	23.8	27.8	15.8
Government	204	284	214	8.5	9.2	6.2
Occupation, Total	2,389	3,091	3,454	100.0	100.0	100.0
Professional & Managerial	382	474	407	16.0	15.3	11.8
Clerical and Sales	527	681	680	22.1	22.0	19.7
Services	302	540	323	12.6	17.5	9.4
Processing	81	122	112	3.4	4.0	3.2
Machine Trade	170	131	237	7.1	4.3	6.9
Benchwork	142	152	415	5.9	4.9	12.0
Structural Work	554	678	930	23.2	21.9	26.9
Other	231	313	350	9.7	10.1	10.1
Duration of Current Spell of Unemployment						
Total	2,389	3,091	3,454	100.0	100.0	100.0
1-2 Weeks	386	399	579	16.2	12.9	16.7
3-4 Weeks	288	339	434	12.1	11.0	12.6
5-14 Weeks	1,038	1,610	1,392	43.4	52.1	40.3
15 Weeks & Over	677	743	1,049	28.3	24.0	30.4

TABLE 8
SELECTED LABOR DEPARTMENT ACTIVITIES - STATEWIDE

	Sept. 1981	Aug. 1981	Sept. 1980	Percent Change From	
				Last Month	Last Year
JOB SERVICE					
New Job Applicants................................	4,942	4,480	3,804	10.3	29.9
New Job Applicants October 1 to Date................	48,064	43,555	50,074	10.4	-4.0
Nonagricultural Job Openings........................	4,124	4,681	3,895	-11.9	5.9
Job Placements October 1 to Date....................	42,778	38,596	52,854	10.8	-19.1
Nonagricultural......................................	40,660	36,757	50,896	10.6	-20.1
Agricultural...	2,118	1,839	1,958	15.2	8.2
Applicants Available October 1 to Date..............	82,842	78,630	82,160	5.4	0.8
Individuals Placed October 1 to Date................	26,188	23,840	30,589	9.8	-14.4
UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE					
State Program					
Initial Claims Monthly Total........................	1,516	1,697	1,802	-10.7	-15.9
Weeks Claimed Monthly Total.........................	9,486	12,460	14,291	-23.9	-33.6
Initial Claims October 1 to Date....................	31,376	29,860	31,919	5.1	-1.7
Weeks Claimed October 1 to Date.....................	224,361	214,875	203,157	4.4	10.4
Amount of Benefit Payments..........................	$763,973	$1,015,085	$1,188,965	-24.7	-35.7
Average Weekly Benefit Amount.......................	$107.65	$103.56	$94.59	3.9	13.8
Benefit Payments October 1 to Date..................	$18,598,006	$17,834,033	$16,103,718	4.3	15.5
Unemployment Trust Fund (In ooo's)..................	$10,331.1	$10,632.7	$12,425.2	-2.8	-16.9
Federal Program					
Initial Claims October 1 to Date....................	1,697	1,627	1,902	4.3	-10.8
Weeks Claimed October 1 to Date.....................	10,080	9,844	9,711	2.4	3.8
Benefit Payments October 1 to Date..................	$1,116,937	$1,068,499	$1,002,132	4.5	11.5

TABLE 9

JOB OPENINGS RECEIVED AND FILLED BY AVERAGE WAGE FOR MAJOR OCCUPATIONAL GROUP*

Occupational Group	Openings Received	Percent	Openings Filled	Percent	Percent Filled To Openings	Average Wage Placed
SOUTH DAKOTA STATEWIDE	49,032	100.0	42,778	100.0	87.2	3.76
Professional/Technical/Managerial........	4,225	8.6	2,455	5.7	58.1	6.05
Clerical..................................	6,199	12.7	5,137	12.0	82.9	3.59
Sales.....................................	2,612	5.3	1,922	4.5	73.6	3.62
Domestic..................................	8,099	16.5	8,019	18.8	99.0	2.91
Other Services............................	9,181	18.7	7,700	18.0	83.9	3.25
Farming/Fishery/Forestry..................	4,562	9.3	4,356	10.2	95.5	3.89
Processing................................	567	1.2	518	1.2	91.4	4.00
Machine Trades............................	890	1.8	662	1.6	74.4	4.24
Benchwork.................................	1,276	2.6	1,197	2.8	93.8	3.65
Structural................................	3,922	8.0	3,600	8.4	91.8	4.38
Motor Freight/Transportation..............	1,692	3.5	1,512	3.5	89.4	4.71
Packaging & Materials Handling............	5,404	11.0	5,313	12.4	98.3	4.11
Other.....................................	403	0.8	387	0.9	96.0	3.85
SIOUX FALLS SMSA	7,370	100.0	6,035	100.0	81.9	3.71
Professional/Technical/Managerial........	433	5.8	234	3.9	54.0	4.91
Clerical..................................	1,474	20.0	1,109	18.4	75.2	3.69
Sales.....................................	699	9.5	453	7.5	64.8	3.58
Domestic..................................	1,099	14.9	1,073	17.8	97.6	2.88
Other Services............................	1,281	17.4	993	16.4	77.5	3.31
Farming/Fishery/Forestry..................	240	3.2	233	3.9	97.1	3.25
Processing................................	34	0.5	27	0.4	79.4	4.75
Machine Trades............................	126	1.7	90	1.5	71.4	4.15
Benchwork.................................	152	2.1	126	2.1	82.9	3.73
Structural................................	531	7.2	477	7.9	89.8	4.69
Motor Freight/Transportation..............	413	5.6	368	6.1	89.1	4.64
Packaging & Materials Handling............	765	10.4	735	12.2	96.1	4.17
Other.....................................	123	1.7	117	1.9	95.1	3.71
RAPID CITY AREA	8,719	100.0	7,517	100.0	86.2	3.61
Professional/Technical/Managerial........	538	6.2	321	4.3	59.7	4.62
Clerical..................................	1,079	12.4	906	12.0	84.0	3.47
Sales.....................................	570	6.5	420	5.6	73.7	3.71
Domestic..................................	1,304	15.0	1,302	17.3	99.8	2.64
Other Services............................	2,148	24.6	1,698	22.6	79.1	3.22
Farming/Fishery/Forestry..................	275	3.2	265	3.5	96.4	3.84
Processing................................	30	0.3	28	0.4	93.3	4.05
Machine Trades............................	134	1.5	90	1.2	67.2	4.72
Benchwork.................................	207	2.4	195	2.6	94.2	3.67
Structural................................	704	8.1	631	8.4	89.6	4.70
Motor Freight/Transportation..............	482	5.5	448	6.0	92.9	4.70
Packaging & Materials Handling............	1,167	13.4	1,139	15.1	97.6	3.89
Other.....................................	81	0.9	74	1.0	91.4	3.91

*All figures are cumulative for the period 10-1-80/9-30-81. Openings filled may include orders from prior fiscal years resulting in a figure greater than 100.0 percent filled to openings.